

**Historical Marker - S687C - Chapman Abraham / Jewish Soldiers in the Civil War
(Marker ID#:S687C)**



Front - Title/Description

Chapman Abraham

During the French and Indian War (1754-1763), the British took Canada from France and with its possession of French forts in the western Great Lakes region, including Detroit. The post remained an important center of trade between the British and Native Americans. British trader Chapman Abraham (c. 1723-1783) arrived in Detroit around 1762. Abraham helped to supply British soldiers during the war as a partner of Fort Michilimackinac commissaries Levi Solomons, Ezekiel Solomon, Gershon Levi, and Benjamin Lyon. In 1763 he was captured and then released by Indians at Detroit. By 1767 Abraham was a merchant engaged in the fur trade who owned property within the fortified town of Detroit. He is considered Detroit's first Jewish resident.

Significant Date:

Revolution and War (1760-1815)

Registry Year: 2005 **Erected Date:** 2007

Marker Location

Address: 1900 Atwater St

City: Detroit

State: MI **ZipCode:** 48207

County: Wayne

Township:

Lat: 42.33355386 / **Long:** -83.02405178

Web URL:

Back - Title/Description

Jewish Soldiers in the Civil War

Jewish settlement in Michigan began with Ezekiel Solomon's arrival at Fort Michilimackinac in 1761. The following year Chapman Abraham arrived in Detroit. During the mid-nineteenth century Jewish immigration began to rise, particularly in Detroit. Some 150 Jewish families lived in Michigan by the time the Civil War began in 1861. The small population, made up mostly of recent immigrants, contributed an unusually high number of men to the Union army. One hundred eighty-one Michigan Jews served; thirty-eight perished. By risking their lives, Jews put down roots in their adopted country and laid the foundation for the larger wave of Jewish immigration that would follow in the late 19th and early 20th centuries.