# DNR DNR

# **Compartment Review Presentation**

**Shingleton Forest Management Unit** 

Compartment 200
Entry Year 2015
Acreage: 1,488
County Delta

Management Area: Summer Islands

Revision Date: 05/21/2013

Stand Examiner: Adam Petrelius

**Legal Description:** 

T36N R19W Sections 3 and 4, T37N R19W Sections 7, 17, 26, 27, 28, 33, and 34

## **Identified Planning Goals:**

This compartment consists of State lands on Big Summer and Little Summer Islands. It is located in the Summer Islands Management Area. Management in the Summer Islands Management Area will focus on protection and enhancement of Great Lake Islands' special features and ecological functions.

## Soil and topography:

The topography on the islands is quite hilly and rolling, the soils are Lupton which is more of a poorly drained organic. The soils are very shallow with limestone bedrock immediately beneath.

### Ownership Patterns, Development, and Land Use in and Around the Compartment:

The State owns a large contiguous portion of Big Summer Island and a fragmented portion of Little Summer Island.

Ownership on Big Summer includes several summer cottages. Land Use on both the islands is a big concern since access is difficult for Law Enforcement.

#### **Unique Natural Features:**

The unique geology and location of this compartment makes it very suitable to a variety of rare plants.

#### **Archeological, Historical, and Cultural Features:**

Sites are present and documented with the Office of the State Archaeologist.

#### **Special Management Designations or Considerations:**

An ERA is present on the islands for a Limestone Bedrock Lakeshore. It is also classified as an SCA for a Great Lakes Island. Potential old growth designations are being removed because stands do not meet our defination of old growth.

#### Watershed and Fisheries Considerations:

## Wildlife Habitat Considerations:

## Mineral Resource and Development Concerns and/or Restrictions

Surface sediments consist of thin to discontinuous glacial till over bedrock. The glacial drift thickness varies between 0 and 10 feet. The Silurian Manistique and Engadine Groups subcrop below the glacial drift. These rocks are used for stone. The nearest gravel pit is four miles to the north and potential appears to be limited. There is no commercial oil and gas production in the UP.

#### **Vehicle Access:**

Since these are Islands vehicle access is non-existent, however, the islands has been logged in the not to distant past via ice and or barge which left an old road network in place and this is now used extensively by four wheelers. There currently are no public boat landings or docks present.

#### **Survey Needs:**

None.

# **Recreational Facilities and Opportunities:**

There are no developed recreation facilities within this compartment.

#### **Fire Protection:**

# **Additional Compartment Information:**

The following reports from the Inventory are attached:

**Total Acres by Cover Type and Age Class Cover Type by Harvest Method Proposed Treatments - No Limiting Factors Proposed Treatments – With Limiting Factors Stand Details (Forested and Nonforested)** Dedicated and Proposed Special Conservation Areas

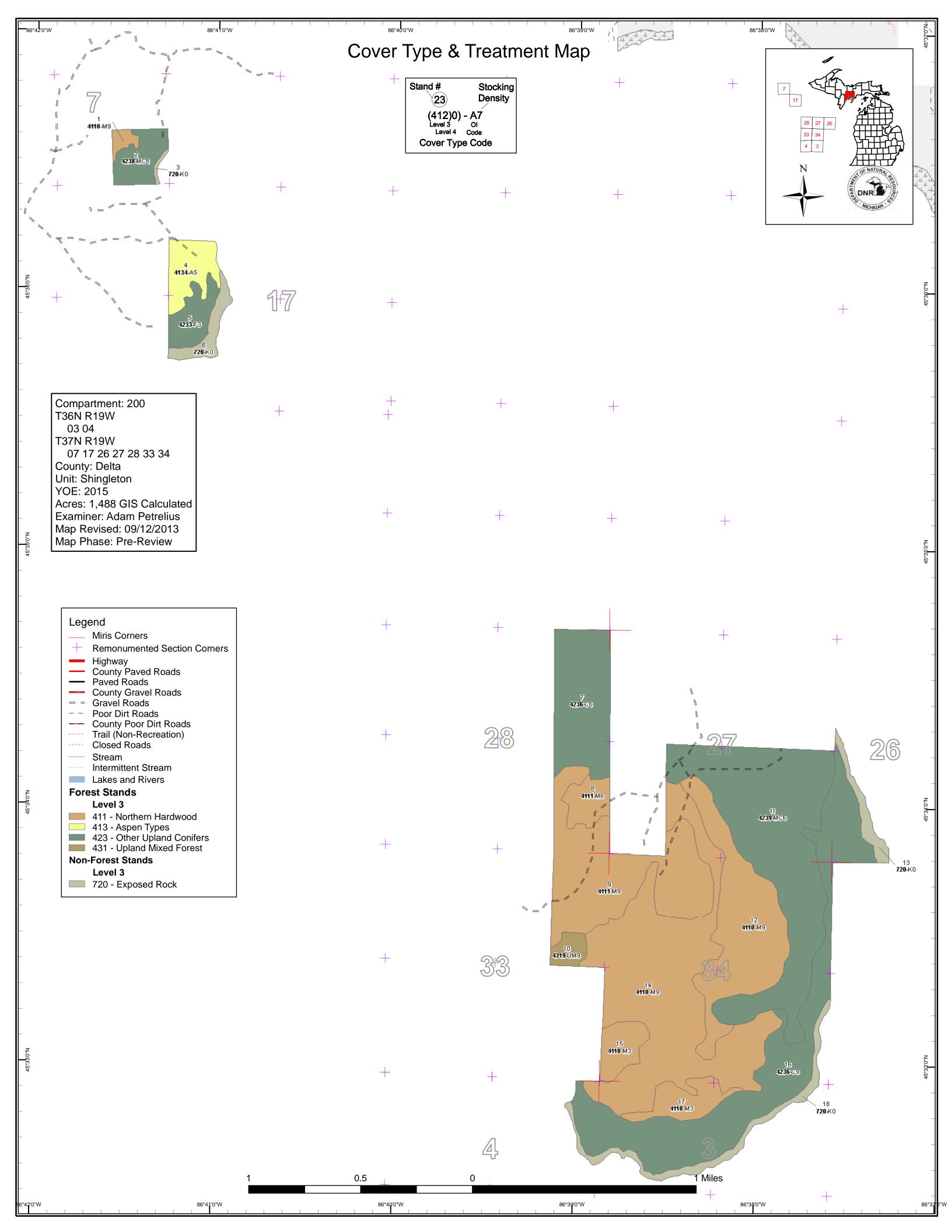
**Site Condition Details** 

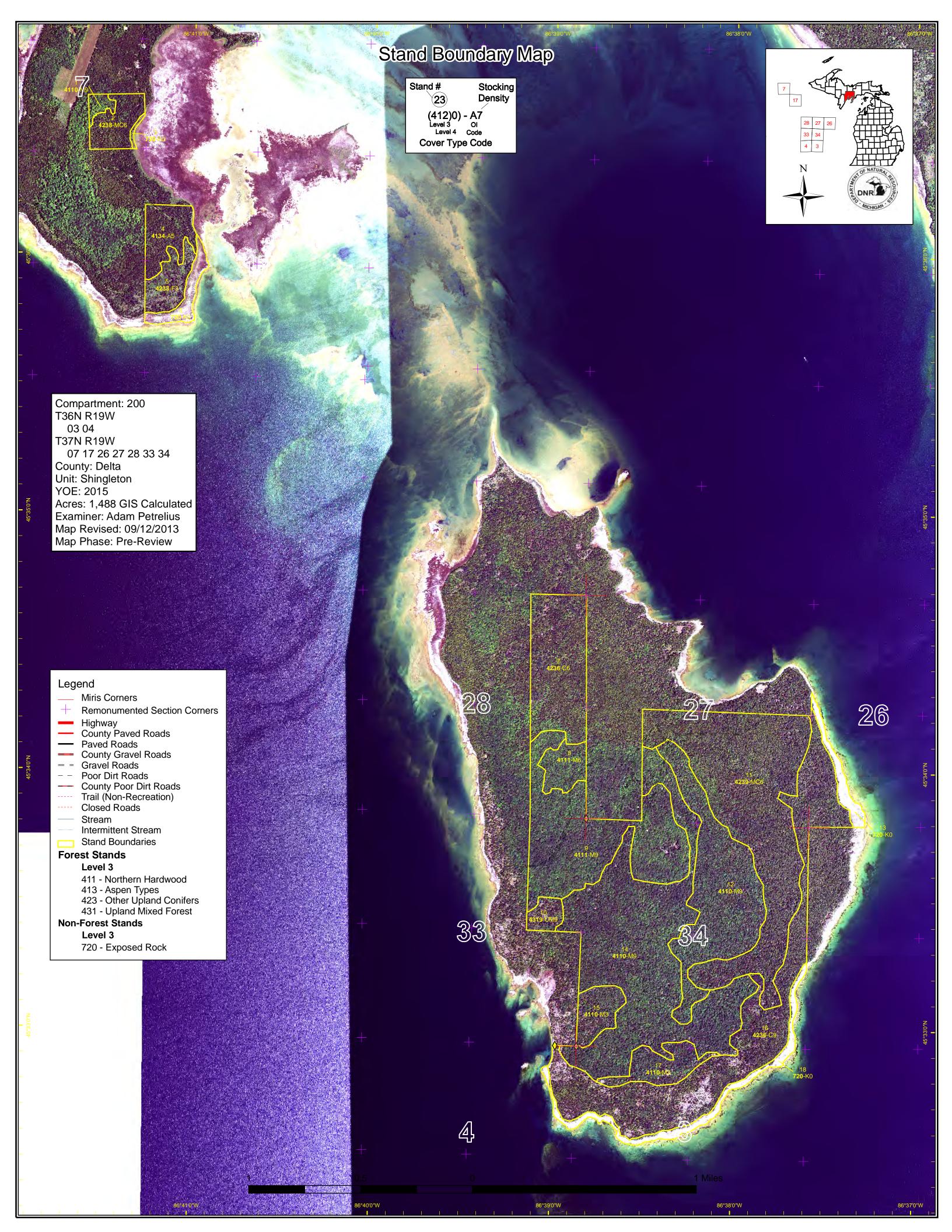
The following information is displayed, where pertinent, on the attached compartment maps:

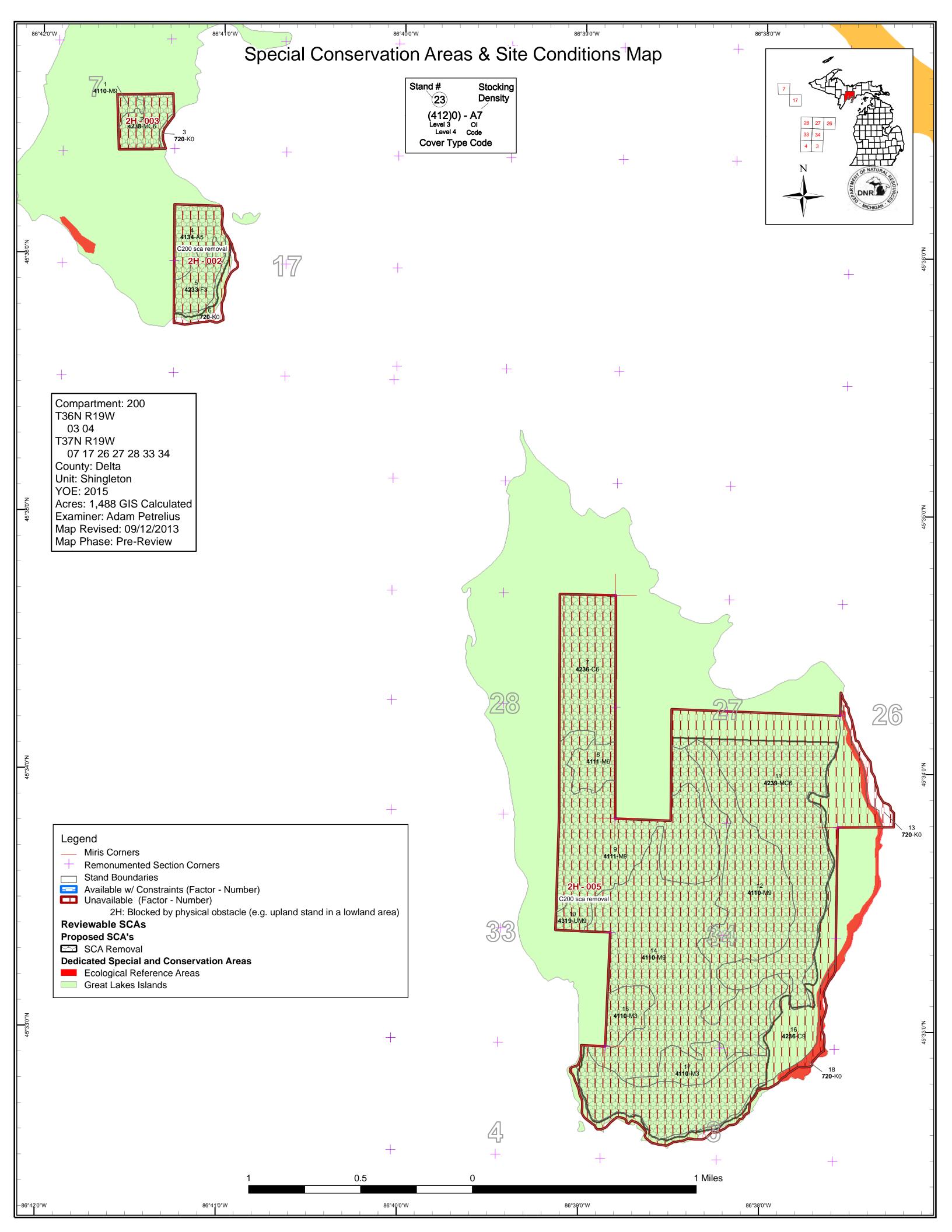
Base feature information, stand boundaries, cover types, and numbers **Proposed treatments** 

Site condition boundaries

Details on the road access system







Compartment 200 Year of Entry 2015

Shingleton Mgt. Unit
Adam Petrelius : Examiner



	Age Class															
		6.9	\$7.0	St. St.	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	AD IN	\$ P.	80.00	No.	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$	99,	\$ 100	70,73	, 0× / 3°	Ag /	, pri
Aspen	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	35	0	0	0	0	0	0	35	ĺ
Cedar	0	0	0	0	0	102	0	0	0	0	232	0	0	0	334	
Exposed Rock	66	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	66	
Northern Hardwood	0	0	60	0	24	0	172	0	152	310	0	0	0	0	717	
Upland Conifers	0	0	0	269	0	28	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	297	
Upland Mixed Forest	0	0	0	0	0	0	13	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	13	
Upland Spruce/Fir	0	0	27	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	27	]
Total	66	0	87	269	24	129	185	35	152	310	232	0	0	0	1488	]



# **Report 2 – Proposed Treatment Summaries**

# Shingleton Mgt. Unit Year of Entry 2015

Compartment 200
Total Compartment Acres: 1,488

# **Acres by Treatment Type**

Commercial Harvest - 0

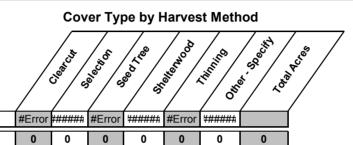
Tree Planting - 0

Other - 0

Habitat Cut - 0

Opening Maintenance - 0

Total



Shingleton Mgt. Unit

CoverType

Size

Density

Stand

Age

# Report 3 -- Treatments Prescribed with No Limiting Factor

Treatment

Type

ВА

Range

Compartment: 200 Year of Entry 2015

**Cover Type** 

Objective

**Treatment** 

Method

DNR MICHIGAN
Approval Status

#Type! #Type!

Acres

Prescription

Specs:

s t

n

<u>Other</u>

Comments:

<u>Next</u> Steps:

Proposed Start Date: #Type!

> **Total Treatment** Acreage Proposed:

**Treatment** 

Name

0.0

Shingleton Mgt. Unit Report 4 -- Treatments Prescribed with Compartment: 200 a Limiting Factor s Year of Entry 2015 t **Treatment** Acres CoverType Size Stand ВА **Treatment Treatment Cover Type Approval** n Method Objective Status Name Density Age Range Type #Type! #Type! **Prescription** Specs: Other Comment: <u>Next</u> Steps: <u>Proposed</u> #Type! Start Date:

**Total Treatment** 

**Limiting Factor** 

Acreage Proposed: 0.0

# **Report 5 – Site Conditions**

Shingleton Mgt. Unit
Adam Petrelius : Examiner

1,422

100%

Compartment 200 Year of Entry 2015

Availal	bility for	Management
Total	Acres	Acres

1,422

# **Dominant Site Conditions**

1,422

2H		Not Available	Available	Acres
35	Aspen	35		35
334	Cedar	334		334
717	Northern Hardwood	717		717
297	Upland Conifers	297		297
13	Upland Mixed Forest	13		13
27	Upland Spruce/Fir	27		27

Total Forested Acres

Relative Percent

<sup>\*</sup>Due to limitations in the current Site Conditions Analysis tool, all nonforested acres are considered available. Future development will enable analysis of nonforested types.

	Dominant Site Cond Availability	Dominant Site Condition	Acres	Other Site Condition	Other Site Condition	Other Site Condition	Other Site Condition
002	Not Available	2H: Blocked by physical obstacle (e.g. upland stand in a lowland area)	79				
	Comments:						
003	Not Available	2H: Blocked by physical obstacle (e.g. upland stand in a lowland area)	36				
	Comments:						
005	Not Available	2H: Blocked by physical obstacle (e.g. upland stand in a lowland area)	1,373				
	Comments:						

Shingleton Mgt. Unit

Compartment: 200 Year of Entry: 2015



# Report 6 - PROPOSED SPECIAL CONSERVATION AREA\* (SCA) DETAILS

\* This is a partial list of SCAs for this compartment. Not included are those areas identified under other Department initiatives (Natural Rivers, Deer Wintering Areas, etc.). Those will be identified in separate, future map and report products.

SCA Name	SCA Category	Detail Type	Recommendation		
C200 sca removal	Potential Old Growth		SCA Removal		
Comments					
does not meet definition	of POG				

Shingleton Mgt. Unit Compartm

# Compartment: 200 Year of Entry 2015



# Report 7 - DEDICATED CONSERVATION AREA DETAILS

\* This is a list of Dedicated Biodiversity Areas for this compartment along with a 1/4 mile buffer surrounding the compartment. Refer to Dedicated Conservation Area Map for areas that the below listed Conservation Areas are located.

Conservatio Area	on Type	Description	ERA = Ecological Reference Area HCVA = High Conservation Value Area SCA = Special Conservation Area					
SCA	Archaeological Site	An aquatic or terrestrial area of the State that contains physical remains of human occupation. These are sites of cultural and historical significance that may occur upon terrestrial areas and Great Lakes bottomlands. They include thousands of Native American settlements and burial sites, as well as French and British outposts, nineteenth century logging camps, mines and homesteads. Beneath the waters of the Great Lakes, there are shipwrecks and other remains documenting the maritime trade. Such sites may be identified by Natural heritage data from the State Historic Preservation Office. Proposed treatments in this compartment will be implemented in such a manner as to maintain the integrity of these sites. Due to the sensitive nature of this information, no further detail about location is available.						
SCA	Great Lakes Islands	Great Lakes Islands provide significant habitat for numerous species, including many rare plants and animals, several of which are endemic or largely restricted to the Great Lakes region. Due to their isolation, islands provide good examples of many Great Lakes-associated natural communities and ecosystems, and thus have potential to provide insights for understanding the consequences of human disturbance on the increasingly fragmented ecosystems of the mainland.						
ERA	Ecological Reference Areas	Ecological Reference Areas (ERAs) are high quality examples of identified as Element Occurrences (EOs) by the Michigan Natura context of their natural community classification system. Element (Excellent) or B (Good) and a Global (G) or State (S) element (ra threatened (2), or rare (3) serve as an initial base of ERAs. They the State. The system is comprised of individual or associations managed for restoration and maintenance of natural ecological p submit recommendations for lands as ERAs using the DNR Constitutions.	Il Features Inventory (MNFI) within the Cocurrences with viability ranks of A rity) ranking of endangered (1), may be located upon any ownership in of natural community types that are rocesses and values. The public may					

s t	Shingleto	n Mgt. Unit		Report 8	– Forested	Stands	Compartment: 200 Year of Entry: 2015	DNR DNR AND
a n d	Level 4 Cover Type	Size Density	Acres	Stand Age	BA Range		General Comments:	MICHIGAN 6
1	4110 - Sugar Maple Association	High Density Log	6.3	88	81-110	fire sca	ars on old pine stumps present.	
2	42380 - Non Pine Upland Conifer, Mixed Deciduous	High Density Pole	27.6	50		replaced with a de	are starting to die out and stand ense cedar and fir understory. S areas exist within stand.	
4	4134 - Aspen, Spruce/Fir	Medium Density Pole	34.6	70		Most of the overs	tory is dying and stand is conve	erting to fir
5	42330 - Upland Fir	High Density Sapling	27.1	20		overstory has n	nostly died and stand is now yo	unger fir
7	42360 - Upland Cedar	High Density Pole	101.6	57	51-80			
8	4111 - S.Maple, Hard Mast Association	High Density Pole	23.6	40	81-110	heavy fir understory.	beech bark disease just startin	g to show up
9	4111 - S.Maple, Hard Mast Association	High Density Log	171.9	64	81-110			
10	4319 - Mixed Upland Forest	High Density Log	13.0	64	51-80			
11	42390 - Mixed Non- Pine Upland Conifers	High Density Pole	269.4	30	51-80			
12	4110 - Sugar Maple Association	High Density Log	145.3	88	81-110			
14	4110 - Sugar Maple Association	High Density Log	309.9	95	81-110			
15	4110 - Sugar Maple Association	High Density Sapling	26.4	25	1-50	sugar maple is	replacing dying paper birch and	d aspen

42360 - Upland Cedar

4110 - Sugar Maple Association

16

17

High Density

Log

High Density Sapling 232.2

33.6

100

25

1-50

south end changes a bit and has more fir mix with birch that is

dying

paper birch dying and being replaced with sugar maple

# Report 9 - Nonforested Stands

Compartment: 200 Year of Entry: 2015



Stand	Cover Type	Acres	Managed Site	Management Priority (Objective)	General Comments:
3	720 - Exposed Rock	1.6	Unspecified	Unspecified	
6	720 - Exposed Rock	17.5	Unspecified	Unspecified	
13	720 - Exposed Rock	14.9	Unspecified	Unspecified	
18	720 - Exposed Rock	31.6	Unspecified	Unspecified	