# Lake Trout Populations in Michigan Waters of Lake Michigan, 1976-1982 

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## Abstract

Lake trout populations in Michigan waters of Lake Michigan continue to remain dependent upon the hatchery product for recruitment. However, the proportion of unclipped trout has increased in the index catch in Grand Traverse Bay, which suggests natural recruitment is developing. The percentage of unmarked trout has doubled annually since 1980, and was $5.7 \%$ of the index catch in 1983. Ages of unmarked trout caught in Grand Traverse Bay in 1983 ranged from yearlings to 8 years old.

Little progress was made during 1976-82 in increasing stock density or number of year classes of adult lake trout. The standing stock of mature trout in 1982, as compared to the peak population density during 1976-81 in each statistical district, registered decreases of $79 \%$ in MM1, 48\% in MM3, $70 \%$ in MM4, $52 \%$ in MM5, $40 \%$ in MM6, and $31 \%$ in MM7. Only in MM8 has the trout population steadily increased. In most statistical districts only five year classes of mature trout were observed in the 1982 index samples, which is equal to or less than that observed in 1976. For practical purposes the $1964-71$ year classes are now extinct. Because there are few trout older than age VIII, reproductive potential is virtually dependent upon just three age groups -- VI through VIII.

Total annual mortality during 1976-82 nearly always was greater than the $40 \%$ rate recently recommended by the Lake Michigan Lake Trout Technical Committee to enhance trout rehabilitation prospects.

Although mean length within an age group varied between years, no change in growth of trout was found during 1975-82.

For nearly two decades lake trout populations in Lake Michigan have been artificially sustained by large plantings of hatchery-reared fish. From 1965 to 1982, 19.3 million trout were planted in Michigan's waters of Lake Michigan for the purpose of rehabilitating the species.

Lake trout populations had been annihilated by the early 1950's as the result of lamprey predation and overfishing (Smith 1968). Reconstruction of trout stocks, through the liberal planting of hatchery fish, has supported a highly successful sport fishery and, more recently, a treaty fishery. Although there is a variety of factors (contaminants; genetics; planting sites; over-fishing) which potentially could inhibit significant natural reproduction by lake trout, over-fishing may be one of the most important. Certainly fishing is the most readily controllable aspect.

Despite the often repeated commitment to creating a self-sustaining lake trout population, catch quotas recommended by an interagency (state, federal, and tribal) task force have been routinely ignored. The result has been a depletion of the lake trout resource in much of the lake, and a set back for the rehabilitation of trout stocks.

The primary purpose of this report is to describe the trends in numbers and growth of the lake trout populations in Lake Michigan during 1976-82.

## Methods

## Index stations and gear

Lake trout populations were fished experimentally at numerous index stations during 1976-82 (Fig. 1). Because statistical district MM3 is very large and only one index station (Little Traverse Bay) was established, references in this report to MM3 pertain only to the area south of Dahlia

Shoal and east of Beaver Island, and is designated as lowernearshore. Statistical district MM2 was not indexed. Experimental gill nets were used throughout the duration of the investigation. The descriptive statistics of gear are:

| Mesh size: | 64 to 152 mm, on an interval of 13 mm. <br>  <br> Each mesh size in panels of 30.5 m. |
| :--- | :--- |
| Net depth: | 1.8 m. |
| Net length: | 731.5 to $1,463 \mathrm{~m}$. |
| Material: | Nylon. |

## Survival

Survival rates for lake trout were computed from catch curves using the technique of Robson and Chapman (1961). Since lake trout recruitment in Lake Michigan is dependent on the stocking of hatchery-reared fish, year class frequencies in the experimental gill net catches were converted to a frequency per 100,000 planted. The purpose of this conversion was to remove catch curve distortion due to variable planting rates.

Although most index catches were made during the spring or early summer, stations in MM5 and MM8 were fished either partially or totally during the fall. Survival rates estimated from the autumn samples were back-calculated to the preceding May for trout in MM8, and to the preceding June in MM5. The back-calculation method assumed that monthly natural mortality was equally distributed over the year, and that all fishing mortality in MM8 occurred during May-October, and in MM5 during June-October. In the latter statistical district some fishing mortality likely occurred during the winter in recent years, but the monthly distribution of the lake trout catch by treaty fishermen was unknown.

Natural mortality for $a g e-V$ and older lake trout was estimated to have been $25 \%(M=0.284)$ in an earlier report by Rybicki and Keller (1978). However, that estimate has since
been updated to $30 \%$ ( $M=0.357$ ) by Richard Hatch (personal communication). A natural mortality rate of $37 \%$ ( $M=0.462$ ) was used for yearling through age-IV trout (Rybicki and Keller 1978).

## Standing stock

Estimates of standing stock in the spring of the year were obtained by multiplying the number of trout stocked in each year class by an annual survival rate of 0.63 through age IV; thereafter, the number in each age group was multiplied by the prevailing survival rate in the appropriate year. An exception was made in MM1 where the stock was considered fully vulnerable at age IV. Population estimates prior to 1977 were not made for this area because of gaps in the data base, and for the same reason $I$ could not estimate the contribution of the $1968-70$ year classes to that population of adult trout. In those districts where the adult year classes were present in the 1981 catches but absent in 1982, an estimate was made because they could possibly show up in the 1983 index sample. The estimated standing stock in numbers for each year class in each statistical district from 1976 to 1982 is given in Appendices A1-A8.

## Growth

Mean lengths for age groups V, VI, and VII in the index catches were compared between statistical districts and between index years. A two-way ANOVA model designed to accommodate unequal subclass frequencies, as described by Walker and Lev (1953), was used in the comparative analysis.

## Results and Discussion

## Recruitment

Recruitment has been and presently is dependent upon the hatchery product. Small quantities of naturally produced lake trout fry at the swim-up stage were found by

Madsen (1977) in 1977 and Wagner (1980) in 1978 and 1979 in the west arm of Grand Traverse Bay. Dorr et al. (1981) also reported capturing trout fry in southern Lake Michigan on the power plant crib at Port Sheldon in 1980. Since 1975 small numbers of unclipped lake trout, usually less than $1 \%$ of the catch, have been taken at one time or another at all of the index stations (Table 1). On occasion the index catch has consisted of as much as $3 \%$ unmarked trout, but was not sustained in subsequent years. These unmarked fish have always been regarded as either having been missed during the fin clipping process in the hatchery, or as having regenerated fins.

However, an encouraging trend in the proportion of unclipped lake trout in the index catch has developed in Grand Traverse Bay, which suggests reproduction and survival to maturity has been occurring. Since 1980 the percentage of unclipped trout has doubled each year, and in 1983 comprised a significant $5.7 \%$ of the index catch (Table 1). Prior to 1981 unmarked trout accounted for less than $1 \%$ of the index catch in this area.

The unclipped lake trout in the June 1981-83 index catches in Grand Traverse Bay consisted of older and larger fish because of gear selectivity. Trout captured in experimental gill nets in this area typically have a modal age of 5 or 6 years. The age distribution of the unclipped fish in the June 1983 index catch from the Bay was:

| Age group | Number | Percent of age group |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| V | 4 | 7.8 |
| VI | 1 | 2.6 |
| VI I I | 3 | 25.0 |

To complete the record for unclipped juvenile trout, extensive trawling and some gill netting were done in the Bay in September 1983 (sites shown in Fig. 2). The numbers of unclipped trout caught in the September operation were: age-I (6), age-II (6), and age-III (3). Total catches of unclipped lake trout in Grand Traverse Bay by gear and age group are summarized in Table 2.

A second candidate site for intensive experimental fishing effort to search for naturally recruited lake trout is Good Harbor Bay area of MM5 (Fig. 1). The Good Harbor Reef has been planted annually since 1972 with yearling lake trout, and was also stocked in 1966-68. Unclipped trout accounted for 2.1 and $3.8 \%$ of the index catch in 1982 and 1983, respectively (Table 1). In 1983, three (4.8\%) of 63 age IV trout were unclipped, and one unmarked trout was found for age $V$ and one for age VI.

## Survival

Survival rate may well be a key factor limiting reproductive success of lake trout in Michigan waters of Lake Michigan. Healey (1978) concluded that self-sustaining trout populations with natural mortality rates in the $20-30 \%$ range could withstand fishing which would push the annual total mortality to $50 \%$; however, where total mortality was in excess of $50 \%$ the trout populations were in serious difficulty. Pycha (1980) also suggested that a total mortality in excess of $50 \%$ may preclude restoration of spawning stocks in Lake Superior. It is now widely speculated that $a$ hatchery-sustained lake trout stock may have a lower spawning efficiency than does a self-sustaining population. Thus a $50 \%$ total mortality may not allow adequate escapement of hatchery-maintained stocks, and the Lake Michigan Lake Trout Technical Committee (1983) decreased the target mortality to $40 \%$ annually.

If a minimum annual survival rate of $60 \%$ (annual total mortality rate of $40 \%$ ) of the adult stock is essential to
creating a self-sustaining trout population, then, in retrospect, virtual reproductive failure is not surprising. Rarely during 1976-82 did survival approach 60\% (Table 3).

Sharply decreasing survival rates of lake trout in MM1 in 1981 and 1982, a direct result of intensified commercial exploitation (the sport catch of lake trout in MM1 is insignificant), precluded whatever chance there might have been for recovery in that area. With the low rates of survival and the relatively small amount of lake trout habitat available in MM1, attempting trout restoration in this district is highly questionable. The selection of Little Bay de Noc as the planting location is inappropriate. If MM1 must receive lake trout, then releases should be made on Minneapolis Shoal, south of Peninsula Point. However, it is recommended that lake trout plants be discontinued in MM1.

Notable declines in lake trout survival rates coincided with the advent of the treaty fishery in MM3 and MM4 in 1978, and in MM5 in 1979. Differences between pre- and post-tribal fishery survival and exploitation rates, expressed as averages, are given in Table 4.

From 1977 to 1980 survival rates for trout in MM6 consistently were above $50 \%$. However, lower survival rates during 1981 and 1982, due to increased fishing, may signal a departure from the relatively high survival sustained during the previous 4 years.

A sport fishery can exert considerable pressure on a trout population. In MM7, where annual survival rates were in the 0.39-0.49 range, annual exploitation rates (u) were calculated to range from 26 to $38 \%$ annually, and averaged $32 \%$ for the period 1976-82.

Only in MM8 has the trout population sustained a relatively high rate of survival ( $50 \%$ and greater) in 6 out of 7 years. The positive impact of high survival rate also showed in the age structure of the 1982 index catch where
trout in the XII-XIV age category were represented, albeit sparsely.

Clearly, much more restrictive measures controlling the withdrawal of lake trout by both the sport and commercial fisheries are needed, if the minimum recommended survival rate of $60 \%$ is to be achieved.

## Standing stock

In statistical districts MM3-MM7 there are negative trends in the standing stocks of adult lake trout (age VI and older) which, if not reversed, could very well preempt rehabilitation efforts in Michigan's waters of Lake Michigan. Generally there was a period during which the adult populations increased in number, followed by a decline and in MM3-MM5 resulted in the lowest stock density since 1975 (Fig. 3).

The standing stocks of adult trout in 1982, compared to the peak year in each district, registered decreases of $79 \%$ in MM1, $48 \%$ in MM3, $70 \%$ in MM4, $52 \%$ in MM5, $40 \%$ in MM6, and $31 \%$ in MM7. Only district MM8, the southern most area, showed a progressively building stock of mature trout, and although the trend was encouraging, the standing stock was not as large as were those in MM3 and MM4 during peak years. Reductions in planting rates or increases in fishing mortality could easily reverse the expanding trout stock in MM8. A lack of meaningful protection will be particularly devastating to the small wild stock which appears to be developing in Grand Traverse Bay.

A second set of standing stock estimates for lake trout in the treaty-ceded waters of Lake Michigan in 1982 was published in Status of the Fishery Resource 1982 (Tripartite Technical Working Group 1982). Standing stock estimates of adult trout (age VI and older) given in the tripartite report differed markedly from those presented in this paper for several statistical districts. In MM1 and MM4 the tripartite estimates were 14.9 and 1.7 times greater,
respectively, than those given in this report (Table 5). The degree of discrepancy, or similarity, of the results given in Table 5 is a reflection of the difference in survival rates used to compute the two sets of estimates. In the tripartite report, exploitation rates were based on sport catch (adjusted for over-reporting by a factor of 5) estimated from the annual mail creel survey, and on catches reported by the treaty and state-regulated commercial fisheries. If the catch figures from one or both user groups are in error, then biased survival rates will result and, ultimately, faulty standing stock estimates. A case in point is MM1, where there exists an intensive commercial fishery (angler catch of lake trout is insignificant). Survival rates based on reported catch ranged from 0.61 to 0.67 during 1976-82 (Richard Hatch, personal communication) as compared to $0.17-0.53$ based on catch curves for the same period. High survival rates, and hence a large standing stock, are inconsistent with the trend of the abundance index shown in Figure 4. A reasonable explanation for the extreme difference between the standing stock estimates from the two sources is that the fishery under-reported the yield.

The figures given for MM3 in Table 5 are not directly comparable because the tripartite stock estimates were based on survival and planting rates in MM2 and all of MM3, whereas those in this paper were based on survival and stocking rates in the lower-inshore area of MM3 only.

Although lake trout have been planted since 1965 and 1967 in most statistical districts, little progress has been made in expanding and sustaining the number of adult year classes. As compared to 1976, there was either little change in the number of year classes of mature trout, or there was a loss (Table 6). The notable exception was MM8 where the year classes have steadily increased in both age and number. It is also evident from the data in Table 6 that for practical purposes the 1964-71 year classes are now
extinct. There presently are few trout older than age VIII, so that reproductive potential is virtually dependent upon just three age groups, VI-VIII.

## Growth

Occasionally, the question is asked as to whether or not the relatively high rate of growth of lake trout noted in past years is being sustained. To answer that question, length-at-age data for lake trout in statistical districts MM3-MM6 were examined for trends in growth patterns (Table 7). Differences between mean lengths attributable to statistical district (rows), index years (columns), and interaction effects were statistically significant at each age ( $\mathrm{P}<0.01$ ). Year (column) means for age group-V showed the greatest differences, while differences between year means for each age VI and VII were of minor proportions. However, no consistent pattern in mean lengths emerged over years to suggest that the growth of lake trout had been reduced. Indeed, the mean length for each age group in 1982 was the largest observed in several years.

For reference, coefficients for the von Bertalanffy growth curve, and length-weight regressions for lake trout are given in Appendices $B$ and $C$; predicted length-at-age and weight-at-age are also given in Appendix D. Analysis of covariance of the length-weight regression for lake trout in each statistical district MM3-MM7 indicated no significant difference between slopes; however the intercepts differed significantly ( $\mathrm{P}<0.01$ ). Hence, the length-weight regression coefficients are presented by statistical district rather than as a lake-wide entity.

## Summary

Hatchery-maintained lake trout populations in most statistical districts of Lake Michigan have dropped sharply from peak standing stocks as compared to those in 1982. Survival rates usually were less than the $60 \%$ believed
necessary to build a self-sustaining lake trout population. Despite these adversities, a population of wild trout appears to be emerging in Grand Traverse Bay, where unclipped yearling through age-VIII fish were found in 1983. Growth patterns of lake trout in the northern half of Lake Michigan showed no decrease in average length-at-age.

Table 1. Percent of unclipped lake trout in index catches in experimental gill nets, by station and year. $N$ is total number of fish in catch.

| Index station | Index year |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 1975 | 1976 | 1977 | 1978 | 1979 | 1980 | 1981 | 1982 | 1983 |
| Little | \% | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.6 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 3.1 | 0.0 |
| Traverse Bay | N | 40 | 120 | 123 | 102 | 101 | 111 | 224 | 65 | 24 |
| Grand | \% | 0.5 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.0 | 0.8 | 1.5 | 2.9 | 5.7 |
| Traverse Bay | N | 196 | 624 | 725 | 649 | 275 | 118 | 205 | 170 | 159 |
| Good Harbor | \% | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.8 | 0.0 | 0.6 | 3.4 | 0.0 | 2.1 | 3.8 |
| Bay | N | 101 | 263 | 640 | 214 | 519 | 118 | 41 | 119 | 130 |
| Frankfort | \% | 0.9 | 0.5 | 1.3 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.8 | 0.7 | 1.6 | 1.7 |
|  | N | 113 | 211 | 159 | 319 | 414 | 357 | 678 | 188 | 118 |
| Manistee | \% | 0.7 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.2 | n.s. ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | n.s. ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |
|  | N | 144 | 94 | 250 | 508 | 301 | 363 | 407 | n.s. | n.s |
| Little <br> Sable Point | \% | 1.0 | 0.3 | 0.4 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 3.3 | 0.7 | 1.0 | 1.1 |
|  | N | 408 | 315 | 478 | 82 | 81 | 481 | 557 | 630 | 449 |

${ }^{a}$ n.s. indicates not sampled.

Table 2. Number (N) and percentage of unclipped lake trout in experimental catches in Grand Traverse Bay, in June-September 1983, by age group and gear.

| Age group |  | $\stackrel{\text { All }}{\text { gill }}{ }^{\text {net }}{ }^{\text {a }}$ | $\underset{\text { trawlsb }}{\text { All }}$ | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| I | N | 0 | 6 | 6 |
|  | \% | 0 | 1.2 | 1.2 |
| I I | N | 1 | 5 | 6 |
|  | \% | 16.7 | 38.5 | 31.6 |
| III | N | 3 | 0 | 3 |
|  | \% | 2.1 | 0.0 | 1.0 |
| IV | N | 0 | 0 | 0 |
|  | \% | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| v | N | 4 | 0 | 4 |
|  | \% | 6.5 | 0.0 | 6.5 |
| VI | N | 1 | 0 | 1 |
|  | \% | 2.3 | 0.0 | 2.3 |
| VII | N | 3 | 0 | 3 |
|  | \% | 18.8 | 0.0 | 18.8 |
| VIII | N | 1 | 0 | 1 |
|  | \% | 12.5 | 0.0 | 12.5 |
| IX | N | 0 | 0 | 0 |
|  | \% | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Total | N | 13 | 11 | 24 |
|  | \% | 3.5 | 1.6 | 2.3 |

a Total gill net effort was 33,600 feet lifted. Unclipped lake trout taken at the Elk Rapids and Marion Island stations only.
b Trawling effort was 7 hours.

Table 3. Annual survival rate (S) for lake trout (age V and older) in statistical districts of Lake Michigan with $95 \%$ confidence limits in parentheses and age segments of catch curve used, 1976-82.

| Statistical district |  | Years |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 1975-76 | 1976-77 | 1977-78 | 1978-79 |
| MM 1 | S | $\begin{gathered} 0.423 \\ (0.123) \end{gathered}$ | $0.454^{\text {a }}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0.485 \\ (0.202) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0.530 \\ (0.321) \end{gathered}$ |
|  | Age | IV-VI I | --- | V-VII | VI-IX |
| MM3 | S | $\begin{gathered} 0.596 \\ (0.071) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0.495 \\ (0.114) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0.469 \\ (0.035) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0.415 \\ (0.156) \end{gathered}$ |
|  | Age | V-XI | VI-X | VIII-XII | V-VI I I |
| MM4 | S | $\begin{gathered} 0.482 \\ (0.048) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0.523 \\ (0.040) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0.528 \\ (0.037) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0.474 \\ (0.053) \end{gathered}$ |
|  | Age | VII-XI | VII-XII | VII-XI I | VII-XIII |
| MM5 | S | 0.587 b | 0.517 | 0.500 | 0.522 |
|  | Age | I V-VI | V-VI | VI-VIII | VII-X |
| MM6 | S | $\begin{gathered} 0.404 \\ (0.223) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0.539 \\ (0.044) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0.588 \\ (0.027) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0.515 \\ (0.068) \end{gathered}$ |
|  | Age | VI-VIII | VII-XI | V -XI | VI-X |
| MM7 | $S^{\text {c }}$ | 0.42 | 0.46 | 0.46 | 0.39 |
|  | Age | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| MM8 | $S^{\text {d }}$ | 0.506 | 0.546 | 0.437 | 0.513 |
|  | Age | V-VI I + | VI-VIII + | VI-VI I I | VI-VIII |

Table 3. Continued:

| Statistical district |  | Years |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 1979-80 | 1980-81 | 1981-82 |
| MM 1 | S | $\begin{gathered} 0.460 \\ (0.146) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0.275 \\ (0.232) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0.167 \\ (0.441) \end{gathered}$ |
|  | Age |  |  |  |
| MM3 | S | $\begin{gathered} 0.346 \\ (0.126) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0.428 \\ (0.084) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0.375 \\ (0.215) \end{gathered}$ |
|  | Age | VI-IX | VI-X | V-VII |
| MM4 | S | $\begin{gathered} 0.295 \\ (0.137) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0.453 \\ (0.109) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0.293 \\ (0.101) \end{gathered}$ |
|  | Age | VII-IX | VII-X | VI-VIII |
| MM5 | S | 0.416 b | 0.385 | 0.322 |
|  | Age | VI-XI | VI-XII | VI-X |
| MM6 | S | $\begin{gathered} 0.576 \\ (0.025) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0.476 \\ (0.044) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0.466 \\ (0.092) \end{gathered}$ |
|  | Age | V -XIV | VI-X | VII-XI |
| MM7 | $S^{\text {c }}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0.488 \\ (0.078) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0.474 \\ (0.059) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0.400 \\ (0.213) \end{gathered}$ |
|  | Age | V-X | VI-X | VII-IX |
| MM8 | $S^{\text {d }}$ | 0.591 | 0.562 | 0.518 |
|  | Age | VII-X | VI-XI | VII-XII |

a Not sampled in 1977. Survival assumed equal to the mean of the rates in 1975-76 and 1977-78.
b Confidence intervals not calculated as survival was backcalculated from September to preceding June.

C Not indexed from 1976-79. Survival rates estimated by Richard Hatch (personal communication) from sport catch for 1975-76 and 1978-79.
d
Age frequencies provided by Great Lakes Fishery Laboratory, U.S.F.W.S., Ann Arbor. Survival backcalculated from September to preceding May.

Table 4. Mean survival and exploitation rates for lake trout in statistical districts, and MM5 of Lake Michigan, during pre- and post-tribal fishing periods 1976-82.

| Statistical <br> district | Years | Survival <br> rate <br> $\left(\frac{5}{}\right)^{a}$ | Exploitation <br> rate <br> $(\bar{u})$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| MM3 | Pre-tribal | $1976-78$ | 0.517 | 0.221 |
|  | Post-tribal | $1979-82$ | 0.390 | 0.379 |
|  | Pre-tribal | $1976-78$ | 0.511 | 0.229 |
|  | Post-tribal | $1979-82$ | 0.369 | 0.405 |
|  | Pre-tribal | $1976-78$ | 0.531 | 0.205 |
|  | Post-tribal | $1979-82$ | 0.372 | 0.401 |

${ }^{\text {a }}$ Mean survival is the geometric mean of the survival rates given in Table 1 for the given years.
b Mean exploitation rate was calculated from the relation $\overline{\mathrm{U}}=\overline{\mathrm{F}} \overline{\mathrm{A}} / \overline{\mathrm{Z}}$, where: instantaneous natural mortality rate $\mathrm{M}=0.357$; mean instantaneous fishing rate $\overline{\mathrm{F}}=\overline{\mathrm{Z}}-\mathrm{M}$; mean instantaneous total mortality rate $\bar{Z}=\operatorname{Ln}(1 / \bar{s})$; and mean total mortality rate $\bar{A}=1-\bar{s}$.

Table 5. Estimates of the standing stock (number) of adult lake trout in 1982, based upon two methods of estimating survival rates, and the ratio of the catch curve to the reported catch method for each statistical district.

| Statistical <br> district | Catch <br> curve | Reported <br> catch | $\frac{\mathrm{RC}}{\mathrm{CC}}$ |
| :---: | ---: | :---: | :---: |
| MM1 | 2,302 | 34,290 | 14.9 |
| MM3 | 18,040 | 38,920 | $--^{\mathrm{a}}$ |
| MM4 | 11,510 | 19,060 | 1.7 |
| MM5 | 8,413 | 6,200 | 0.7 |
| MM6 | 20,055 | 19,030 | 0.9 |
| MM7 | 21,778 | 22,970 | 1.1 |

${ }^{a}$ Not comparable; see text for explanation.

Table 6. Percentage age composition of adult lake trout in the index catches in 1976 and 1982, by year class, age, and statistical district, Lake Michigan.

| Year class | MM3, MM4 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 1976 |  | 1982 |  |
|  |  | Age | Percent | Age | Percent |
| 1976 |  | --- | --- | VI | 57.9 |
| 1975 |  | --- | --- | VII | 18.4 |
| 1974 |  | --- | - | VIII | 7.0 |
| 1973 |  | --- | --- | IX | 9.7 |
| 1972 |  | --- | --- | X | 7.0 |
| 1971 |  | --- | --- | XI | 0.0 |
| 1970 |  | VI | 47.5 | XII | 0.0 |
| 1969 |  | VII | 27.8 | - | - |
| 1968 |  | VIII | 9.7 | --- | --- |
| 1967 |  | IX | 4.1 | --- | --- |
| 1966 |  | X | 9.1 | --- | --- |
| 1965 |  | XI | 1.9 | --- | --- |
| 1964 |  | XII | 0.0 | -- | --- |
| Number |  | 320 |  | 114 |  |


| $\begin{array}{r} \text { Year } \\ \text { class } \end{array}$ | MM5 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1976 |  | 1982 |  |
|  | Age | Percent | Age | Percent |
| 1976 | --- | --- | VI | 32.1 |
| 1975 | --- | --- | VII | 42.6 |
| 1974 | --- | --- | VIII | 16.1 |
| 1973 | --- | --- | IX | 7.4 |
| 1972 | --- | --- | X | 1.9 |
| 1971 | -- | --- | XI | 0.0 |
| 1970 | VI | 34.7 | XII | 0.0 |
| 1969 | VI I | 47.2 | XIII | 0.0 |
| 1968 | $N P^{\text {a }}$ |  | XII | 0.0 |
| 1967 | IX | 0.0 | --- | --- |
| 1966 | X | 18.1 | --- | --- |
| 1965 | XI | 0.0 | --- | --- |
| 1964 | NP | --- | -- | --- |
| Number | 72 |  | 162 |  |

Table 6. Continued:


| $\begin{array}{r} \text { Year } \\ \text { class } \end{array}$ | MM7 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $1976{ }^{\text {b }}$ |  | 1982 |  |
|  | Age | Percent | Age | Percent |
| 1976 | --- | --- | VI | 38.1 |
| 1975 | --- | --- | VI I | 33.3 |
| 1974 | --- | --- | VIII | 19.1 |
| 1973 | --- | --- | IX | 9.5 |
| 1972 | --- | --- | X | 0.0 |
| 1971 | --- | --- | XI | 0.0 |
| 1970 | VI | 18.2 | XII | 0.0 |
| 1969 | VI I | 63.6 | --- | --- |
| 1968 | VIII | 9.1 | --- | --- |
| 1967 | IX | 9.1 | --- | --- |
| 1966 | X | 0.0 | --- | --- |
| 1965 | XI | 0.0 | --- | --- |
| 1964 | NP | 11 | --- | --- |
| Number |  |  | 21 |  |

Table 6. Continued:

${ }^{\mathrm{a}} \mathrm{NP}=$ not planted.
${ }^{b}$ Not sampled 1976-1979.

Table 7. Mean total length (mm) of lake trout at ages V, VI, and VII, by statistical district and index year, with sample size in parentheses, Lake Michigan, 1975-82.

| Age group | Statis- <br> tical <br> district | Year |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 1975 | 1976 | 1977 | 1978 | 1979 | 1980 | 1981 | 1982 | All |
| v | MM3 | $584$ <br> (8) | $\begin{gathered} 580 \\ (30) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 592 \\ & (58) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 603 \\ & (15) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 575 \\ & (28) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 556 \\ (25) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 577 \\ & (47) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 844 \\ & (17) \end{aligned}$ | 614 |
|  | MM4 | $\begin{aligned} & 521 \\ & (44) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 565 \\ (93) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 564 \\ (298) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 551 \\ (36) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 586 \\ & (20) \end{aligned}$ | $528$ <br> (9) | $\begin{aligned} & 563 \\ & (58) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 585 \\ (49) \end{gathered}$ | 558 |
|  | MM5 | $\begin{aligned} & 540 \\ & (19) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 626 \\ & (32) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 641 \\ & (20) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 612 \\ & (71) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 603 \\ & (73) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 593 \\ (142) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 577 \\ (125) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 584 \\ (33) \end{gathered}$ | 597 |
|  | MM6 | $\begin{aligned} & 540 \\ & (70) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 598 \\ & (39) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 588 \\ (161) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 604 \\ (151) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 573 \\ & (82) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 558 \\ (352) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 537 \\ (220) \end{gathered}$ | $628$ <br> (4) | 578 |
|  | All | 546 | 592 | 596 | 593 | 584 | 559 | 564 | 660 |  |
| vi | MM3 | $686$ (8) | $\begin{aligned} & 640 \\ & (20) \end{aligned}$ | $643$ <br> (71) | $\begin{aligned} & 660 \\ & (22) \end{aligned}$ | $660$ (6) | $\begin{gathered} 655 \\ (36) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 625 \\ (61) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 670 \\ & (10) \end{aligned}$ | 655 |
|  | MM4 | $\begin{aligned} & 650 \\ & (39) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 627 \\ & (82) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 631 \\ (179) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 632 \\ (312) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 627 \\ & (64) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 603 \\ & (28) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 620 \\ & (26) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 647 \\ & (62) \end{aligned}$ | 630 |
|  | MM5 | $\begin{aligned} & 604 \\ & (33) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 666 \\ & (21) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 658 \\ & (18) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 667 \\ & (99) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 666 \\ & (98) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 664 \\ & (49) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 642 \\ (297) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 634 \\ & (37) \end{aligned}$ | 650 |
|  | MM6 | $\begin{aligned} & 664 \\ & (91) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 646 \\ & (31) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 647 \\ & (68) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 671 \\ (204) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 650 \\ & (77) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 613 \\ (104) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 604 \\ (251) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 659 \\ & (27) \end{aligned}$ | 644 |
|  | All | 651 | 645 | 645 | 658 | 651 | 634 | 623 | 653 |  |
| VII | MM3 | $\begin{gathered} 775 \\ (7) \end{gathered}$ | $665$ (6) | $\begin{aligned} & 672 \\ & (37) \end{aligned}$ | 704 <br> (6) | 665 <br> (5) | $\begin{aligned} & 696 \\ & (11) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 670 \\ & (19) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 691 \\ & (11) \end{aligned}$ | 692 |
|  | MM4 | $\begin{aligned} & 716 \\ & (18) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 689 \\ & (73) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 662 \\ (130) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 666 \\ (173) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 661 \\ (120) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 653 \\ & (41) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 658 \\ & (41) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 674 \\ & \text { (19) } \end{aligned}$ | 672 |
|  | MM5 | $\begin{aligned} & 643 \\ & (15) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 702 \\ & (33) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 688 \\ & (15) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 714 \\ & (54) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 689 \\ (106) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 694 \\ (34) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 694 \\ & (50) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 673 \\ & (62) \end{aligned}$ | 687 |
|  | MM6 | $\begin{aligned} & 710 \\ & (74) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 698 \\ & (35) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 675 \\ & (73) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 710 \\ & (52) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 680 \\ & (68) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 655 \\ & (64) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 656 \\ & (43) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 696 \\ & (41) \end{aligned}$ | 685 |
|  | All | 711 | 689 | 674 | 699 | 674 | 675 | 670 | 684 |  |



Figure 1. Fisheries statistical boundaries in Lake Michigan and locations of lake trout index stations.


Figure 2. Numbered locations of trawling sites in Grand Traverse Bay, September 1983. Stars are where unclipped lake trout were found.


Figure 3. Estimated number of adult lake trout (age VI and Older) in Michigan waters of Lake Michigan, 1976-82, by statistical district.


Figure 4. Yearly trend of lake trout number per 1,000 feet of experimental gill net lifted in MM1, Lake Michigan, 1976-82.

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Appendix Al. Estimated standing stock (number) of lake trout in the lower inshore of statistical district MMI, by year class, age group, and year.

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yeara } \\ & \text { class } \end{aligned}$ | Month and year |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | May, 1976 |  | May, 1977 |  | May, 1978 |  | May, 1979 |  |
|  | Age | Number | Age | Number | Age | Number | Age | Number |
| 1977 | --- | --- | --- | --- | ---* | --- | 11 | 63,000 |
| 1976 | --- | --- | --- | --- | 11 | 63,000 | 111 | 39,690 |
| 1975 | --- | --- | 11 | 78,750 | 111 | 49,613 | IV | 31,256 |
| 1974 | 11 | 79,821 | 111 | 50,287 | IV | 31,681 | V | 16,791 |
| 1973 | 111 | 40,722 | IV | 25,655 | $v$ | 12,443 | VI | 6,595 |
| 1972 | IV | 21,254 | $v$ | 9,649 | VI | 4,680 | VII | 2,480 |
| 1971 | v | 11,074 | vi | 5,028 | VII | 2,439 | VIII | 1,293 |
| Total |  | 152,871 |  | 169,369 |  | 163,856 |  | 161,105 |


| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Year } \\ & \text { class } \end{aligned}$ | Month and year |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | May, 1980 |  | May, 1981 |  | May, 1982 |  |
|  | Age | Number | Age | Number | Age | Number |
| 1978 | 11 | 47,250 | 111 | 29,768 | IV | 18,754 |
| 1977 | 111 | 39,690 | IV | 25,005 | $v$ | 4,176 |
| 1976 | IV | 25,005 | V | 6,876 | VI | 1,148 |
| 1975 | V | 14,378 | VI | 3,954 | VII | 660 |
| 1974 | VI | 7,724 | VII | 2,124 | VIII | 355 |
| 1973 | VII | 3,034 | VIII | 834 | $1 \times$ | 139 |
| 1972 | VIII | 0 | $1 \times$ | 0 | X | 0 |
| 1971 | IX | 0 | $x$ | 0 | XI | 0 |
| Total |  | 137,081 |  | 68,561 |  | 25,232 |

${ }^{\text {a }}$ Year classes 1968-70 not included because no survival data were available.

Appendix A2. Estimated standing stock (number) of lake trout in the lower inshore of statistical district MM3, by year class, age group, and year.

| Year <br> class | Month and year |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | May, 1976 |  | May, 1977 |  | May, 1978 |  | May, 1979 |  |
| 1977 | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | 11 | 173,250 |
| 1976 | --- | --- | --- | --- | 11 | 112,140 | 111 | 70,648 |
| 1975 | --- | --- | 11 | 113,400 | 111 | 71,442 | IV | 45,008 |
| 1974 | 11 | 121,653 | 111 | 76,641 | IV | 48,284 | $v$ | 30,419 |
| 1973 | 111 | 66,282 | IV | 41,758 | V | 26,308 | VI | 10,918 |
| 1972 | IV | 52,085 | V | 32,814 | VI | 15,390 | VII | 6,387 |
| 1971 | V | 31,506 | vi | 15,595 | VII | 7,314 | VIII | 3,035 |
| 1970 | VI | 16,149 | VII | 7,994 | VIII | 3,749 | 1 X | 1,556 |
| 1969 | VII | 7,774 | VIII | 3,848 | 1 X | 1,805 | X | 749 |
| 1968 | VIII | 5,264 | IX | 2,606 | $x$ | 1,222 | XI | 507 |
| 1967 | 1 X | 2,369 | $x$ | 1,173 | XI | 550 | --- | --- |
| 1966 | $x$ | 1,743 | XI | 863 | X11 | 405 | --- | --- |
| 1965 | XI | 1,256 | X 11 | 622 | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Total |  | 306,081 |  | 297,314 |  | 288,609 |  | 342,477 |


| $\begin{gathered} \text { Year } \\ \text { class } \end{gathered}$ | Month and year |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | May, 1980 |  | May, 1981 |  | May, 1982 |  |
|  | Age | Number | Age | Number | Age | Number |
| 1980 | --- | --- | --- | --- | 11 | 137,340 |
| 1979 | --- | --- | 11 | 148,680 | 111 | 93,668 |
| 1978 | 11 | 94,500 | 111 | 59,535 | IV | 37,507 |
| 1977 | 111 | 109,148 | IV | 68,763 | $v$ | 43,321 |
| 1976 | IV | 44,508 | V | 28,040 | VI | 10,515 |
| 1975 | V | 28,355 | VI | 12,136 | VII | 4,551 |
| 1974 | VI | 10,525 | VII | 4,505 | VIII | 1,689 |
| 1973 | VII | 3,778 | VIII | 1,617 | $1 \times$ | 606 |
| 1972 | VIII | 2,210 | 1 x | 946 | $x$ | 355 |
| 1971 | $1 \times$ | 1,050 | $x$ | 449 | XI | 168 |
| 1970 | X | 538 | XI | 230 | $x \mid 1$ | 86 |
| 1969 | XI | 259 | XII | 111 | $x \\| 11$ | 42 |
| 1968 | X 11 | 175 | XIII | 75 | XIV | 28 |
| Total |  | 295,046 |  | 325,087 |  | 329,876 |

Appendix A3. Estimated standing stock (number) of lake trout in the lower inshore of statistical district MM4, by year class, age group, and year.

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Year } \\ & \text { class } \end{aligned}$ | Month and year |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | June, 1976 |  | June, 1977 |  | June, 1978 |  | June, 1979 |  |
|  | Age | Number | Age | Number | Age | Number | Age | Number |
| 1977 | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | 11 | 94,500 |
| 1976 | --- | --- | --- | --- | 11 | 82,530 | 111 | 51,994 |
| 1975 | --- | --- | 11 | 96,390 | 111 | 60,726 | IV | 38,257 |
| 1974 | 11 | 110,250 | 111 | 69,458 | IV | 43.759 | V | 27,568 |
| 1973 | 111 | 83,369 | IV | 52,522 | V | 33,089 | VI | 15,684 |
| 1972 | IV | 62,962 | V | 39,666 | VI | 20,944 | VII | 9,927 |
| 1971 | $v$ | 35,665 | vi | 18,653 | VII | 9,849 | VIII | 4,668 |
| 1970 | VI | 15,186 | VII | 7,942 | V111 | 4,193 | $1 \times$ | 1.987 |
| 1969 | VII | 6,811 | VIII | 3,562 | 1 x | 1,881 | $x$ | 892 |
| 1968 | VIII | 1,874 | $1 \times$ | 980 | X | 517 | XI | 245 |
| 1967 | $1 \times$ | 2,874 | x | 1,503 | XI | 794 | X11 | 376 |
| 1966 | x | 1,573 | XI | 823 | XII | 435 | X 111 | 206 |
| 1965 | XI | 947 | XII | 495 | --- |  | --- | --- |
| Total |  | 321,511 |  | 291,994 |  | 248,747 |  | 246,304 |


| Year class | Month and year |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | June, 1980 |  | June, 1981 |  | June, 1982 |  |
|  | Age | Number | Age | Number | Age | Number |
| 1980 | --- | --- | --- | --- | 11 | 195,993 |
| 1979 | --- | --- | 11 | 163,233 | 111 | 102,837 |
| 1978 | 11 | 78,750 | 111 | 49,613 | IV | 31,256 |
| 1977 | 111 | 59,535 | IV | 37,507 | $v$ | 23,629 |
| 1976 | IV | 32,756 | V | 20,636 | VI | 6,046 |
| 1975 | v | 24,102 | VI | 10,918 | VII | 3,199 |
| 1974 | VI | 8,133 | VII | 3,684 | VIII | 1,079 |
| 1973 | VII | 4,627 | VIII | 2,096 | 1 x | 614 |
| 1972 | VIII | 2,928 | $1 \times$ | 1,326 | X | 389 |
| 1971 | IX | 1,377 | X | 624 | XI | 183 |
| 1970 | $x$ | 586 | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 1969 | XI | 0 | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 1968 | X 11 | 72 | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Total |  | 212,867 |  | 289,637 |  | 365,225 |

Appendix A4. Estimated standing stock (number) of lake trout in the lower inshore of statistical district MM5, by year class, age group, and year.

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Year } \\ & \text { class } \end{aligned}$ | Month and year |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | June, 1976 |  | June, 1977 |  | June, 1978 |  | June, 1979 |  |
|  | Age | Number | Age | Number | Age | Number | Age | Number |
| 1977 | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | 11 | 65,520 |
| 1976 | --- | --- | --- | --- | 11 | 57,330 | 111 | 36,118 |
| 1975 | - | --- | 11 | 69,930 | 111 | 44,056 | IV | 27,755 |
| 1974 | 11 | 53,550 | 111 | 33,737 | IV | 21,254 | $v$ | 13,390 |
| 1973 | 111 | 42,389 | IV | 26,705 | $v$ | 16,824 | vi | 8,782 |
| 1972 | IV | 31,468 | V | 19,825 | VI | 9,913 | VII | 5,175 |
| 1971 | V | 19,691 | VI | 10,180 | VII | 5,090 | VIII | 2,657 |
| 1970 | VI | 6,473 | VII | 3,347 | VIII | 1,647 | $1 \times$ | 874 |
| 1969 | VII | 2,816 | VIII | 1,456 | \| X | 728 | $x$ | 380 |
| 1967 | $1 \times$ | 2,444 | $x$ | 1,264 | XI | 632 | XII | 330 |
| 1966 | $X$ | 1,297 | XI | 671 | XII | 336 | X 1111 | 175 |
| 1965 | XI | 775 | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Total |  | 160,903 |  | 167,115 |  | 157,837 |  | 161,156 |


| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Year } \\ & \text { class } \end{aligned}$ | Month and year |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | June, 1980 |  | June, 1981 |  | June, 1982 |  |
|  | Age | Number | Age | Number | Age | Number |
| 1980 | --- | --- | --- | --- | 11 | 47,313 |
| 1979 | --- | --- | 11 | 73,679 | 111 | 46,418 |
| 1978 | 11 | 63,504 | 111 | 40,008 | IV | 25,205 |
| 1977 | 111 | 41,278 | IV | 26,006 | $v$ | 16,383 |
| 1976 | IV | 22,754 | V | 14,335 | VI | 4,616 |
| 1975 | $v$ | 17,486 | VI | 6,732 | VII | 2,168 |
| 1974 | VI | 5,570 | VII | 2,144 | VIII | 690 |
| 1973 | VII | 3,653 | VIII | 1,406 | $1 \times$ | 453 |
| 1972 | VIII | 2,153 | $1 \times$ | 829 | $x$ | 267 |
| 1971 | 1 x | 1,105 | $x$ | 425 | XI | 137 |
| 1970 | X | 364 | XI | 140 | XII | 45 |
| 1969 | XI | 158 | $\times 11$ | 61 | $x \mid 11$ | 20 |
| 1967 | X 111 | 137 | XIV | 53 | XV | 17 |
| Total |  | 158,162 |  | 165,818 |  | 143,732 |

Appendix A5. Estimated standing stock (number) of lake trout in the lower inshore of statistical district MM6, by year class, age group, and year.

| $\begin{gathered} \text { Year } \\ \text { class } \end{gathered}$ | Month and year |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | June, 1976 |  | June, 1977 |  | June, 1978 |  | June, 1979 |  |
|  | Age | Number | Age | Number | Age | Number | Age | Number |
| 1977 | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | 11 | 91,350 |
| 1976 | --- | --- | --- | --- | 11 | 84,420 | 111 | 53,185 |
| 1975 | --- | ---- | 11 | 94,500 | 111 | 59,535 | IV | 37,507 |
| 1974 | 11 | 56,700 | 111 | 35,721 | IV | 22,504 | $v$ | 14,178 |
| 1973 | 111 | 38,102 | IV | 24,004 | V | 15,123 | VI | 7,788 |
| 1972 | IV | 57,511 | $v$ | 36,231 | VI | 21,304 | VII | 10,972 |
| 1971 | $v$ | 23,629 | VI | 12,736 | VII | 7,489 | VIII | 3,857 |
| 1970 | VI | 4,773 | VII | 2,573 | vill | 1,513 | $1 \times$ | 779 |
| 1969 | VII | 6,110 | VIII | 3,293 | 1 X | 1,936 | $x$ | 997 |
| 1968 | VIII | 1,466 | 1 x | 790 | X | 465 | XI | 239 |
| 1967 | $1 \times$ | 2,048 | x | 1,104 | XI | 649 | XII | 334 |
| 1966 | X | 341 | X 1 | 184 | XII | 108 | X 111 | 57 |
| 1965 | XI | 351 | --- | --- | -- | --- | --- | --- |
| Total |  | 191,031 |  | 211,136 |  | 215,046 |  | 221,243 |


| $\begin{gathered} \text { Year } \\ \text { class } \end{gathered}$ | Month and year |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | June, 1980 |  | April, 1981 |  | April, 1982 |  |
|  | Age | Number | Age | Number | Age | Number |
| 1980 | --- | --- | --- | --- | 11 | 132,300 |
| 1979 | --- | --- | 11 | 127,355 | 111 | 80,234 |
| 1978 | 11 | 113,400 | 111 | 71,442 | IV | 45,008 |
| 1977 | 111 | 57,551 | IV | 36,257 | $v$ | 22,842 |
| 1976 | IV | 33,507 | $\checkmark$ | 21,109 | VI | 9,837 |
| 1975 | $v$ | 23,629 | VI | 11,247 | VII | 5,241 |
| 1974 | VI | 8,167 | VII | 3,887 | VIII | 1,811 |
| 1973 | VII | 4,486 | VIII | 2,135 | 1 x | 995 |
| 1972 | VIII | 6,320 | 1 X | 3,008 | $x$ | 1,402 |
| 1971 | 1 x | 2,222 | $x$ | 1,058 | XI | 493 |
| 1970 | $x$ | 449 | XI | 214 | XII | 100 |
| 1969 | XI | 574 | X11 | 273 | XIII | 127 |
| 1968 | XII | 138 | X 111 | 0 | XIV | 0 |
| 1967 | XIII | 192 | XIV | 91 | XV | 42 |
| 1966 | XIV | 32 | XV | 15 | XVI | 7 |
| Total |  | 250,667 |  | 278,091 |  | 300,439 |

Appendix A6. Estimated standing stock (number) of lake trout in the lower inshore of statistical district MM7, by year class, age group, and year.

| $\begin{gathered} \text { Year } \\ \text { class } \end{gathered}$ | Month and year |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | April, 1976 |  | April, 1977 |  | April, 1978 |  | April, 1979 |  |
|  | Age | Number | Age | Number | Age | Number | Age | Number |
| 1977 | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | 11 | 160,650 |
| 1976 | --- | --- | --- | --- | 11 | 118,440 | 111 | 74,617 |
| 1975 | --- | --- | 11 | 126,000 | 111 | 79,380 | IV | 50,009 |
| 1974 | 11 | 93,240 | 111 | 58,741 | IV | 37,007 | $v$ | 23,314 |
| 1973 | 111 | 78,983 | IV | 49,759 | V | 31,348 | VI | 12,226 |
| 1972 | IV | 64,805 | V | 40,827 | VI | 18,708 | VII | 7,324 |
| 1971 | $v$ | 44,681 | VI | 20,553 | VII | 9,454 | VIII | 3,687 |
| 1970 | Vi | 10,617 | VII | 4,884 | VIII | 2,247 | 1 x | 876 |
| 1969 | VII | 3,555 | VIII | 1,635 | $1 \times$ | 752 | X | 293 |
| 1968 | VIII | 1,394 | $1 \times$ | 641 | X | 295 | XI | 115 |
| 1967 | IX | 588 | $x$ | 270 | XI | 124 | XII | 48 |
| 1966 | X | 274 | XI | 126 | XII | 58 | $x \mid 11$ | 23 |
| 1965 | XI | 105 | XII | 48 | XIII | 22 | XIV | 9 |
| Total |  | 298,242 |  | 303,484 |  | 297,907 |  | 333,191 |


| Year <br> class | Month and year |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | April, 1980 |  | April, 1981 |  | April, 1982 |  |
|  | Age | Number | Age | Number | Age | Number |
| 1980 | --- | --- | --- | --- | 11 | 145,341 |
| 1979 | --- | --- | 11 | 138,600 | 111 | 87,318 |
| 1978 | 11 | 170,730 | 111 | 107,560 | IV | 67,763 |
| 1977 | 111 | 101,210 | IV | 63,762 | V | 40,170 |
| 1976 | IV | 47,009 | V | 29,616 | V1 | 11,846 |
| 1975 | V | 31,506 | VI | 14,934 | VII | 5,974 |
| 1974 | VI | 11,377 | VII | 5,393 | VIII | 2,157 |
| 1973 | VII | 5,966 | V111 | 2,828 | $1 \times$ | 1,131 |
| 1972 | VIII | 3,574 | 1 x | 1,694 | $x$ | 678 |
| 1971 | $1 \times$ | 1,799 | $x$ | 853 | XI | 341 |
| 1970 | $x$ | 429 | XI | 0 | XII | 0 |
| 1968 | X 11 | 56 | XIII | 27 | XIV | 11 |
| Total |  | 373,656 |  | 365,267 |  | 362,730 |

Appendix A7. Estimated standing stock (number) of lake trout in the lower inshore of statistical district MM8, by year class, age group, and year.

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Year } \\ & \text { class } \end{aligned}$ | Month and year |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | May, 1976 |  | May, 1977 |  | May, 1978 |  | May, 1979 |  |
|  | Age | Number | Age | Number | Age | Number | Age | Number |
| 1977 | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | 11 | 120,960 |
| 1976 | --- | --- | --- | --- | 11 | 85,050 | 111 | 53,582 |
| 1975 | --- | --- | 11 | 94,500 | 111 | 59,535 | IV | 37,507 |
| 1974 | 11 | 93,240 | 111 | 58,741 | IV | 37,007 | V | 23,314 |
| 1973 | 111 | 39,690 | IV | 25,005 | V | 15,753 | VI | 8,081 |
| 1972 | IV | 45,008 | $v$ | 28,355 | VI | 12,391 | VII | 6,357 |
| 1971 | $v$ | 23,629 | VI | 12,901 | VII | 5,638 | VIII | 2,892 |
| 1970 | VI | 11,956 | VII | 6,528 | $1 \times$ | 2,853 | 1 x | 1,464 |
| 1968 | VIII | 1,665 | 1 x | 909 | x | 397 | XI | 204 |
| 1967 | IX | 761 | $x$ | 416 | XI | 182 | $x 11$ | 93 |
| 1966 | X | 355 | XI | 194 | X 11 | 85 | XIII | 44 |
| Total |  | 216,304 |  | 227,549 |  | 218,891 |  | 254,498 |


| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Year } \\ & \text { class } \end{aligned}$ | Month and year |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | May, 1980 |  | May, 1981 |  | May, 1982 |  |
|  | Age | Number | Age | Number | Age | Number |
| 1980 | --- | --- | --- | --- | 11 | 126,000 |
| 1979 | --- | --- | 11 | 119,700 | 111 | 75,411 |
| 1978 | 11 | 119,700 | 111 | 75,411 | IV | 47,509 |
| 1977 | 111 | 76,205 | IV | 48,009 | V | 30,246 |
| 1976 | IV | 33,757 | V | 21,267 | VI | 11,016 |
| 1975 | V | 23,629 | VI | 13,279 | VII | 6,879 |
| 1974 | Vi | 13,779 | VII | 7,744 | VIII | 4,011 |
| 1973 | VII | 4,776 | VIII | 2,684 | 1 x | 1,390 |
| 1972 | V111 | 3,757 | $1 \times$ | 2,111 | X | 1,093 |
| 1971 | $1 \times$ | 1,709 | X | 960 | X1 | 497 |
| 1970 | $x$ | 865 | XI | 486 | X\|1 | 252 |
| 1968 | X 11 | 121 | XIII | 68 | XIV | 35 |
| 1967 | X 111 | 55 | XIV | 31 | --- | --- |
| 1966 | XIV | 25 | XV | 14 | --- | --- |
| Total |  | 278,378 |  | 291,764 |  | 304,339 |

[^1]Appendix B. Constants in the von Bertalanffy growth curve (length) for lake trout in Lake Michigan, 1981-82, by statistical district.

| Statistical <br> district | Month | Ages | K | $L_{\infty}$ | $T_{0}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| MM3 | May | $3-10$ | 0.145 | 1,025 | -0.497 |
| MM4 | June | $3-10$ | 0.136 | 1,009 | -0.891 |
| MM5 | June | $3-10$ | 0.136 | 1,012 | -1.299 |
| MM6 | April | $3-11$ | 0.111 | 1,145 | -0.813 |
| MM7 | April | $2-10$ | 0.100 | 1,100 | -1.649 |
| MM8 | September | $2-10$ | 0.184 | 799 | -0.269 |

${ }^{1}$ Frankfort index station only

Appendix C. Length-weight regression coefficients for lake trout in Lake Michigan, 1981-82, by statistical district.

| Statistical <br> district | Month | Intercept ${ }^{\text {a }}$ <br> (A) | Slope <br> (B) |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| MM3 | May | -12.1675 | 3.1166 |
| MM4 | June | -12.3422 | 3.1404 |
| MM5 | June | -12.1622 | 3.1068 |
| MM6 | April | -12.2511 | 3.1176 |
| MM7 | April | -12.8251 | 3.2077 |

a Log $Y=\log _{i} A+B(\log X)$, where $X$ is total length in millimeters,
$Y$ is weight in grams, and $A$ and $B$ are constants.

Appendix D. Predicted mean total length in milimeters ( L ) and weight in grams ( $W$ ) for lake trout in Lake Michigan, 1981-82, by age group and statistical district.

| Age group |  | District and month |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { MM3 } \\ \text { (May) } \end{gathered}$ | MM4 (Jun) | MM5 (Jun) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { MM6 } \\ & \text { (Apr) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { MM7 } \\ (\text { Apr }) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} M M 8^{b} \\ (\mathrm{Sep}) \end{gathered}$ |
| 11 | L | $311^{\text {a }}$ | $328{ }^{\text {a }}$ | $366{ }^{\text {a }}$ | $307^{\text {a }}$ | 335 | 355 |
|  | W | 305 | 347 | 481 | 271 | 339 | --- |
| 111 | L | 408 | 415 | 447 | 396 | 408 | 459 |
|  | W | 711 | 727 | 895 | 600 | 637 | --- |
| IV | L | 491 | 490 | 519 | 474 | 474 | 539 |
|  | W | 1,267 | 1,225 | 1,340 | 1,051 | 1,031 | --- |
| v | L | 563 | 556 | 581 | 545 | 533 | 600 |
|  | W | 1.941 | 1,822 | 2,022 | 1,623 | 1,502 | --- |
| vi | L | 626 | 613 | 636 | 608 | 587 | 647 |
|  | W | 2,701 | 2,475 | 2,678 | 2,283 | 2,047 | --- |
| VII | L | 680 | 664 | 683 | 665 | 637 | 683 |
|  | W | 3,496 | 3,181 | 3,342 | 3,019 | 2,661 | --- |
| VIII | L | 726 | 708 | 725 | 715 | 680 | 710 |
|  | W | 4,287 | 3,891 | 4,023 | 3,784 | 3,281 | --- |
| $1 \times$ | L | 767 | 748 | 761 | 760 | 720 | 731 |
|  | W | 5,087 | 4,624 | 4,676 | 4,578 | 3,941 | --- |
| X | L | 801 | 779 | 793 | 801 | 756 | 747 |
|  | W | 5,823 | 5,253 | 5,315 | 5,392 | 4,609 | --- |
| XI | L | $831{ }^{\text {a }}$ | $809^{\text {a }}$ | $822^{\text {a }}$ | 837 | $789{ }^{\text {a }}$ | $760^{\text {a }}$ |
|  | W | 6,531 | 5,915 | 5,942 | 6,184 | 5,285 |  |

[^2]
[^0]:    'Partially supported by National Marine Fisheries Service, Commercial Fisheries Research and Development Act, PL88-309, Project 3-349-K-1.

[^1]:    ${ }^{a}$ Year class 1969 not planted in this area.

[^2]:    ${ }^{\text {a }}$ Projected beyond data range.
    b Weight data not available.

