

Revision Date: 7/14/2010

Stand Examiner: Brad S. Carlson

Legal Description: T52N, R30W - Section 6. T52N, R31W - Sections 1, 3 and 4. T53N, R30W - Sections 30 and 31. T53N, R31W - Sections 25, 35 and 36.

RMU (if applicable):

Management Goals: To maintain a healthy sustainable forest with special consideration to wildlife habitat, fisheries habitat and recreational needs.

Soil and Topography: The terrain is mostly level to rolling with distinct benches dropping to the lakeshore. The upland soils are Skanee loamy sands; Munising, Zeba and Assinins sands and loams. The lowlands are Carbondale and Tacoosh mucks and Gay mucky fine sandy loam.

Ownership Patterns, Development, and Land Use in and Around the Compartment: The lake shore is in small private ownership. The remaining interior lands are owned by forest industry and by a private game farm. Baraga County owns the tip of Point Abbaye.

Unique, Natural Features: The shoreline of Lake Superior

Archeological, Historical, and Cultural Features: None identified.

Special Management Designations or Considerations: None identified

Watershed and Fisheries Considerations: The compartment is bounded on the north by Lake Superior and on the south by Huron Bay.

Wildlife Habitat Considerations: This compartment provides valuable wildlife habitat to grouse, deer, bear, furbearers, woodland raptors and neo tropical migrant song birds. This compartment is entirely within the Point Abbaye Deer Yarding complex. This yard is critically important to wintering deer from North eastern Baraga County. Maintenance and expansion of long lived conifer species such as eastern hemlock,

northern white cedar, and white pine are of primary importance. Silvicultural practices which promote thermal cover habitat should be emphasized here. Maintenance of interior wildlife movement corridors particularly along riparian influence zones as well as along the Great Lakes shoreline is a wildlife emphasis. Improvement of within stand structural and species composition of hardwood associations through promotion of conifer species such as eastern hemlock is a wildlife management emphasis. Maintenance of aspen acreage within this compartment for early forest wildlife species is important.

Mineral Resource and Development Concerns and/or Restrictions: Surface sediments consist of coarse textured glacial till, with an ancient shoreline in this area. The glacial Drift thickness varies between 10 and 50 feet. The Precambrian Jacobsville Sandstone subcrops below the glacial drift. There is not a current economic use for the Jacobsville, but it was used as a building stone in the past. The nearest gravel pit is located six miles to the southeast. There is no economic oil and gas production in the UP. .

Vehicle Access: Primary access to all the lands in this compartment are from Point Abbaye Road which is a seasonal county road.

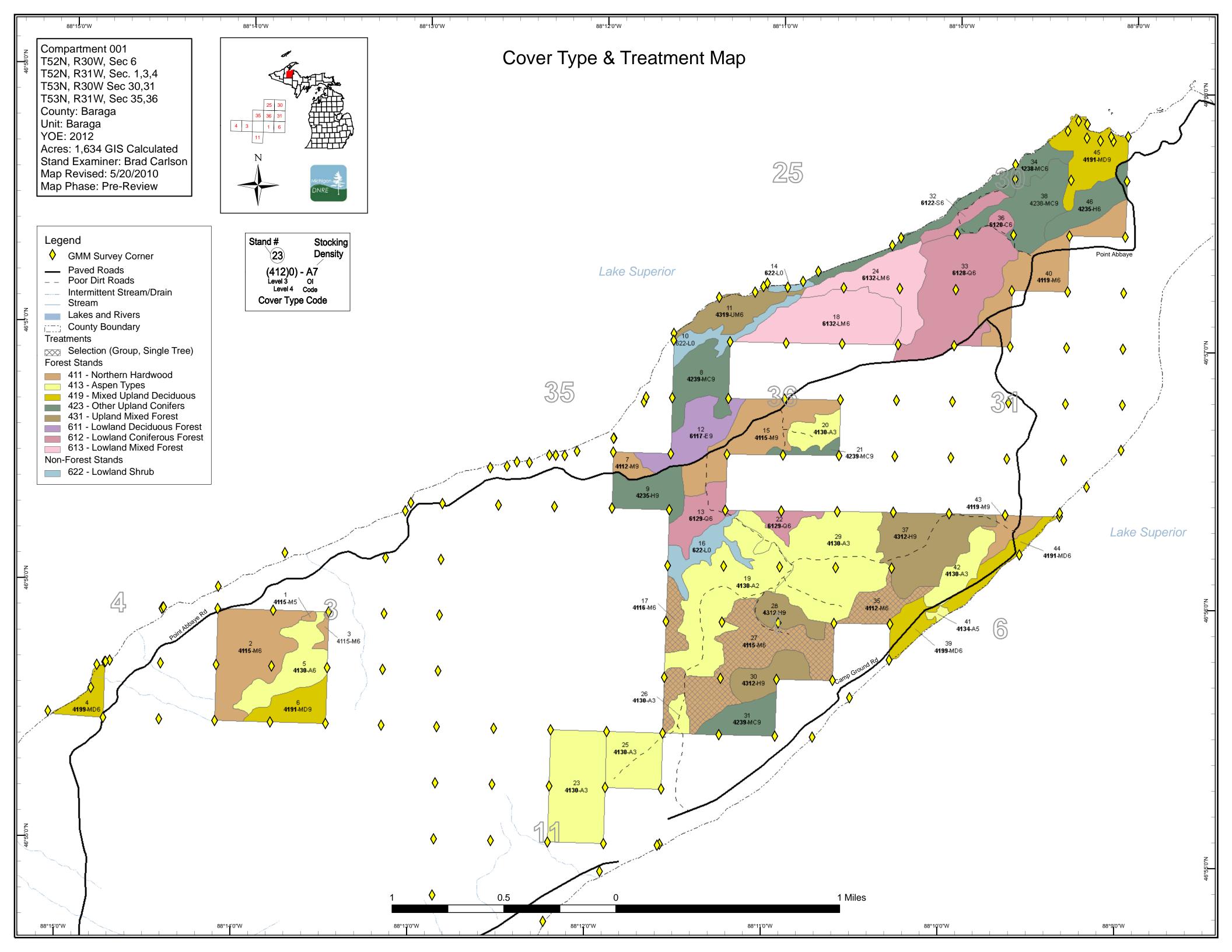
Survey Needs: Very little survey work will need to be completed to facilitate the harvest of timber.

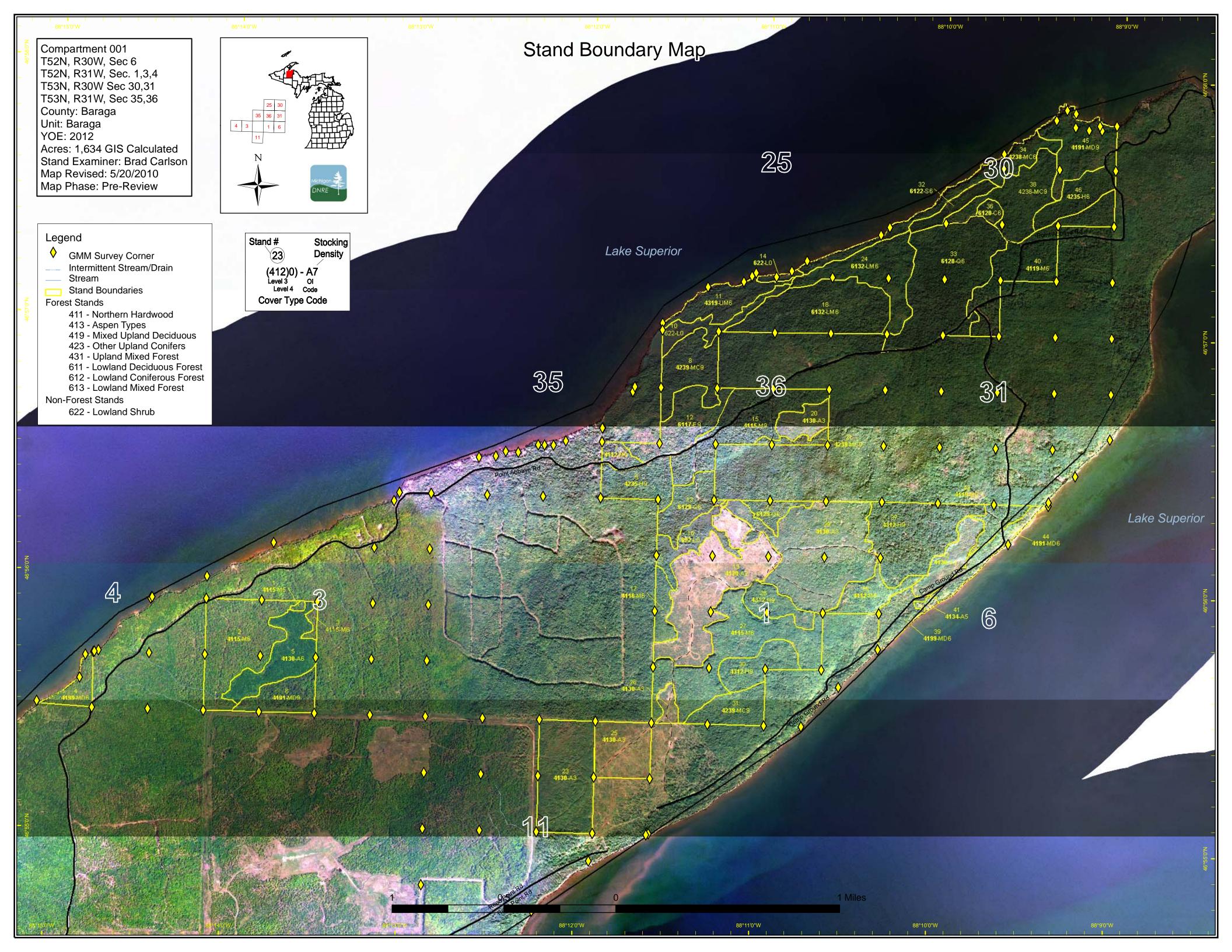
Recreational Facilities and Opportunities: There are no developed recreational facilities within the compartment. A campground was planned, but not built, on Huron Bay. Baraga County has a parking lot and pit toilets on their land at the tip of Point Abbaye.

Fire Protection: This is not a fire prone area.

Additional Compartment Information: None identified.

- > The following 5 reports from the Operations Inventory System (OIPC) are attached:
 - Cover Type by Age Class
 - Cover Type by Management Objective
 - ♦ Compartment Volume Summary
 - Proposed Treatments No Limiting Factors
 - Proposed Treatments With Limiting Factors
- > The following information is displayed, where pertinent, on the attached compartment maps:
 - Base feature information, stand numbers, cover types
 - Proposed treatments
 - Proposed road access system
 - Suggested potential old growth





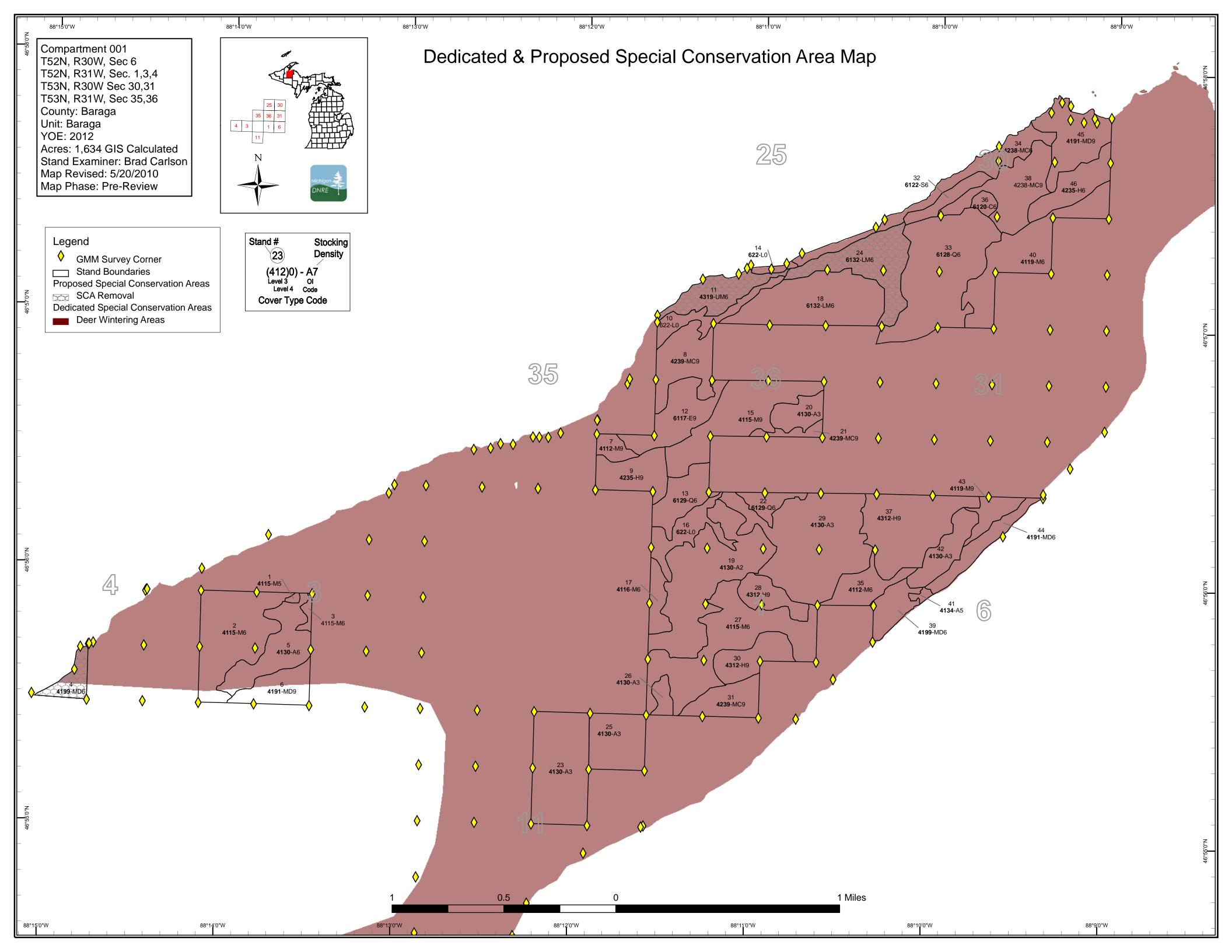


 Table 1 – Total Acres by Cover Type and Age Class

Baraga Mgt. Unit

(Level 3 Cover Type)

Compartment 001 Year of Entry 2012



							Age	Class									
	Nor	Cocester Cocester	6.7 1	(a'19	62-10-1	67. OP	10 ⁻⁰⁹	65. 05	69.00	101	69.00 69.00	66.0	001.00 001.00	021.02.	\$00 × 1500	100 × 100 ×	ie.
Aspen Types	0	157	251	0	45	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	456	[
Lowland Coniferous Forest	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	179	179	
Lowland Deciduous Forest	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	43	43]
Lowland Mixed Forest	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	57	0	0	0	0	0	83	140]
Lowland Shrub	50	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	50]
Mixed Upland Deciduous	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	133	133]
Northern Hardwood	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	80	0	0	0	0	0	0	307	389]
Other Upland Conifers	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	238	238]
Upland Mixed Forest	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	162	162]
Total	50	157	251	0	47	3	0	80	57	0	0	0	0	0	1145	1790]



Table 2 – Proposed Treatment Summaries

Baraga Mgt. Unit Year of Entry 2012				Compartment Total Compartment Acres:	
	Α	cres by Treatment Type			
Commercial Harvest - 124	Site Prep - 0	Tree Planting - 0	Prescribed Burn - 0	Other - 0	
Habitat Cut - 15	Opening Maintenance - 0	Tree Seeding - 0	Pesticide - 0		
Northern		Cover Type by Harvest M			
	Total 0 1	38 0 0 0	0 138		

S t		Bar	aga Mgt. Unit	Table 3 T with No	reatment o Limiting		•	artment: 001 of Entry 2012	Michigan
a n d	Treatment Name	Acres	Stage1 CoverType	Size Density	Stand Age	Treatment Type	Treatment Method	Cover Type Objective	Page 1 of
17	11001017-Cut	14.6	4116 - Mixed N. Hardwood - Aspen	High Density Pole	64	Harvest	Single Tree Selection	Maple, Beech Cherry Associat	
Preso Spec		70-90 sq b	a. Favor oak, white pi	ne, and hemlock wh	iere present.	Refer to the "Co	omplete Marker" for furthe	er marking guidel	nes.
<u>Othe</u> Comi	_ ments:								
<u>Next</u> Steps	underpla	ant after ha	rvest completion with	Hemlock or/and Pin	ie.				
27	11001027-Cut	99.6	4115 - Y.Birch, Hemlock NH	High Density Pole	67	Harvest	Single Tree Selection	Y.Birch, Hemlock	NH
<u>Spec</u> Othei	<u>s:</u>	70-90 sq b	a. Favor oak, white pi	ine, and hemlock wh	ere present.	Refer to the "Co	omplete Marker" for furth	er marking guidel	nes.
<u>Jomi</u> Next Steps		ant after ha	rvest completion with	Hemlock or/and Pin	ie.				
35	11001035-Cut	24.0	4112 - Maple, Beech, Cherry Association	High Density Pole	66	Harvest	Single Tree Selection	Maple, Beech Cherry Associat	
<u>Preso</u> Spec		70-90 sq b	a. Favor oak, white pi	ne, and hemlock wh	iere present.	Refer to the "Co	omplete Marker" for furthe	er marking guidel	nes.
Othe									
Com	nonto.								

S t		Barag	a Mgt. Unit	Table 4 T a	reatments Limiting	Com Yea			
a n d	Treatment Name	Acres	Stage1 CoverType	Size Density	Stand Age	Treatment Type	Treatment Method	Cover Type Objective	Page 1 of 1
Presci Specs									
<u>Other</u> Comm	<u>nent:</u>								
<u>Next</u> Steps:	<u>.</u>								
	ng Factor and N nent Reason	0_							

Total Treatment Acreage Proposed:

0

S t	Baraga	a Mgt. Unit			rested Stan	Market Parks
a n d	Level 4 Cover Type	Size Density	Acres	Stand Age	BA Range	General Comments:
1	4115 - Y.Birch, Hemlock NH	Medium Density Pole	1.3	32	1-50	Grown over grassy opening
2	4115 - Y.Birch, Hemlock NH	High Density Pole	80.0	61	51-80	Units 1 and 2 of "Pig Pen Pulp" cut in 2004
3	4115 - Y.Birch, Hemlock NH	High Density Pole	3.5	Uneven Age	51-80	part of unit 1 of "Pin Pen Pulp" cut in 2004
4	4199 - Other Mixed Upland Deciduous	High Density Pole	15.1	Uneven Age	51-80	Wet soils. shallow rooted and ground never freezes.
5	4130 - Aspen	High Density Pole	45.3	32	1-50	Looks like it was a "choppers choice" when it was cut in 1978. This stand has a variable diameter and some aspen are as big as 12". Probably ready in 2022.
6	4191 - Mixed Upland Deciduous with Conifer	High Density Log	28.3	Uneven Age	111-140	Part of "Pig Pen Pulp" cut in 2004.
7	4112 - Maple, Beech, Cherry Association	High Density Log	9.9	Uneven Age	81-110	Unit 4 of "Hot Plate Hdwds" cut in 2004
8	42390 - Mixed Non- Pine Upland Conifers	High Density Log	42.9	Uneven Age	171-200	Heavy to cedar poles in the north half of the stand.
9	42350 - Upland Hemlock	High Density Log	33.4	Uneven Age	200+	Leave until next rotation and cut with hdwds to the north. Could cut hdwd pockets within stand.
11	4319 - Mixed Upland Forest	High Density Pole	33.0	Uneven Age	81-110	Shallow soils and shallow rooted trees.
12	6117 - Lowland Deciduous, Mixed Coniferous	High Density Log	43.2	Uneven Age	111-140	Shallow rooted trees with lots of blowdown.
13	6129 - Mixed Coniferous Lowland Forest	High Density Pole	29.7	Uneven Age	81-110	Wet Ground,
15	4115 - Y.Birch, Hemlock NH	High Density Log	70.5	Uneven Age	81-110	units 3 and 4 of "Hot Plate Hdwds" cut in 2004
17	4116 - Mixed N. Hardwood - Aspen	High Density Pole	14.6	Uneven Age	111-140	stand is in transition from Aspen to hdwds, May need to take basal area down to 50sqft in some places.
18	6132 - Mixed Lowland Forest with Cedar	High Density Pole	83.1	Uneven Age	141-170	Lots of wet Swails and strips on small diameter hdwd (blowdown or old cutting?).
19	4130 - Aspen	Medium Density	108.8	6		"Abbaye Aspen" units 1, 2 and 3. cut in 2004.
20	4130 - Aspen	High Density Sapling	18.5	11		cut in 1999

S t	Barag	a Mgt. Unit			rested Stan	Mathematica St
a n d	Level 4 Cover Type	Size Density	Acres	Stand Age	BA Range	General Comments:
21	42390 - Mixed Non- Pine Upland Conifers	High Density Log	7.4	Uneven Age	111-140	Small acerage, tranisition between A3 and S5.
22	6129 - Mixed Coniferous Lowland Forest	High Density Pole	12.5	Uneven Age	81-110	
23	4130 - Aspen	High Density Sapling	80.0	16		
24	6132 - Mixed Lowland Forest with Cedar	High Density Pole	56.8	74	81-110	Wet ground with shallow soils, was prescribed in the past but was deemed "too wet" to be cut.
25	4130 - Aspen	High Density Sapling	40.1	6		cut in 2004 as part of "Abbaye Aspen" Unit 5.
26	4130 - Aspen	High Density Sapling	8.1	6		cut in 2004 as part of "Abbaye Aspen" unit 4
27	4115 - Y.Birch, Hemlock NH	High Density Pole	99.6	Uneven Age	111-140	
28	4312 - Hemlock, Mixed Deciduous	High Density Log	21.4	Uneven Age	171-200	
29	4130 - Aspen	High Density Sapling	125.7	13		1997 cutting record.
30	4312 - Hemlock, Mixed Deciduous	High Density Log	29.6	Uneven Age	171-200	
31	42390 - Mixed Non- Pine Upland Conifers	High Density Log	28.2	Uneven Age	141-170	Some pockets were cut before and are filled with small diameter Hdwds. Several wet drainages throughout.
32	6122 - Black Spruce	High Density Pole	14.1	Uneven Age	51-80	Wet.
33	6128 - Lowland Coniferous, Mixed Deciduous	High Density Pole	117.2	Uneven Age	111-140	Wet ground with Hemlock knobs.
34	42380 - Non Pine Upland Conifer, Mixed Deciduous	High Density Pole	42.7	Uneven Age	111-140	stand is adjacent to the Lake Shore and has areas of blowdown.
35	4112 - Maple, Beech, Cherry Association	High Density Pole	24.0	Uneven Age	81-110	
36	6120 - Lowland Cedar	High Density Pole	5.8	Uneven Age	81-110	
37	4312 - Hemlock, Mixed Deciduous	High Density Log	77.7	Uneven Age	111-140	cut in 2004 as part of "Horse Barn Hdwds".

S t	Baraga	a Mgt. Unit			rested Stand	Michigan 3
a n d	Level 4 Cover Type	Size Density	Acres	Stand Age	BA Range	General Comments:
38	42380 - Non Pine Upland Conifer, Mixed Deciduous	High Density Log	52.0	Uneven Age	141-170	
39	4199 - Other Mixed Upland Deciduous	High Density Pole	20.6	Uneven Age	51-80	Stand is adjacent to the lakeshore. There are wet and blowdown areas in stand.
40	4119 - Mixed Northern Hardwoods	High Density Pole	70.5	Uneven Age	81-110	cut in 2004 as part of "Hot Plate Hdwds" units 1 and 2.
41	4134 - Aspen, Spruce/Fir	Medium Density Pole	2.5	47	1-50	Grown over "G" type.
42	4130 - Aspen	High Density Sapling	26.8	13		1997 cutting record.
43	4119 - Mixed Northern Hardwoods	High Density Log	14.8	Uneven Age	81-110	cut in 2004 as part of "Horse Barn Hdwds"
44	4191 - Mixed Upland Deciduous with Conifer	High Density Pole	22.5	Uneven Age	81-110	stand is adjacent to the lakeshore, Was M5 last time.
45	4191 - Mixed Upland Deciduous with Conifer	High Density Log	46.6	Uneven Age	111-140	Was E6 last rotation. the east portion of this stand is cuttable, but should wait until the hardwoods to the south are ready before it is prescribed.
46	42350 - Upland Hemlock	High Density Pole	30.9	Uneven Age	141-170	

	Baraga Mgt. Unit		6 – Nonforested Stands Inventory Method: IFMAP	Compartment: 001 Year of Entry: 2012	
Stand	Cover Type	Acres		Gen Cmts:	
10	6220 - Alder/willow	20.1			
14	6220 - Alder/willow	3.7		Tag Alder	
16	6220 - Alder/willow	26.4			



7 – PROPOSED SPECIAL CONSERVATION AREA* (SCA) DETAILS

* This is a partial list of SCAs for this compartment. Not included are those areas identified under other Department initiatlves (Natural Rivers, Deer Wintering Areas, etc.). Those will be identified in separate, future map and report products.

Inventory Method: IFMAP

Stand	SCA Type	SCA Name	Acres	Comments
4	SCA Removal	11001004	15.1	Previously coded as stand condition 8. Recommendation is to remove this coding.
11	SCA Removal	11001011	33.0	Previously coded as stand condition 8. Recommendation is to remove this coding
24	SCA Removal	11001024	56.8	Previously coded as stand condition 8. Recommendation is to remove this coding



8 – DEDICATED CONSERVATION AREA DETAILS

* This is a list of Dedicated Biodiversity Areas for this compartment along with a 1/4 mile buffer surrounding the compartment. Refer to Dedicated Conservation Area Map for areas that the below listed Conservation Areas are located.

Conservation Area	а Туре	Description	ERA = Ecological Reference Area HCVA = High Conservation Value Area SCA = Special Conservation Area
SCA	Great Lakes Islands	Great Lakes Islands provide significant habitat for numerous spe animals, several of which are endemic or largely restricted to the isolation, islands provide good examples of many Great Lakes-a ecosystems, and thus have potential to provide insights for unde disturbance on the increasingly fragmented ecosystems of the n	e Great Lakes region. Due to their ssociated natural communities and erstanding the consequences of human
SCA	Habitat Area	An area that provide some specific need for the life cycle of wild and Waterfowl Production Areas, deer wintering complexes in lo openings and savannas. Habitat areas are distinct from critical h endangered or threatened species (such as Kirtland's warbler or general in nature, are not primarily associated with threatened o covered by species recovery plans that are developed in cooper	wland conifer communities, grassland abitat designated for recovery of piping plover areas) in that they are more r endangered species, and are not
SCA	Potential Old Growth Areas	This category contains stands were identified for a broad range database as stand condition 8 as potential old growth (POG). A identified through the Operations Inventory (OI)/Compartment Re Entry 2008 and forward, potential old growth is managed for the through the Biodiversity Conservation Planning Process (BCPP) objective (as an ERA, HCVA, or other type of SCA) and is release designation; or 2) it is released from the potential old growth des process.	Approximately 310,000 acres have been eview process. For stands in Year of identified objective until it is: 1) vetted and given a specific designation and sed from the potential old growth