

Compartment Review Presentation

Gwinn Forest Management Unit

Compartment 205 Entry Year 2015 Acreage: 825

County Marquette

Management Area: Yellowdog Plains

Revision Date: 05/03/2013

Stand Examiner: Dean Wilson

Legal Description:

T50N-R28W, sections 5-8. T51N- 28W, section 36.

Identified Planning Goals:

Habitat/vegetation and mixed use.

Soil and topography:

The southern part of this compartment is a portion of the Yellow Dog Plains, a flat sandy outwash area with level to gently sloping topography. The northern portion of this compartment consists of glacial moraines with a topography that is generally rolling to very hilly and contains rock knobs. Soils range from loamy sands to loams.

Ownership Patterns, Development, and Land Use in and Around the Compartment:

Six parcels comprise this compartment averaging 160 acres in size. Mostly industrial lands listed under CFR surrounds State lands.

Unique Natural Features:

The headwaters of the Salmon Trout River origionate in the northern protions of this compartment.

Archeological, Historical, and Cultural Features:

Unknown.

Special Management Designations or Considerations:

Diversification of the age classes of jack pine in the southern portions of this compartment is a priority. Protection of the water courses by implementing best management practices or the foregoing of active management will be practiced. Stands 26 and 28 contain three ecological resource area designations (acid rock glens).

Watershed and Fisheries Considerations:

Special conservation value designations are in place and best management practices in management design will allow for these considerations.

Wildlife Habitat Considerations:

Compartment 205 is found within the Yellow Dog Plains Management Area; which is on an Outwash Plain in northern Marquette County. The State Forest covers about 3,800 acres and is somewhat scattered parcels. The dominant natural communities are dry northern forest. The major forest cover type is jack pine. This management area provides multiple benefits to the public including forest products, dispersed recreational activities, and habitat for fish and wildlife species. The management priority in this area is to continue to provide these multiple benefit in a sustainable manner while minimizing user conflicts. Wildlife considerations in the Yellow Dog Plains Management Area consist of managing jack pine habitat with strategies that more closely mimic natural fire disturbance regimes, to increase early successional jack pine management where appropriate while increasing stand size and striving to accommodate many species associated with xeric forest habitat is desirable. Some of the most significant wildlife management issues in the management area are: mast (hard and soft); habitat fragmentation; within stand diversity; mature forest condition; mesic conifer; large open land complexes; and early successional forest.

The following have been identified as featured species for Yellow Dog Plains Management Area: Black Bear, Gray Jay, Kirtland's Warbler, Spruce Grouse, and Upland Sandpiper. However, the featured species concept does not preclude the management for other wildlife species within a particular MA, rather it is simply intended to be as a tool to help prioritize or focus habitat management.

For lands purchased with Pittman–Robertson Act or Game and Fish funds, the primary objective of vegetative management must be wildlife restoration.

Mineral Resource and Development Concerns and/or Restrictions

Surface sediments consist of coarse-textured glacial till and glacial outwash sand and gravel and postglacial alluvium. The glacial drift thickness varies between 10 and 50 feet or insufficient data to determine the thickness. The Precambrian Michigamme Formation and Archean Granite/Gneiss subcrop below the glacial drift. The Granite/Gneiss could be used for building or dimension stone. Gravel pits are not located in the area, but potential appears to be good. Silver Mine Lake is located four miles to the south. This compartment is currently leased for metallic exploration and is located just east of Eagle Mine. There is no economic oil and gas production in the UP.

Vehicle Access:

Is good to the compartment but is somewhat limited internally.

Survey Needs:

None.

Recreational Facilities and Opportunities:

A designated snowmobile trail runs through this area. Other than the trail, primary public use in this area is for passive recreation.

Fire Protection:

Concerns are the jack pine portions of this compartment and its distance from response stations. There are a number of camps and seasonal dwelling in this area.

Additional Compartment Information:

Kirtland Warbler surveys have been conducted in this compartment.

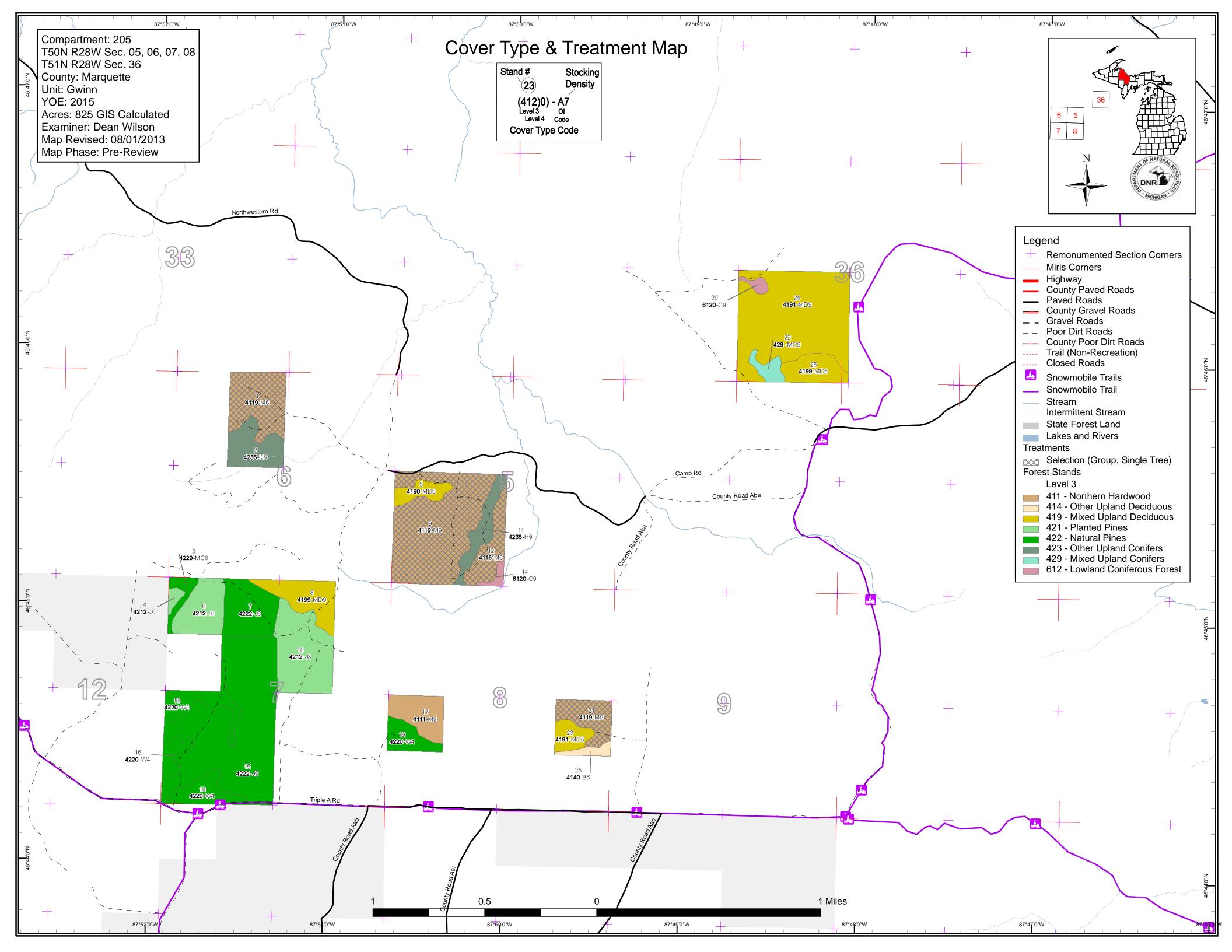
The following reports from the Inventory are attached:

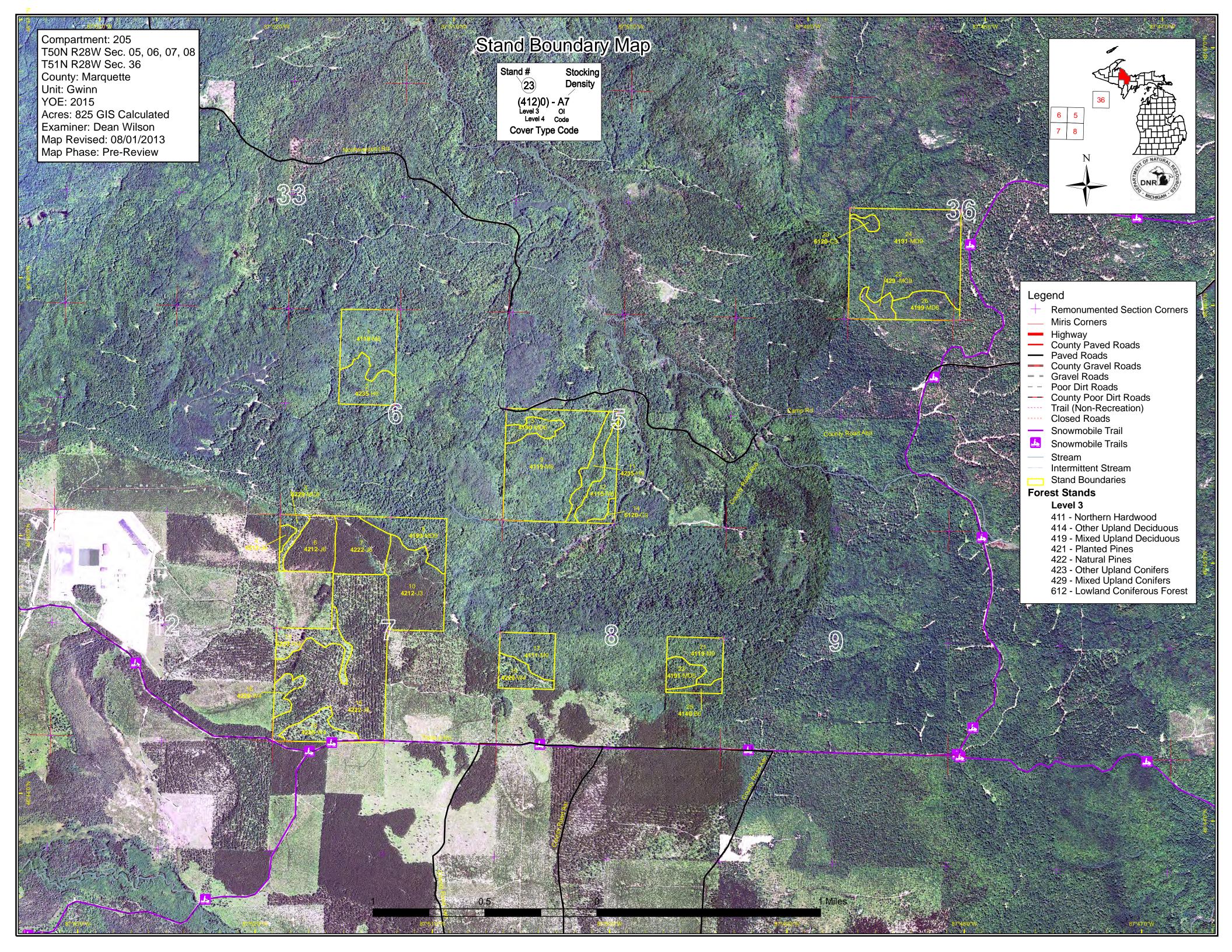
Total Acres by Cover Type and Age Class
Cover Type by Harvest Method
Proposed Treatments – No Limiting Factors
Proposed Treatments – With Limiting Factors
Stand Details (Forested and Nonforested)
Dedicated and Proposed Special Conservation Areas
Site Condition Details

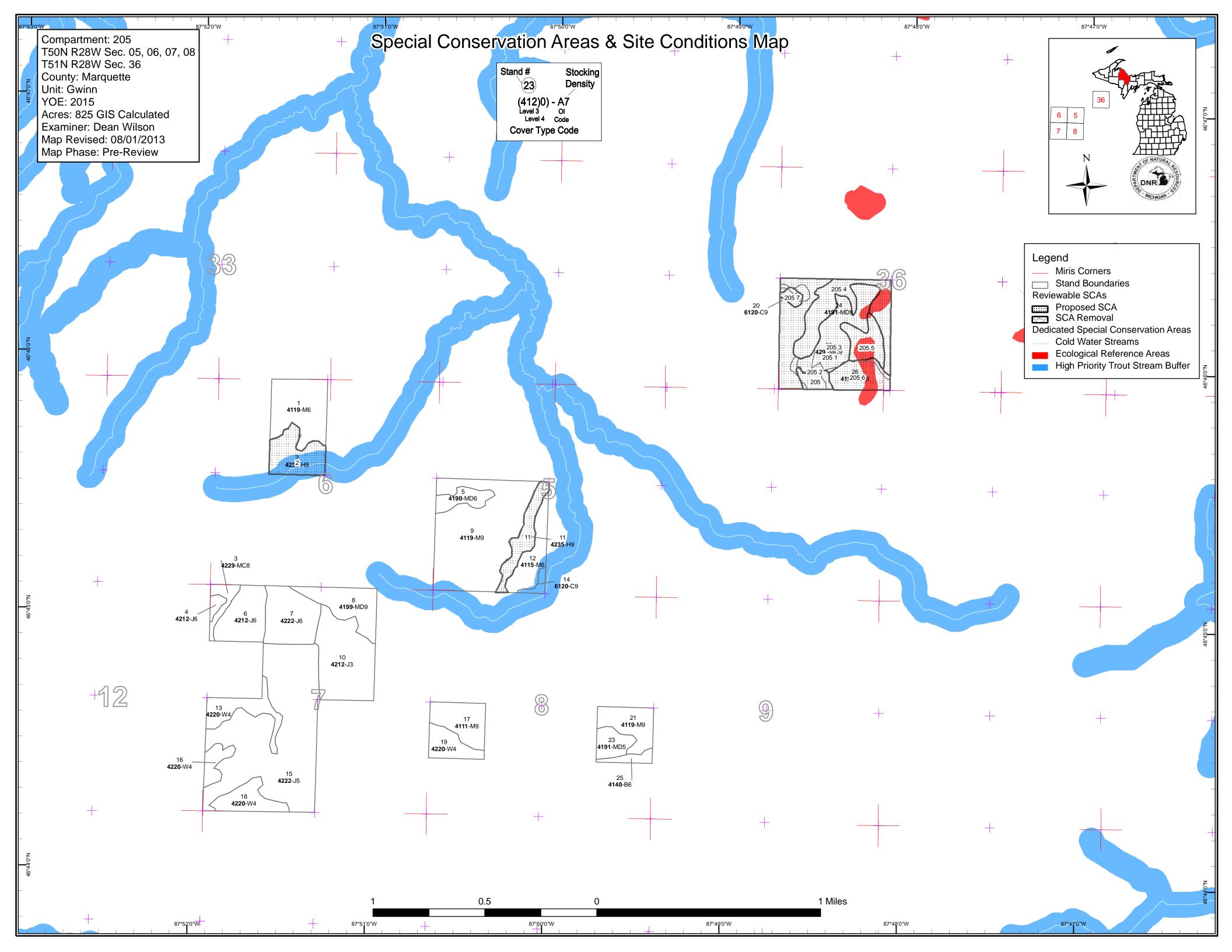
The following information is displayed, where pertinent, on the attached compartment maps:

Base feature information, stand boundaries, cover types, and numbers Proposed treatments Site condition boundaries

Details on the road access system







Compartment 205 Year of Entry 2015

Gwinn Mgt. Unit

Dean Wilson: Examiner



	Age Class															
		6,0	'a'g	Ser	, a series of the series of th	AD AS	S. S	88 /	'a \	80 80 A	888	So, So,	70,70	No. No.	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	, doi
Cedar	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	3	0	7	
Hemlock	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	44	0	0	44	
Jack Pine	0	0	56	68	151	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	276	
Mixed Upland Deciduous	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	0	61	0	0	126	0	198	
Natural Mixed Pines	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	0	0	0	0	0	7	
Northern Hardwood	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	42	0	174	0	0	216	
Paper Birch	0	0	0	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	
Upland Conifers	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	0	0	0	0	7	
White Pine	0	0	0	0	0	0	15	0	48	0	0	0	0	0	64	
Total	0	0	56	68	157	0	15	11	56	110	0	222	129	0	825	1



Report 2 – Proposed Treatment Summaries

Gwinn Mgt. Unit

Habitat Cut - 0

Compartment 205 Year of Entry 2015 **Total Compartment Acres: 825**

Acres by Treatment Type

Other - 0

Commercial Harvest - 191 Tree Planting - 0

Opening Maintenance - 0

Cover Type by Harvest Method The second secon Zinin S 191 **Northern Hardwood** 191 191 191 Total 0

Report 3 -- Treatments Prescribed with No Limiting Factor

Compartment: 205 Year of Entry 2015

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	MICHIGAN

a n d	Treatment Name	Acres	CoverType	Size Density	Stand Age	BA Range	Treatment Type	Treatment Method	Cover Type Objective	Approval Status
1	32205001-Cut	41.7	4119 - Mixed Northern Hardwoods	High Density Pole	90	111-140	Harvest	Single Tree Selection	4119 - Mixed Northern Hardwoods	Cmpt. Review Proposal

Prescription Mark individual trees for harvest. Favor yellow birch, black cherry, and oak for retention.

Specs:

S

Other Hemlock and spruce will not be included in the harvest.

Comments:

<u>Next</u> Check regeneration per work instructions.

Steps:

<u>Proposed</u>

Start Date: 10/01/2014

32205009-Cut 105.2 4119 - Mixed High 110 111-140 Harvest Single Tree 4119 - Mixed Cmpt. Review Northern Hardwoods Density Log Selection Northern Hardwoods Proposal

Prescription Mark individual trees in this stand to reduce the basal area to 70 to 90 square feet per acre.

Specs:

<u>Other</u> All hemlock spruce and pine will be retained. Yellow birch, black cherry, and oak will be favored for retention.

Comments:

<u>Next</u> Check regeneration per work instruction.

Steps:

<u>Proposed</u>

Start Date: 01/07/2014

32205012-Cut 22.2 4115 - Y.Birch, High 110 111-140 Harvest Single Tree 4115 - Y.Birch, Cmpt. Review Density Hemlock NH Selection Hemlock NH Proposal

Pole

Prescription Mark individual trees in the stand to achieve a basal area oof 70 to 90 square feet per acre. Emphasis will be to release 50 to 70 crop trees per

Specs:

All hemlock and white spruce will be retained. Yellow birch, black cherry, and oak will be favored for retention.

Other |

Comments:

<u>Next</u> Check regeneration per work instructions.

Steps:

Proposed

01/07/2014 Start Date:

Single Tree 32205021-Cut 22.4 4119 - Mixed High 110 81-110 Harvest 4119 - Mixed Cmpt. Review Northern Hardwoods Density Log Selection Northern Hardwoods Proposal

Prescription Mark individual trees for harvest. Favor yellow birch, black cherry, and oak for retention.

Specs:

Other Retain all non-hardwood tree species. Do not cut any hemlock.

Comments:

<u>Next</u> Check regeneration per work instructions.

Steps:

Proposed Start Date: 10/01/2014

Total Treatment

Acreage Proposed: 191.5

Gwinn Mgt. Unit Report 4 -- Treatments Prescribed with Compartment: 205 a Limiting Factor s Year of Entry 2015 t **Treatment** Acres CoverType Size Stand ВА **Treatment Treatment Cover Type Approval** n Method Objective Status Name Density Age Range Type #Type! **Prescription** Specs: Other Comment: **Next** Steps: Proposed

Total Treatment

#Type!

Start Date: # Limiting Factor

Acreage Proposed: 0

Report 5 – Site Conditions

Gwinn Mgt. Unit

Dean Wilson: Examiner

126

15%

699

85%

825

Compartment 205 Year of Entry 2015

Avail	ability for I	Management				
Total	Acres	Acres		Domina	nt Site	Conditions
Acres	Available	Not Available		No	3K	
7	7		Cedar	7		
44	44		Hemlock	44		1
276	276		Jack Pine	276		
198	72	126	Mixed Upland Deciduous	72	126	1
7	7		Natural Mixed Pines	7		
216	216		Northern Hardwood	216		1
5	5		Paper Birch	5		
7	7		Upland Conifers	7		
64	64		White Pine	64		1

Total Forested Acres

Relative Percent

*Due to limitations in the current Site Conditions Analysis tool, all nonforested acres are considered available. Future development will enable analysis of nonforested types.

699

126

	Dominant Site Cond Availability	Dominant Site Condition	Acres	Other Site Condition	Other Site Condition	Other Site Condition	Other Site Condition
007	Not Available	3K: Rare or unique landforms	126	2F: Too steep	3A: Potential old growth / biodiversity		
(Comments:						

Compartment: 205 Year of Entry: 2015



Report 6 - PROPOSED SPECIAL CONSERVATION AREA* (SCA) DETAILS

* This is a partial list of SCAs for this compartment. Not included are those areas identified under other Department initiatives (Natural Rivers, Deer Wintering Areas, etc.). Those will be identified in separate, future map and report products.

SCA Name	SCA Category	Detail Type	Recommendation	Acres
205 7 Comments Potential old growth.	Type 1 or Type 2 Old Growth	Possible Type 2 Old Growth Area	SCA	3.5
205 Comments Potential old growth.	Type 1 or Type 2 Old Growth	Possible Type 2 Old Growth Area	SCA	7.0
205 2 Comments Potential old growth.	Type 1 or Type 2 Old Growth	Possible Type 2 Old Growth Area	SCA	7.0
205 5 Comments Potential old growth.	Type 1 or Type 2 Old Growth	Possible Type 2 Old Growth Area	SCA	16.3
11 Comments	Spring-Seeps, Riparian Areas	Riparian Area	SCA	18.1
205 6 Comments Includes an acid rock gler	Type 1 or Type 2 Old Growth	Possible Type 2 Old Growth Area	SCA	20.0
2 Comments Contains drainages and s size classes.	Spring-Seeps, Riparian Areas eeps that are part of the Salmon Trou	Riparian Area It River. Draws are lowland hardwoods.	SCA Wide variation in compo	26.2 osition and
205 4 Comments Potential old growth. Inclu	Type 1 or Type 2 Old Growth udes an acid rock glen ERA.	Possible Type 2 Old Growth Area	SCA	39.4
205 1 Comments Potential old growth. Cont	Type 1 or Type 2 Old Growth tains areas of M9, B6, and F6.	Possible Type 2 Old Growth Area	SCA	70.9
205 3 Comments Potential old growth. Cont	Type 1 or Type 2 Old Growth tains areas of M9, B6, and F6.	Possible Type 2 Old Growth Area	SCA	70.9

Compartment: 205
Year of Entry 2015



Report 7 - DEDICATED CONSERVATION AREA DETAILS

* This is a list of Dedicated Biodiversity Areas for this compartment along with a 1/4 mile buffer surrounding the compartment.

Refer to Dedicated Conservation Area Map for areas that the below listed Conservation Areas are located.

Conservation	on Type	Description	ERA = Ecological Reference Area HCVA = High Conservation Value Area SCA = Special Conservation Area			
SCA	Archaeological Site	An aquatic or terrestrial area of the State that contains physical sites of cultural and historical significance that may occur upon to bottomlands. They include thousands of Native American settler and British outposts, nineteenth century logging camps, mines at the Great Lakes, there are shipwrecks and other remains documbe identified by Natural heritage data from the State Historic Prethis compartment will be implemented in such a manner as to me the sensitive nature of this information, no further detail about lo	errestrial areas and Great Lakes ments and burial sites, as well as French and homesteads. Beneath the waters of menting the maritime trade. Such sites may servation Office. Proposed treatments in aintain the integrity of these sites. Due to			
SCA	Cold Water Stream	A coldwater stream has temperature and dissolved oxygen conditions that allow naturally-reproduced of stocked trout populations and those of other coldwater fish species (e.g., slimy sculpin) to persist from year to year. Coldwater streams in Michigan typically provide these conditions due to substantial contributions of groundwater to their stream flows. Such streams are established by Director's action are designated as trout resources by Fisheries Order 210.				
SCA	Riparian Area	A transitional area between aquatic and terrestrial ecosystems in influences the aquatic ecosystem and vice-versa. Because of the streams and open water wetlands, riparian areas harbor a high communities are ecologically and socially significant in their effects as aesthetics, habitat, bank stability, timber production, and their	e unique conditions adjacent to lakes, diversity of plants and wildlife. Riparian cts on water quality and quantity, as well			
ERA	Ecological Reference Areas	Ecological Reference Areas (ERAs) are high quality examples of identified as Element Occurrences (EOs) by the Michigan Natural context of their natural community classification system. Element (Excellent) or B (Good) and a Global (G) or State (S) element (rathreatened (2), or rare (3) serve as an initial base of ERAs. They the State. The system is comprised of individual or associations managed for restoration and maintenance of natural ecological public recommendations for lands as ERAs using the DNR Contents.	al Features Inventory (MNFI) within the t Occurrences with viability ranks of A arity) ranking of endangered (1), may be located upon any ownership in of natural community types that are processes and values. The public may			

S t	Gwinn	Mgt. Unit		Report 8	– Forested	Stands Compartment: 205 Year of Entry: 2015
a n d	Level 4 Cover Type	Size Density	Acres	Stand Age	BA Range	General Comments:
1	4119 - Mixed Northern Hardwoods	High Density Pole	41.7	90	111-140	Contains sawlog inclusions. Access permission is not established and crosses private land.
2	42350 - Upland Hemlock	High Density Log	26.3	112	111-140	Was designated old growth in the 2003 entry cycle.
3	42290 - Natural Mixed Pine	Medium Density Log	7.5	85	51-80	
4	42120 - Planted Jack Pine	High Density Pole	3.1	34	51-80	Harvested in 1972: TS# 27/70A. Machine planted in 1978.
5	4190 - Mixed Upland Deciduous with Cedar	High Density Pole	11.3	79	51-80	Wet drain.
6	42120 - Planted Jack Pine	High Density Pole	29.4	34	51-80	Harvested in 1972: TS# 27/70A. Machine planted in 1978.
7	42220 - Natural Jack Pine	High Density Pole	35.6	33	1-50	Harvested in 1976: TS# 7/75A. Scarified and broadcast seeded in 1979.
8	4199 - Other Mixed Upland Deciduous	High Density Log	28.6	90	51-80	Harvested in 1985.
9	4119 - Mixed Northern Hardwoods	High Density Log	105.2	110	111-140	Selectively cut in 1972: TS# 17\71A.
10	42120 - Planted Jack Pine	High Density Sapling	56.4	25	1-50	Harvested in 1985: TS# 2/85. Trenched and planted in 1987.
11	42350 - Upland Hemlock	High Density Log	18.0	110	111-140	SCA = Riparian zone protection for a feeder stream to the Salmon Trout River. Contains wetland inclusions.
12	4115 - Y.Birch, Hemlock NH	High Density Pole	22.2	110	111-140	Selectively cut in 1972: TS# 17/71A.
13	42200 - Natural White Pine	Low Density Pole	20.8	85	1-50	Harvested in 2007: TS# 102-05-01. Harvest again to reduce residual to enable reforestation.
14	6120 - Lowland Cedar	High Density Log	3.4	110	141-170	Floodplains on the Salmon Trout River. Contains spring seeps and drainages. LF-water quality\BMP.
15	42220 - Natural Jack Pine	Medium Density Pole	151.5	42	1-50	
16	42200 - Natural White Pine	Low Density Pole	9.4	85	1-50	Harvested in 2007: TS# 102-05-01. Harvest again to reduce residual to enable reforestation.
17	4111 - S.Maple, Hard Mast Association	High Density Log	24.2	110	51-80	Cut in 1999: TS# 22-95-01.

S t	Gwin	Gwinn Mgt. Unit				Stands Compartment: 205 Year of Entry: 2015
a n d	Level 4 Cover Type	Size Density	Acres	Stand Age	BA Range	General Comments:
18	42200 - Natural White Pine	Low Density Pole	18.2	85	1-50	Harvested in 2007: TS# 102-05-01.
19	42200 - Natural White Pine	Low Density Pole	15.5	60	1-50	Cut in 1999: TS# 22-95-01.
20	6120 - Lowland Cedar	High Density Log	3.3	123	111-140	Evaluate for type 1 or type 2 old growth.
21	4119 - Mixed Northern Hardwoods	High Density Log	22.4	110	81-110	Cut in 1999: TS# 22-95-01.
22	429 - Mixed Upland Conifers	High Density Log	7.5	92	111-140	Stand is on a rock escarpment and is inoperable.
23	4191 - Mixed Upland Deciduous with Conifer	Medium Density Pole	11.9	92	51-80	Cut in 1999: TS# 22-95-01.
24	4191 - Mixed Upland Deciduous with Conifer	High Density Log	126.1	123	111-140	Area should be evaluated for type 2 and type 1 oldgrowth. Due to this stand's history, tree ages vary extensively. Many long lived tree species (hemlock and northen hardwoods) are at or near their normal life spans.
25	4140 - Other Upland Deciduous	High Density Pole	5.4	45	51-80	

81-110

Stand is on a rock escarpment and is inoperable.

4199 - Other Mixed Upland Deciduous

26

High Density Pole

20.3

92

Report 9 - Nonforested Stands

Compartment: 205 Year of Entry: 2015



Stand Cover Type

Acres

Managed Site Management Priority (Objective)

General Comments: