

# COMPARTMENT REVIEW PRESENTATION

### GAYLORD FOREST MANAGEMENT UNIT

**COMPARTMENT: 204** 

ENTRY YEAR: 2012 ACREAGE: 2,165 COUNTY: Cheboygan

**Revision Date:** 05/21/2010

**Stand Examiner:** Darrick Coy

Legal Description: T36N R01E Sec. 31-34

**Management Goals:** To provide for the protection, integrated management and responsible use of a healthy, productive, and undiminished forest resource base for the social, recreational, environmental, and economic benefit of the State of Michigan.

**Soil and Topography:** This compartment is relatively wet with minimal changes in topography. Along the east, west, and south edges of the compartment the dominant soil types are very poorly drained Bowstring Muck, Krincross Mucky Sand, and Tawas Peat. Along the north edge and center of the compartment soil types change more significantly with pockets of higher ground and soils with better drainage.

Ownership Patterns, Development, and Land Use in and Around the Compartment: Almost the entire compartment is state owned. Most private property borders the north and east portions of the compartment. State land dominates along the west and south portions of the compartment with a few isolated private parcels. Some private resort use is evident along Black Lake and the eastern edge of the compartment.

Unique, Natural Features: Bald Eagle, Upper Black River, and Mud Creek

Archeological, Historical, and Cultural Features: None known.

**Special Management Designations or Considerations:** Stands adjacent or within 300ft of the Black River (southwest and northeast of North Black River Rd) are proposed Special Conservation Areas (SCAs) for protecting Lake Sturgeon riparian corridors. Management activities within these SCA stands are restricted and must follow Work Instruction 1.4 guidelines. Also, all management activities must follow BMP guidelines when conducted within the Black River riparian areas and other large portions of the compartment that are excessively wet. Stands that are not adjacent or greater than 300ft from the Black River have been undesignated as SCAs because no identifiable unique features exist. All stands previously designated as

SCA for old growth in OI have been undesignated. Fluctuations in seasonal wetness and poor site quality have limited these previously designated stands from reaching or creating old growth forest characteristics.

**Watershed and Fisheries Considerations:** This compartment contains a portion of the Upper Black River in the Red Bridge area. This portion of the river is an important migration corridor for the state threatened lake sturgeon. A no-clear cut buffer of 300 feet should be maintained adjacent to the river, and an appropriate stand designation should be applied to recognize the importance of this river.

Wildlife Habitat Considerations: This compartment lies directly west of Black Lake and has the Black River running though a lot of it. This river corridor and the associated lowlands are frequently used by white-tailed deer, various amphibians, black bear, and waterfowl. There are some uplands associated with this area treated and stands 24, 28, and 29 will be final harvest to provide early successional habitat for grouse, woodcock, and wild turkey. Stands 16 and 32 are alder that are going to be strip cut with a hydro-ax to regenerate and provide woodcock habitat. Stands 12, 15, 18, and 34 are going to be mowed to maintain openings.

Mineral Resource and Development Concerns and/or Restrictions: Surface sediments consist of lacustrine (lake) sand and gravel, coarse textured till and dune sand. The glacial drift thickness varies between 100 and 400 feet. The Devonian Traverse Group, Bell Shale and Dundee Group subcrop below the glacial drift. The Traverse and Dundee are quarried for limestone, elsewhere in the state. Gravel pits are located within one mile to the south, but the compartment has limited gravel potential. The nearest oil and gas production, the Niagaran Reef Trend, is located 15 miles to the south. There is no known oil and gas potential in the area, but most of the Compartment is leased for development.

**Vehicle Access:** Access to the compartment is good along Dump Rd to the east off North Black River Rd. Dump Rd contains some deep depressions that will need to be filled and very poorly drained soil to the east will most-likely create soil rutting problems, if used during the spring. Access using Mud Creek Rd from the south is good; however, seasonal wetness limits use of this road as well.

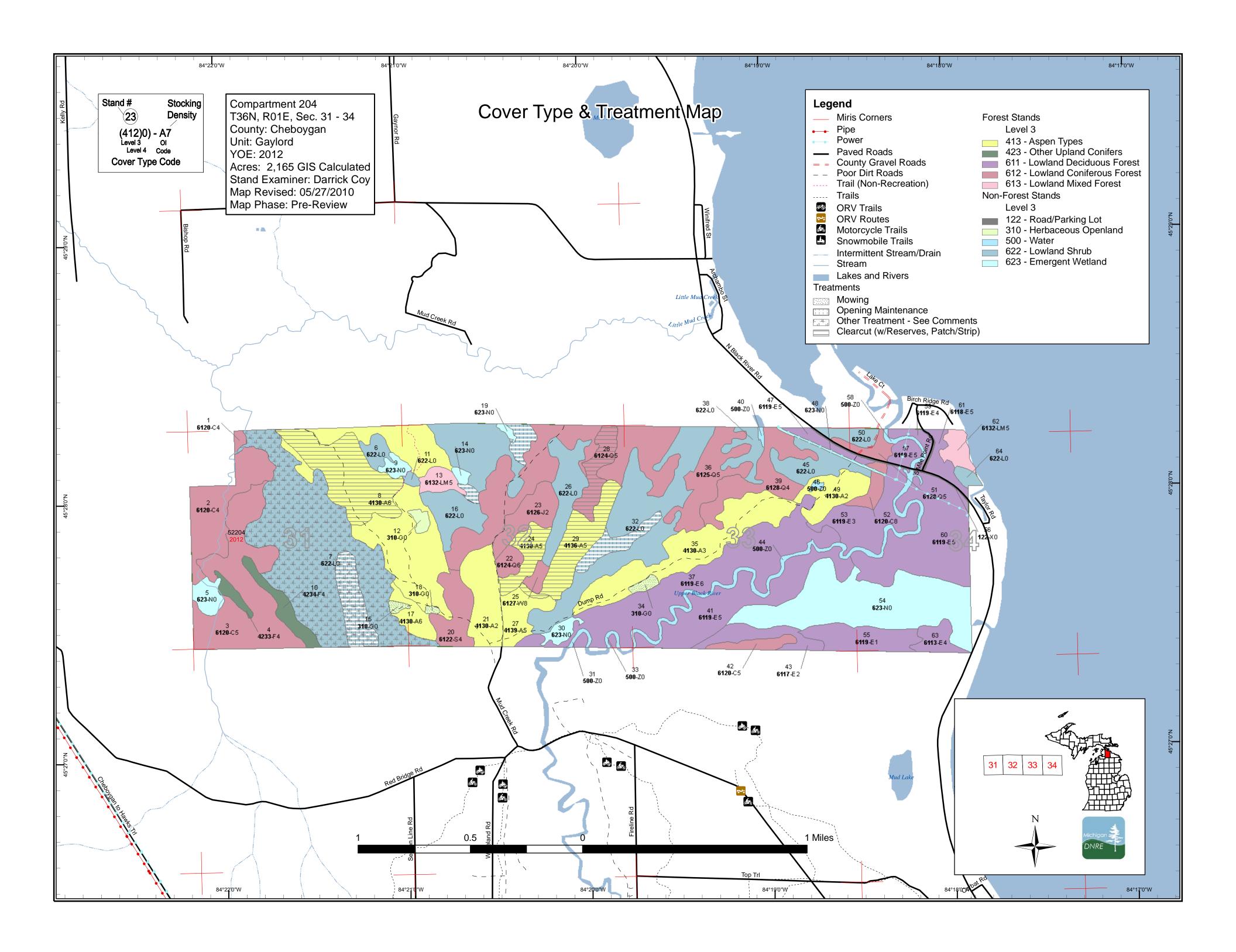
**Survey Needs:** None. One proposed treatment boarders private property to the north. Given the small treatment distance from east to west, no survey assistance should be needed.

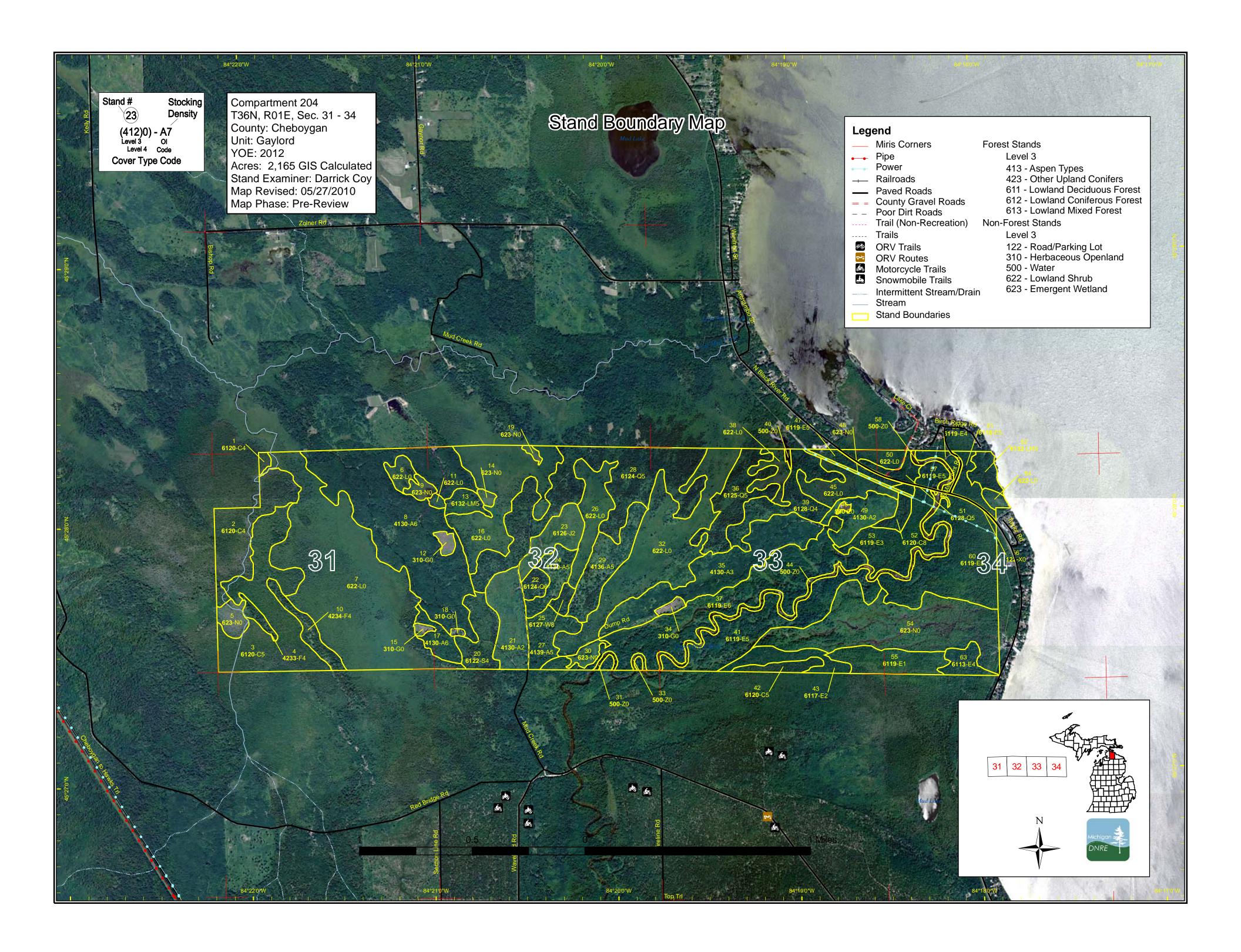
**Recreational Facilities and Opportunities:** There are no recreational facilities within the compartment. Hunting is the only recreational use within the compartment and within private land to the north. A few abandoned hunting blinds were found throughout the compartment.

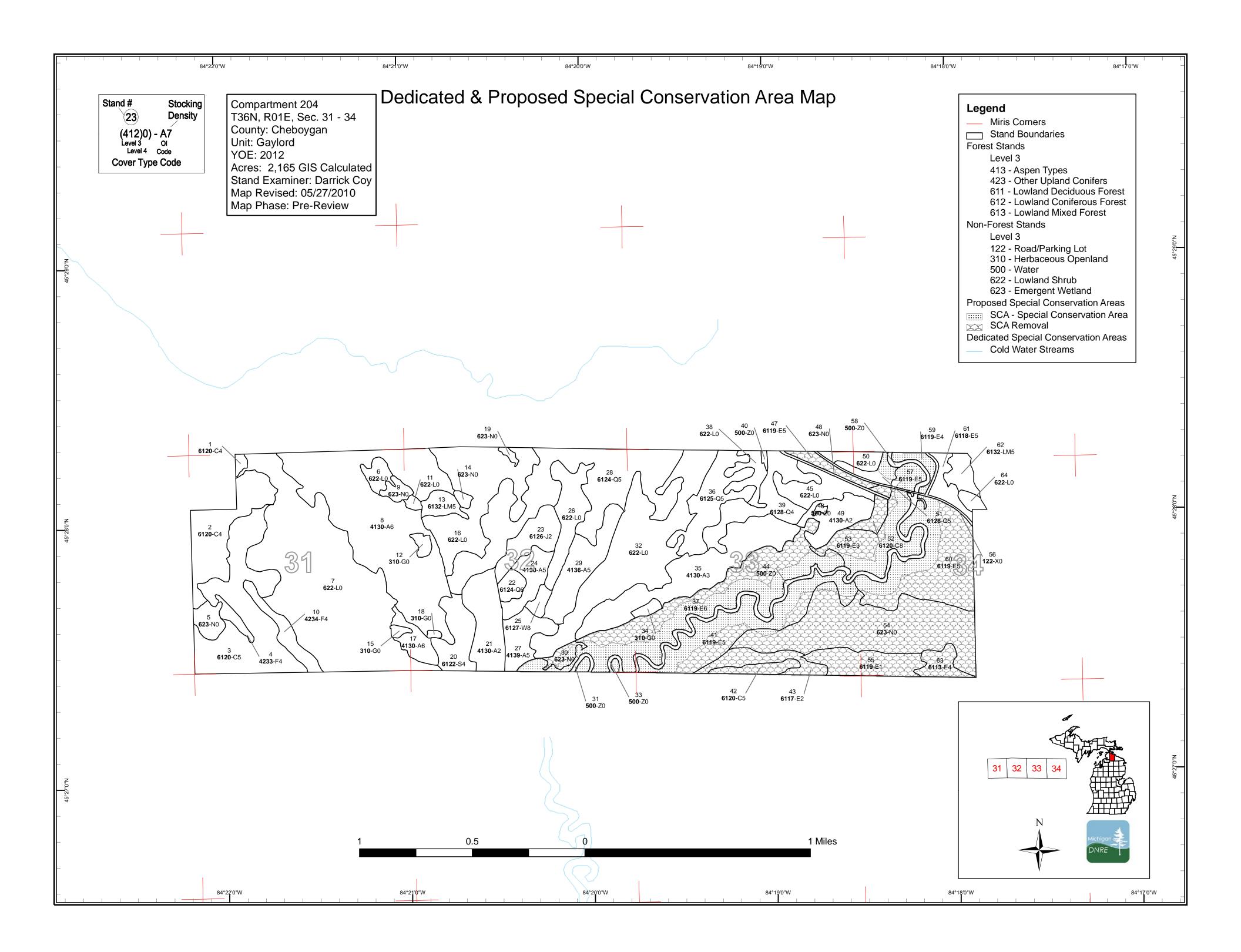
**Fire Protection:** Minimal protection needed due to wetness. Higher risk area for fire during periods of extended drought.

### **Additional Compartment Information:**

- > The following 3 reports from the IFMAP Inventory System are attached:
  - **♦** Cover Type by Age Class
  - **♦** Proposed Treatments No Limiting Factors
  - **♦** Proposed Treatments With Limiting Factors
- > The following information is displayed, where pertinent, on the attached compartment maps:
  - **♦** Base feature information, stand numbers, cover types
  - **♦** Proposed treatments
  - ♦ Proposed road access system
  - ♦ Suggested potential and current SCA's







Gaylord Mgt. Unit

(Level 3 Cover Type)

Age Class

Compartment 204 Year of Entry 2012



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	Not Not	No.	   32	, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,	di-		AD. A.	18 / S	800	10° /	\$ 6.	850	00,00	\\ \si_1'\d'\\\ \si_2'\d'\\\\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\		, \$ <sup>2</sup>
Aspen Types	0	0	66	83	228	60	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	437	
Emergent Wetland	172	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	172	
Herbaceous Openland	12	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	12	
Lowland Coniferous Forest	0	0	26	0	0	0	36	6	0	0	0	0	3	0	408	478	
Lowland Deciduous Forest	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	17	100	94	202	0	0	0	33	446	
Lowland Mixed Forest	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	22	22	
Lowland Shrub	532	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	532	l

Other Upland Conifers

Road/Parking Lot

Water

Total



# **Table 2 – Proposed Treatment Summaries**

Gaylord Mgt. Unit

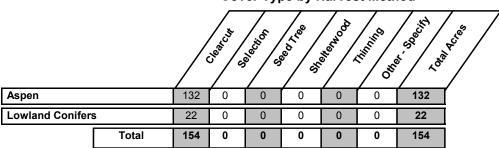
Compartment 204 Year of Entry 2012 **Total Compartment Acres: 2165** 

#### **Acres by Treatment Type**

Commercial Harvest - 154 Site Prep - 0 Tree Planting - 0 Prescribed Burn - 0 Other - 229

Habitat Cut - 0 Tree Seeding - 0 Pesticide - 0 Opening Maintenance - 40

#### **Cover Type by Harvest Method**



Compartment: 204 Gaylord Mgt. Unit Table 3 -- Treatments Prescribed Year of Entry 2012 with No Limiting Factor s t а **Treatment** Acres Stage1 Size Stand **Treatment Treatment** Cover Type **Approval** n CoverType Method Objective d Name Density Age Type Status 8 52204008-Cut 70.3 4130 - Aspen High Density Pole 37 Harvest Clearcut with Aspen Cmpt. Review Reserves Proposal Prescription -clearcut -retention pockets (3-10% of treatment area) Specs: Other -avoid harvesting in early spring due to access two-tracks being excessively wet Comments: **Next** -monitor success of regeneration per Work Instructions <u>Steps:</u> 24 52204024-Cut 20.0 4130 - Aspen Medium Density 52 Harvest Clearcut with Aspen Cmpt. Review Pole Reserves Proposal Prescription -clearcut -leave all White Pine, Oak, & Black Spruce Specs: -retention pockets (3-7% of treatment area) should focus on including some overmature Aspen -add spec to protect advanced Oak regeneration and Juneberry Other -access will be using Dump or Mud Creek Roads Comments: -Dump Road needs repair/fill -red-line during summer or fall to identify wet areas -connect treatment boundary with stand 29 to allow access to multiple treatment areas, south of stand 25 Next -monitor success of regeneration per Work Instructions -acceptable regeneration will most-likely be Aspen Steps: **52204028-Cut** 22.0 6122 - Black Spruce 60 Lowland Coniferous, 28 Medium Density Harvest Clearcut with Cmpt. Review Pole Reserves Mixed Deciduous Proposal Prescription -clearcut during mid summer to late fall to limit potential rutting -require whole-tree skidding (using multiple trails) through stand and south through west 1/2 of stand 29 where Aspen has not established Specs: -leave all White Pine -retention pockets (3-7% of treatment area should focus on including some overmature Aspen -add spec to protect advanced Oak regeneration and Juneberry <u>Other</u> -red-line during summer or fall to identify wet areas -potential access using North PVT two-track running East off Mud Creek Rd Comments: -East PVT gate owner- Jefferey Mann (734-624-6793) -North PVT gate owner- Leonard Salvaggio (586-296-6779) **Next** -monitor success of regeneration per Work Instructions -acceptable regeneration will most-likely be a mix of Jack Pine, Aspen, and mixed conifer Steps: 52204029-Cut 41.7 4136 - Aspen, Medium Density Clearcut with Aspen, Mixed Conifer Cmpt. Review 29 47 Harvest Mixed Conifer Reserves Pole Proposal Prescription -clearcut during mid summer to late fall to limit potential rutting Specs: -leave all White Pine, Oak, and Black Spruce -retention pockets (3-7% of treatment area) should focus on including some overmature Aspen -mark White Pine to cut only to improve skidder access from the south -add spec to protect advance Oak regeneration and Juneberry Other -access will be using Dump or Mud Creek Roads

Comments:

Next Steps: -Dump Road needs repair/fill

-red-line during summer or fall to identify wet areas

-monitor success of regeneration per Work Instructions

-acceptable regeneration will most-likely be Aspen & Mixed Conifer

-connect treatment boundary with stand 24, south of stand 25, where skidding access is good (dry) -possible chipvan access and landing establishment within stand 29 will depend on level of wetness

Compartment: 204 Gaylord Mgt. Unit Table 3 -- Treatments Prescribed with No Limiting Factor Year of Entry 2012 s t а **Treatment** Acres Stage1 Size Stand **Treatment Treatment** Cover Type **Approval** n Name CoverType Density Method Objective Status d Age Type NF\_52204007-0 7 28.4 Unspecified Non-Forest **Brush Cutting** Mixed lowland shrub Cmpt. Review bc Management Proposal Prescription -strip cut alder in the winter or spring to produce rapid resprouting Specs: Other Comments: <u>Next</u> Steps: NF\_52204015-2.3 Unspecified 0 Non-Forest Mowing Mixed Upland Cmpt. Review NonFor Management Herbaceous Proposal Prescription -mow area during growing season to prevent tree/shrub encroachment along forested edges Specs: <u>Other</u> Comments: **Next** Steps: NF\_52204016- 12.0 Unspecified 0 **Brush Cutting** 16 Non-Forest Mixed lowland shrub Cmpt. Review NonFor Management Proposal Prescription -strip cut alder in the winter or spring to produce rapid resprouting Specs: Other Comments: **Next** Steps: NF\_52204018-Unspecified 0 Non-Forest Mixed Upland Cmpt. Review 18 1.3 Mowing NonFor Management Herbaceous Proposal Prescription -mow area during growing season to prevent tree/shrub encroachment along forested edges Specs: Other | Comments: <u>Next</u> Steps: NF 52204032- 16.3 32 Unspecified 0 Non-Forest **Brush Cutting** Mixed lowland shrub Cmpt. Review NonFor Management Proposal Prescription -strip cut alder in the winter or spring to produce rapid resprouting Specs: <u>Other</u> Comments: <u>Next</u> Steps: NF\_52204034-3.8 Unspecified 0 Non-Forest Mowing Mixed Upland Cmpt. Review Management Herbaceous Proposal NonFor Prescription -mow area during growing season to prevent tree/shrub encroachment along forested edges Specs: <u>Other</u> Comments:

Next Steps:

Gaylord Mgt. Unit Table 3 -- Treatments Prescribed Compartment: 204 with No Limiting Factor Year of Entry 2012 s t **Treatment Treatment** Acres Stage1 Size Stand **Treatment Cover Type Approval** n CoverType Density Method Objective Status Name Age Type d 7 NF\_52204007 228.8 Unspecified 0 Other Unspecified Mixed lowland shrub Cmpt. Review \_phrag Proposal

<u>Prescription</u> -apply foliar herbicide treatment to phragmites patches throughout stand <u>Specs:</u>

Other -use/apply Glyphosate (1-2% AI) + Imazapyr (1-2% AI) mix after full tasseling until the first killing frost (August-mid October)

Comments:

Next Steps:

**Total Treatment** 

Acreage Proposed: 446.8

Gaylord Mgt. Unit Table 4 -- Treatments Prescribed with a Limiting Factor

Size

Density

Stage1

CoverType

**Treatment** 

Type

Stand

Age

**Treatment** 

Method

Compartment: 204 Year of Entry 2012

**Cover Type** 

Objective

Michigan DNRE DNRE

Status

Prescription

Specs:

n

Other Comment:

Next Steps:

<u>Limiting Factor and No</u> <u>Treatment Reason</u>

**Treatment** 

Name

Acres

Total Treatment Acreage Proposed:

0

s t	Gaylord Mgt. Unit				ested Sta Method: IFM	Michigan 3
a n d	Level 4 Cover Type	Size Density	Acres	Stand Age	BA Range	General Comments:
1	6120 - Lowland Cedar	Low Density Pole	2.5	110	171-200	
2	6120 - Lowland Cedar	Low Density Pole	54.9	Uneven Age	171-200	-wet-0-1ft standing water -pockets of high and low Cedar mortality within interior of stand and around stand edges due to increasing wetness from creek adjacent and within stand -a fair amount of canopy trees are lacking in live crown vigor and are starting to show partial dieback -less Cedar and Black Spruce mortality towards the west portion of stand
3	6120 - Lowland Cedar	Medium Density Pole	103.5	Uneven Age	111-140	-wet-0-1/2ft standing water -some of the larger Black Spruce are starting to die out in the overstory -pockets of Cedar blowdown
4	42330 - Upland Fir	Low Density Pole	6.0	Uneven Age	1-50	-narrow strip of higher ground, considered upland
8	4130 - Aspen	High Density Pole	190.0	37		-5-8 inch Quaking Aspen stand with heavy amounts of sapling Balsam Fir in subcanopy -traces of Bigtooth Aspen along higher ground -Quaking Aspen on a wetter/poorer/more rolling site to the NE corner of the stand -significant amount of Balsam Fir within the subcanopy and canopy south of the wetland to the north, Quaking Aspen still dominant in this area
10	42340 - Upland Spruce/Fir	Low Density Pole	16.5	Uneven Age	1-50	-narrow strip of higher ground, considered upland
13	6132 - Mixed Lowland Forest with Cedar	Medium Density Pole	10.5	Uneven Age	51-80	-wet-0-1/2ft standing water -some log-sized Cedar trees falling into the general canopy making gaps for regenerating Black Ash -significant log-sized Quaking Aspen blowdown along NW perimeter of stand
17	4130 - Aspen	High Density Pole	14.5	37		-understory is heavy to balsam fir -older Quaking Aspen to the south end of stand with Bigtooth Aspen near opening to the north -wet toward south end of stand -log-sized Quaking Aspen at southern-most portion of stand, occupies about 25% of stand
20	6122 - Black Spruce	Low Density Pole	28.0	57	1-50	-barely forested -mostly pole Black Spruce on edges with saplings towards the interior
21	4130 - Aspen	Medium Density	39.5	17		-mediocre regeneration of Quaking Aspen -poorer Quaking Aspen regen areas are to the north and middle of the stand that are lightly forested and have been filled in with scattered traces of Black Spruce
22	6124 - Lowland Spruce- Fir	High Density Pole	8.3	57	81-110	-wet-0-1/2ft standing water

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a n d	Level 4 Cover Type	Size Density	Acres	Stand Age	BA Range	General Comments:
23	6126 - Lowland Jack Pine	Medium Density	25.5	17	1-50	-stand was cut in 1993 with stand to the adjacent SW -mediocre regeneration of Jack Pine -best Jack Pine regen is within skid trails -lightly forested pockets of other conifers and Quaking Aspen scattered throughout
24	4130 - Aspen	Medium Density Pole	20.0	47		-wet -predominantly Quaking Aspen with traces of Bigtooth Aspen -heavy browse on Red Maple seedlings under Aspen -rather short Quaking Aspen, losing vigor and is of poor quality (3-4) stick average volumes -fairly low density of Quaking Aspen clones
25	6127 - Lowland Pine	Medium Density Log	5.7	64	111-140	-wet-0-1/2ft standing water -pocket of White Pine poles/logs with supercanopy White and Red Pine
27	4139 - Aspen, Mixed Deciduous	Medium Density Pole	23.8	37		-stand has a few scattered super canopy conifers going through middle of the stand -pole-sized Red Maple throughout with declining/decaying log-sized Quaking Aspen to the East and smaller developing Bigtooth Apen to the SW -mediocre quality Red Maple -good vigorous Bigtooth Aspen
28	6124 - Lowland Spruce- Fir	Medium Density Pole	135.7	Uneven Age	81-110	-wet-0-1/2ft standing water -Jack Pine primarily located in north-central portion of stand, majority is in 7-10 in dbh -Jack Pine is poor quality (1-2 sticks/large limbs), will be dying out soon and converting to Black spruce and Balsam Fir -3-5 stick pole/log Quaking Aspen towards the north-central portion of stand will be dying out within the next 1-2 rotations -heavy to pole Black Spruce along NE portion of stand, average BA is 110 for this portion
29	4136 - Aspen, Mixed Conifer	Medium Density Pole	39.7	47		-wet -scattered traces of pole sized mixed conifer to the north and dense conifer pockets to the south, mostly Black Spruce -rather heavy browse on Red Maple saplings -lightly forested pockets throughout stand -rather short Quaking Aspen, losing vigor and is of poor quality (2-3) stick average volumes -fairly low density of Quaking Aspen clones -heavy to Red Maple and Nannyberry under established Quaking Aspen clones
35	4130 - Aspen	High Density Sapling	83.4	22		-young quality 20 to 30 ft tall Aspen stand with a few scattered supercanopy White Pine trees
36	6125 - Lowland Black Spruce, Jack Pine	Medium Density Pole	42.6	Uneven Age	81-110	-wet-0-1/2' standing water in pockets -pole-sized Jack Pine and Black Spruce in narrow strips or pockets -lowland shrub patches stratifying forested portions -poor quality Jack Pine (1-2 stick)

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a n d	Level 4 Cover Type	Size Density	Acres	Stand Age	BA Range	General Comments:
37	6119 - Mixed Lowland Deciduous Forest	High Density Pole	128.3	95	81-110	-wet-0-1/2ft standing water -stand is mostly pole-sized with pockets of sawlog sized Red Maple that are of rather poor form and declining vigor -average quality lowland deciduous forest -subcanopy trees are a bit lacking
39	6128 - Lowland Coniferous, Mixed Deciduous	Low Density Pole	42.0	Uneven Age	1-50	-fairly open wet stand of scattered White Pine and Black Spruce -wet-0-1/2' standing water
41	6119 - Mixed Lowland Deciduous Forest	Medium Density Pole	73.5	95	81-110	
42	6120 - Lowland Cedar	Medium Density Pole	9.8	Uneven Age	111-140	-wet-0-1ft standing water -pockets of fallen cedar and evidences of gap dynamics occuring within the stand -10-15% of canopy cedar showing mortality
43	6117 - Lowland Deciduous, Mixed Coniferous	Medium Density	21.0	Uneven Age	51-80	-wet-0-1ft standing water -mostly sapling sized stagnant Ash and Balsam Poplar
47	6119 - Mixed Lowland Deciduous Forest	Medium Density Pole	8.9	69	51-80	-narrow forested strip along Black River Rd left as a buffer to QA 1993 clearcut to the west -stand contains a small pocket of dense Balsam Fir with log sized red oak to SE portion of stand -wet-0-1/2ft standing water
49	4130 - Aspen	Medium Density	26.5	17		-Balsam Fir dominant in SE portion of stand (less than 5 acres)- May look to making Balsam Fir area its own stand at next inventory, would like to give Aspen regen more time before making the changestand was clearcut in 1993.
51	6128 - Lowland Coniferous, Mixed Deciduous	Medium Density Pole	9.2	Uneven Age	51-80	-wet- 0-1/2ft standing water -Cedar more prevalent towards east side of stand
52	6120 - Lowland Cedar	Medium Density Log	10.1	Uneven Age	81-110	-stand contains some of the largest and oldest conifers in compartment -heavy in Cedar and Black Spruce
53	6119 - Mixed Lowland Deciduous Forest	High Density Sapling	47.2	76	51-80	-wet-0-1/2ft standing water -sapling Black Ash are establishing a new lower canopy due to log-sized Aspen and Red Maple dying out -stand contains some scattered log-sized Red Maple and dense mixed conifer near/ajacent to the upper black river -stand contains a relatively high amount of log-sized down coarse woody debris
55	6119 - Mixed Lowland Deciduous Forest	Low Density Sapling	32.5	75	51-80	-less large log sized Red Maple in canopy than adjacent stand to the east -wet-0-2ft standing water
57	6119 - Mixed Lowland Deciduous Forest	Medium Density Pole	8.5	63	51-80	-wet-0-1/2ft standing water -less conifer and species diversity than stand to the NW

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a n d	Level 4 Cover Type	Size Density	Acres	Stand Age	BA Range	General Comments:
59	6119 - Mixed Lowland Deciduous Forest	Low Density Pole	6.8	75	51-80	-wet-0-1/2' standing water -fairly open stand canopy in some locations due to pockets of small shrubs/stagnant regeneration towards the middle of the stand
60	6119 - Mixed Lowland Deciduous Forest	Medium Density Pole	94.4	83	51-80	-wet-0-1/2ft standing water -some Cedar blowdown in pockets -canopy is mostly poor quality Red Maple and Ash
61	6118 - Lowland Deciduous with Cedar	Medium Density Pole	12.3	Uneven Age	81-110	-wet-0-1/2ft standing water
62	6132 - Mixed Lowland Forest with Cedar	Medium Density Pole	11.5	Uneven Age	111-140	-dense Cedar in subcanopy with pockets of larger diameter Balsam Fir and Cedar throughout stand -fair amount of Cedar blowdown in larger diameter Cedar pockets -a 3-4 acre pocket of sawlog size Red Oak and Red Maple borders the NE corner of stand
63	6113 - Lowland Maple	Low Density Pole	13.3	72	51-80	-wet-0-1ft standing water -low canopy closure -scattered declining log-sized Red Maple with sapling Ash in canopy and sub-canopy

# 6 - Nonforested Stands Inventory Method: IFMAP

Compartment: 204 Year of Entry: 2012



Stand	Cover Type	Acres	Gen Cmts:
5	6233 - Wet Meadow	11.0	-cedar has died out in the overstory due to a water table rise -a beaver dam to the NW of the stand is most likely the cause of cedar mortality
6	6220 - Alder/willow	8.7	
7	6229 - Mixed lowland shrub	228.9	
9	6239 - Mixed Emergent Wetland	6.1	
11	6220 - Alder/willow	2.3	
12	3102 - Grass	4.2	
14	6233 - Wet Meadow	2.7	
15	3105 - Mixed Upland Herbaceous	2.3	
16	6229 - Mixed lowland shrub	84.9	
18	3105 - Mixed Upland Herbaceous	1.3	
19	6233 - Wet Meadow	2.0	
26	6229 - Mixed lowland shrub	32.8	
30	6239 - Mixed Emergent Wetland	7.0	New stand added.
31	50 - Water	2.0	
32	6229 - Mixed lowland shrub	120.7	
33	50 - Water	1.5	
34	3105 - Mixed Upland Herbaceous	3.8	
38	6229 - Mixed lowland shrub	13.6	

Gaylord Mgt. Unit

# 6 - Nonforested Stands Inventory Method: IFMAP

Compartment: 204 Year of Entry: 2012



Stand	Cover Type	Acres	Gen Cmts:
40	50 - Water	1.2	
44	50 - Water	28.5	
45	6229 - Mixed lowland shrub	25.0	
46	50 - Water	1.2	-Wet (pond)
48	623 - Emergent Wetland	3.3	
50	6229 - Mixed lowland shrub	10.2	
54	6239 - Mixed Emergent Wetland	139.9	
56	122 - Road/Parking Lot	5.5	
58	50 - Water	3.9	
64	6220 - Alder/willow	4.5	

Gaylord Mgt. Unit Compartment: 204

Year of Entry: 2012



### 7 - PROPOSED SPECIAL CONSERVATION AREA\* (SCA) DETAILS

\* This is a partial list of SCAs for this compartment. Not included are those areas identified under other Department initiatives (Natural Rivers, Deer Wintering Areas, etc.). Those will be identified in separate, future map and report products.

**Inventory Method: IFMAP** 

Stand	SCA Type	SCA Name	Acres	Comments
60	SCA Removal	SCA Removal- No Unique Features	389.5	-stands are poor representations of old growth- remove SCA designations -no unique features identified -reasoning for removal- stands or sites may be older through lack of timber harvesting activities, however, fluctuations in seasonal wetness and poor site quality are limiting vegetation from reaching or creating old growth forest conditions
37	Unique Site - SCA	SCA- Riparian Corridor	207.4	-maintain as SCA for riparian corridor protection/buffer -stands adjacent or within 300ft of the Black River contain the spawning and migration riparian corridors for lake sturgeon -no proposed treatments are to occur within the 300 feet of Black River to maintain these corridors

Gaylord Mgt. Unit

Compartment: 204 Year of Entry 2012



#### 8 - DEDICATED CONSERVATION AREA DETAILS

\* This is a list of Dedicated Biodiversity Areas for this compartment along with a 1/4 mile buffer surrounding the compartment. Refer to Dedicated Conservation Area Map for areas that the below listed Conservation Areas are located.

Conservation Area	n Type	Description	ERA = Ecological Reference Area HCVA = High Conservation Value Area SCA = Special Conservation Area
SCA	Cold Water Stream	A coldwater stream has temperature and dissolved oxygen cond stocked trout populations and those of other coldwater fish speci year to year. Coldwater streams in Michigan typically provide the contributions of groundwater to their stream flows. Such streams designated as trout resources by Fisheries Order 210.	es (e.g., slimy sculpin) to persist from se conditions due to substantial
SCA	Potential Old Growth Areas	This category contains stands were identified for a broad range of database as stand condition 8 as potential old growth (POG). A identified through the Operations Inventory (OI)/Compartment Re Entry 2008 and forward, potential old growth is managed for the through the Biodiversity Conservation Planning Process (BCPP) objective (as an ERA, HCVA, or other type of SCA) and is releas designation; or 2) it is released from the potential old growth desprocess.	Approximately 310,000 acres have been eview process. For stands in Year of identified objective until it is: 1) vetted and given a specific designation and ed from the potential old growth