

Compartment Review Presentation

Grayling Forest Management Unit

Compartment 72184 Entry Year 2026 Acreage: 1,766

County Crawford

Management Area: Camp Grayling

Stand Examiner: Joan Charlebois

Legal Description:

T26N R04W Sections 19, 20, 21

Identified Planning Goals:

This compartment is comprised of Hanson Reserve Lands which contain the following deed restrictions: The lands are (1) to be used as a permanent encampment and maneuvering ground for the military, (2) to serve as a game preserve for the breeding and protection of game, and (3) to serve as a forest reserve. The primary goal is to provide for military training while maintaining forest health, productivity, sustainability, species and structural diversity throughout the compartment while meeting the Hanson deed restrictions.

Soil and topography:

The dominant soil series are Grayling and Graycalm-Grayling sands on rolling to steep terrain. The northwest outwash plains have Rubicon and Croswell sands, grading into the swamp's Tawas and Leafriver mucks.

Ownership Patterns, Development, and Land Use in and Around the Compartment:

Hanson Reserve Lands were given to the National Guard, DMA by Rasmus Hanson in 1913, with several deed restrictions as outlined under the management objective. These restrictions have tasked the DNR with managing the natural resources on these lands as long as management activities do not conflict with military needs. In addition, hunting is prohibited on these lands.

Unique Natural Features:

There is the potential for rare plants and animals to be associated with the Lake Margrethe basin, Bear Swamp, and dry upland pine sites.

Archeological, Historical, and Cultural Features:

There are known concerns within the compartment. All proposed management activities have taken these concerns into consideration.

Special Management Designations or Considerations:

This compartment is designated as a Military Special Conservation Area (SCA) and contains part of the fenced Small Arms Ranges and Camp Grayling Cantonment Area. It is also part of the Hanson Military Reserve, with goals and restrictions as noted above.

Watershed and Fisheries Considerations:

The compartment borders the west side of Lake Margarethe, which is popular for cool water sport fishing and recreational watercraft use.

Wildlife Habitat Considerations:

Because it is part of the Hanson Refuge, hunting is prohibited. The Bear Swamp (most of it north of the compartment) is a winter deer-yarding area.

Mineral Resource and Development Concerns and/or Restrictions

No known potential exists for commercial metallic mineral production in this part of the state. The closest known sand/gravel pit is less than two miles southeast, which is owned and operated by the DMVA. There is potential for sand & gravel within the compartment, but the DNR has no authority to extract aggregate resources or lease the rights to sand & gravel. The closest oil & gas production, past or present is roughly three miles away. The compartment is within the Camp Grayling reservation and long-term lease area and includes lands deeded to the State Military Board and Hanson grant lands. The State does not control the mineral rights within the compartment, and the mineral rights are classified as non-leasable.

Vehicle Access:

The compartment is entirely within the fenced Small Arms Range complex. Access within those areas is restricted and managed by Range Control.

Survey Needs:

None needed

Recreational Facilities and Opportunities:

Due to the deed restrictions and fenced ranges, there are no designated recreational facilities, and dispersed use is limited.

Fire Protection:

The Camp Grayling Fire Department monitors active ranges for fire starts and conducts initial attack with on-camp resources. The MDNR assists with fire suppression at the military's request and with coordination through Range Control.

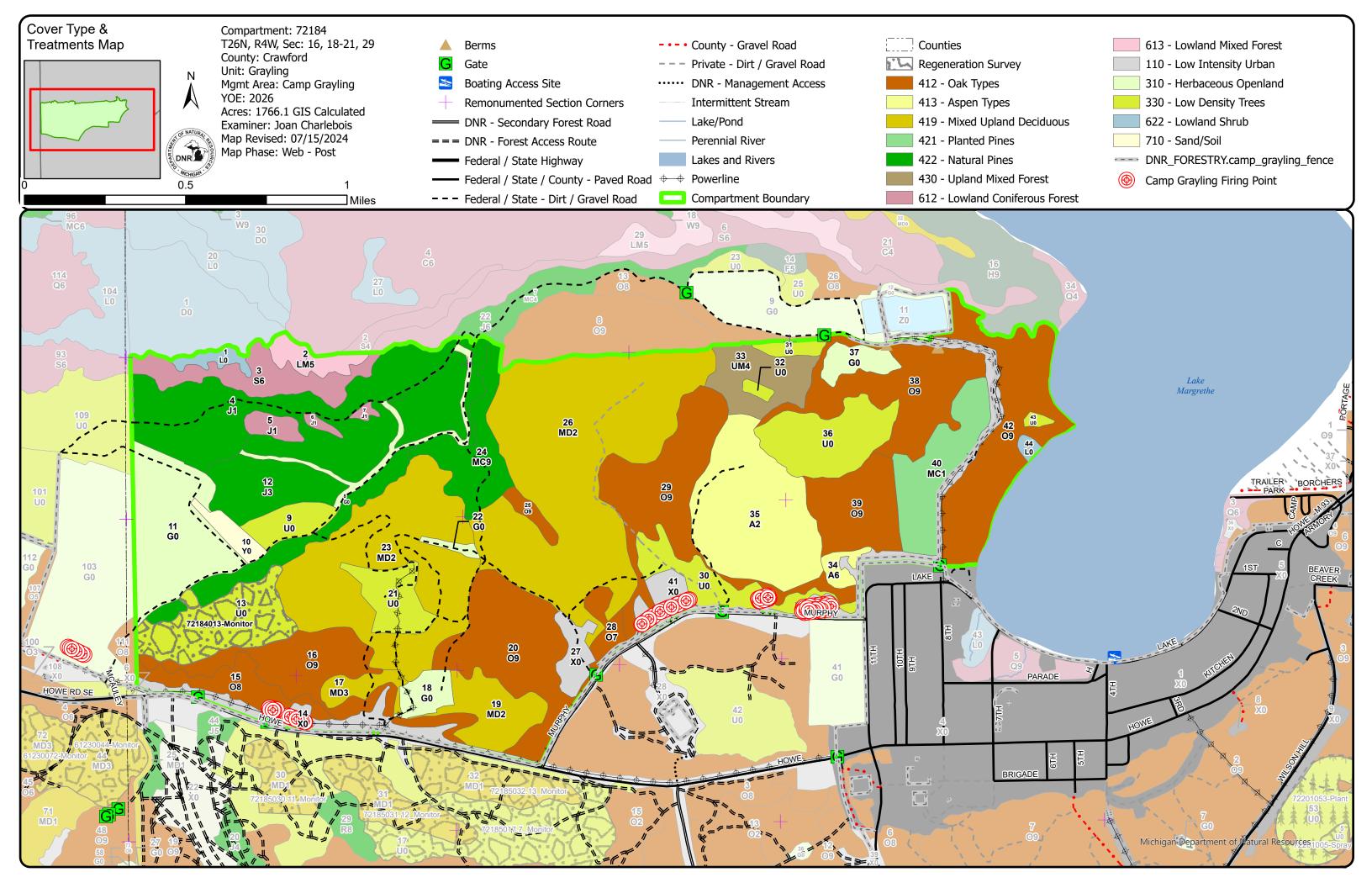
Additional Compartment Information:

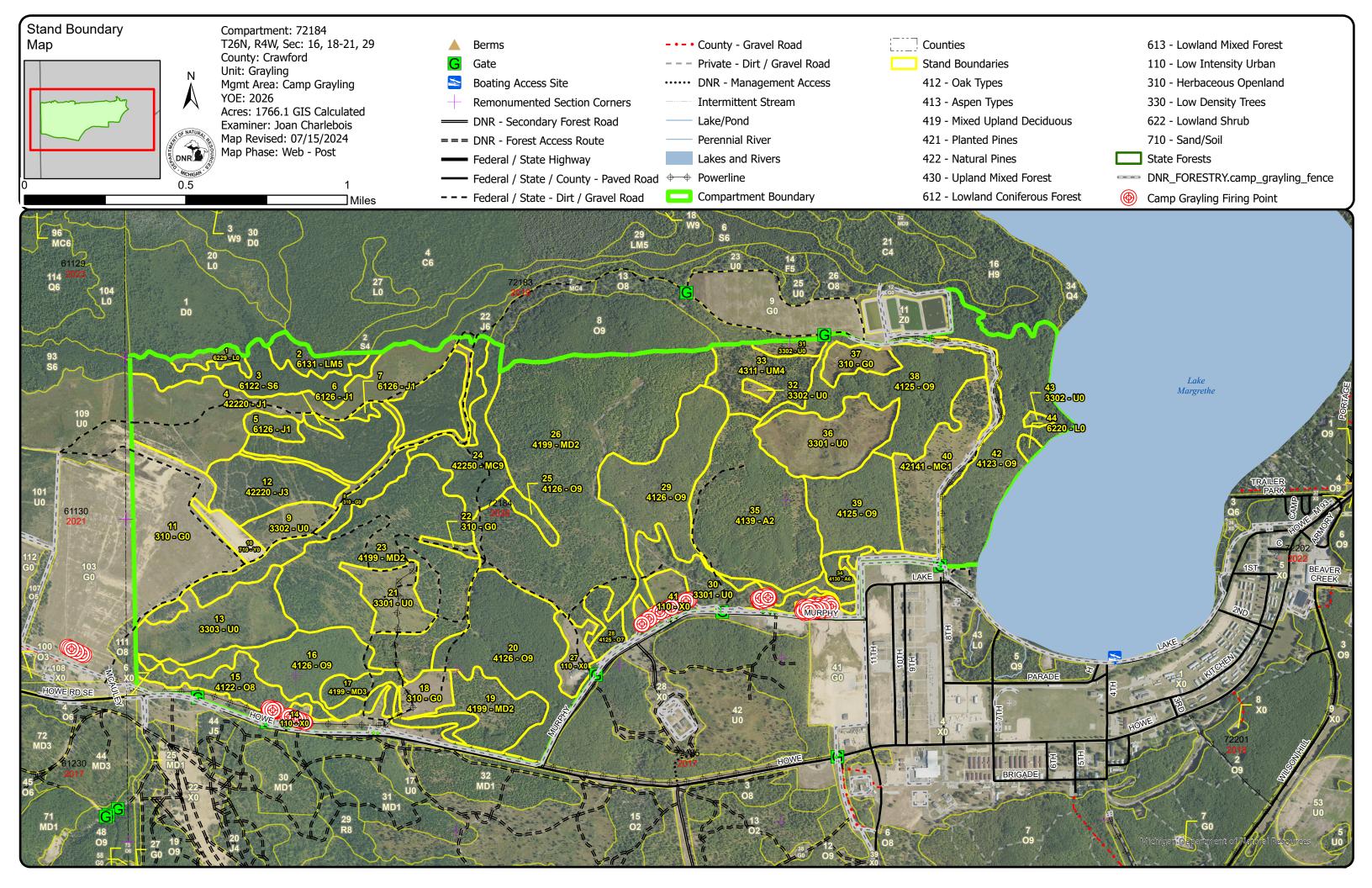
The following reports from the Inventory are attached:

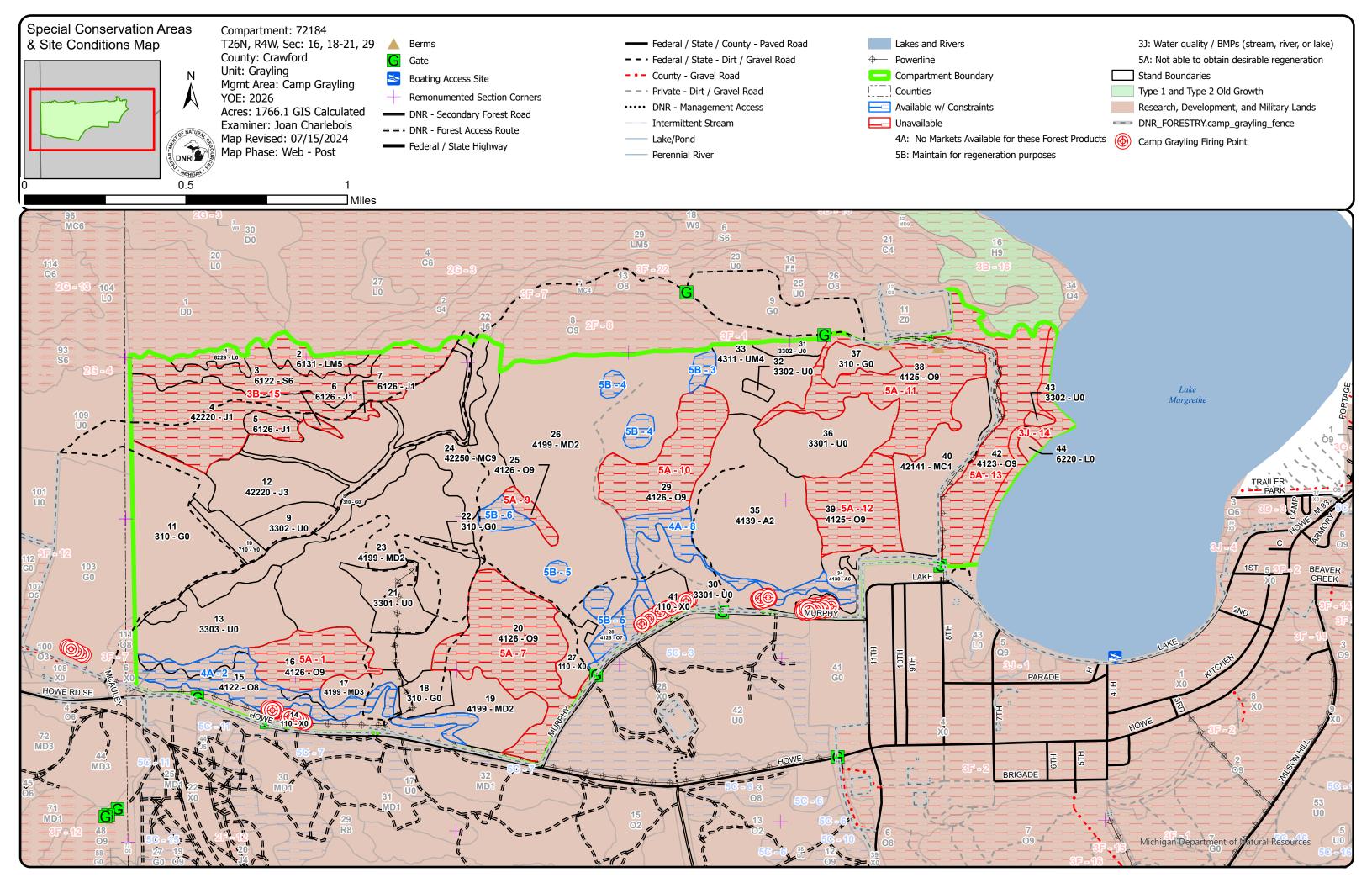
Total Acres by Cover Type and Age Class
Cover Type by Harvest Method
Proposed Treatments – No Limiting Factors
Proposed Treatments – With Limiting Factors
Stand Details (Forested and Nonforested)
Dedicated and Proposed Special Conservation Areas
Site Condition Details

The following information is displayed, where pertinent, on the attached compartment maps:

Base feature information, stand boundaries, cover types, and numbers Proposed treatments
Site condition boundaries
Details on the road access system







Report 1 – Total Acres by Cover Type and Age Class

Grayling Mgt. Unit

Compartment 184 Year of Entry 2026

Joan Charlebois : Examiner



Age Class

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	¥oc €	S. S	3 / 8	2 \ 2 \ 2 \ 2 \ 2 \ 2 \ 2 \ 2 \ 2 \ 2 \	\$ \ \x	3 / 1	S S	3/8	\$ / 1		\$ \ \$			\$\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \		S. S.	8 4	y Jue	1.00 X
Aspen	0	0	96	0	0	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	102
Herbaceous Openland	114	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	114
Jack Pine	0	89	0	148	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	237
Low-Density Trees	175	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	175
Lowland Mixed Forest	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	13	0	0	0	0	0	13
Lowland Shrub	9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	9
Lowland Spruce/Fir	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	37	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	37
Mixed Upland Deciduous	0	0	409	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	409
Natural Mixed Pines	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	37	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	37
Oak	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	87	274	88	6	0	0	0	455
Planted Mixed Pines	0	46	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	46
Sand, Soil	9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	9
Upland Mixed Forest	0	0	0	0	0	0	33	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	33
Urban	92	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	92
Total	399	135	505	148	0	6	33	37	0	37	0	87	287	88	6	0	0	0	1768



Report 2 – Treatment Summary

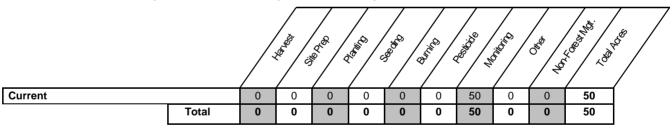
Grayling Mgt. Unit Year of Entry: 2026

Acres of Harvest

Compartment 184
Total Compartment Acres: 1,766

Commercial Harvest Harvests with Site Condition - 0
Next Step Harvest - 0
Habitat Cut - 0

Proposed and Next Step Treatments by Method



S t		Graylin	g Mgt. Unit	I	Repoi	rt3 1	reatments [Compartmen Year of Entry		DNR
a n d	Treatment Name	Acres	Stand CoverType	Size Density	Stand Age	BA Range	Treatment Type	Treatment Method	Cover Type Objective	Age Structure	Habitat Cut
opose	d Treatmen	ıts:									
13	72184013- Monitor	50.3	3303 - Mixed Low Density Trees	Nonstocke	d 0	Unspec ified	Monitoring	Natural Regen (Re-Inventory)	4319 - Mixed Upland Forest	Even-Aged	No
Presc Specs	ription check	regen									
Next S	Step_										
Treati	ments:										
Accep Reger		es a mix o	f oak, red maple, as	spen & pine,	with po	oorly stock	ked inclusions.				
Other Comn											
Site C	<u>Condition</u>										

Total Treatment Acreage Proposed: 50.3

Proposed Start Date: 10/1 /2033

Grayling Mgt. Unit

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Compartment: 184
Year of Entry: 2026

Availa	ability for	Managemer	nt						
Total	Acres	Acres Avail	Acres		Domina	nt Site	e Cond	dition	s
Acres	Available	With Condition	Not Available		4A	5B	3B	3J	5A
103	103	0	0	Aspen					
114	113	0	0	Herbaceous Openland			0		
237	137	0	100	Jack Pine			100		
175	175	0	0	Low-Density Trees				0	
13	0	0	13	Lowland Mixed Forest			13		
9	3	0	7	Lowland Shrub			7		
37	0	0	37	Lowland Spruce/Fir			37		
408	386	22	0	Mixed Upland Deciduous		22			
37	37	0	0	Natural Mixed Pines		0			
455	0	87	368	Oak	77	10		21	347
46	46	0	0	Planted Mixed Pines					
9	9	0	0	Sand, Soil					
33	33	0	0	Upland Mixed Forest		0			
92	92	0	0	Urban					
1,766	1,133	109	524	Total Forested Acres	77	32	157	21	347
-	64%	6%	30%	Relative Percent		- · · · · ·	-		-

*Due to limitations in the current Site Conditions Analysis tool, all nonforested acres are considered available. Future development will enable analysis of nonforested types.

Site Dominant Site No. Cond Availability	Dominant Site Condition	Acres	Other Site Condition	Other Site Condition	Other Site Condition	Other Site Condition
1 Unavailable	5A: Not able to obtain desirable regeneration	35	Unspecified	Unspecified	Unspecified	Unspecified
Comments:						
2 Available	4A: No Markets Available for these Forest Products	48	Unspecified	Unspecified	Unspecified	Unspecified
Comments:						

Report 4 – Site Conditions

Grayling Mgt. Unit

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3	Available	5B: Maintain for regeneration purposes	4	Unspecified	Unspecified	Unspecified	Unspecified
	Comments: Marked-to-leave sl	helterwood-seed island within the	e larger o	elearcut stand. Was not	specified as retention.		
4	Available	5B: Maintain for regeneration purposes	8	Unspecified	Unspecified	Unspecified	Unspecified
	Comments: Marked-to-leave sl	helterwood-seed islands within tl	ne larger	clearcut stand. Was no	t specified as retention.		
5	Available	5B: Maintain for regeneration purposes	13	Unspecified	Unspecified	Unspecified	Unspecified
	Comments: Marked-to-leave sl	helterwood-seed islands within th	ne larger	clearcut stand. Was not	t specified as retention.		
6	Available	5B: Maintain for regeneration purposes	7	Unspecified	Unspecified	Unspecified	Unspecified
	Comments: Marked-to-leave sl	helterwood-seed island within the	e larger c	elearcut stand. Was not	specified as retention.		
7	Unavailable	5A: Not able to obtain desirable regeneration	77	Unspecified	Unspecified	Unspecified	Unspecified
	Comments:						
8	Available	4A: No Markets Available for these Forest Products	29	Unspecified	Unspecified	Unspecified	Unspecified
	Comments:						

Report 4 – Site Conditions

Grayling Mgt. Unit

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9	Unavailable	5A: Not able to obtain desirable regeneration	6	Unspecified	Unspecified	Unspecified	Unspecified
	Comments:						
10	Unavailable	5A: Not able to obtain desirable regeneration	52	Unspecified	Unspecified	Unspecified	Unspecified
(Comments:						
11	Unavailable	5A: Not able to obtain desirable regeneration	67	Unspecified	Unspecified	Unspecified	Unspecified
•	Comments:						
12	Unavailable	5A: Not able to obtain desirable regeneration	44	Unspecified	Unspecified	Unspecified	Unspecified
	Comments:						
13	Unavailable	5A: Not able to obtain desirable regeneration	67	Unspecified	Unspecified	Unspecified	Unspecified
(Comments:						
14	Unavailable	3J: Water quality / BMPs (stream, river, or lake)	21	Unspecified	Unspecified	Unspecified	Unspecified
	Comments: RMZ along the lake	e and shoreline wetlands.					

Report 4 – Site Conditions

Grayling Mgt. Unit

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Compartment: 184
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15	Unavailable	3B: Threatened, endangered, and special concern species	157	Unspecified	Unspecified	Unspecified	Unspecified
C	omments:						
Н	CVA Dedicated H	abitat Area					

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Mgt. Unit

Compartment: #Type!
Year of Entry:



Report 5 - PROPOSED SPECIAL CONSERVATION AREA* (SCA) DETAILS

* This is a partial list of SCAs for this compartment. Not included are those areas identified under other Department initiatives (Natural Rivers, Deer Wintering Areas, etc.). Those will be identified in separate, future map and report products.

SCA Name	SCA Category	Detail Type	Recommendation	Acres
Comments				

Grayling Mgt. Unit Compartment: 184
Year of Entry 2026



Report 6 – EXISTING SPECIAL CONSERVATION AREA DETAILS

* This is a list of SCA's for this compartment along with a 1/4 mile buffer surrounding the compartment. Refer to the Special Conservation Area Map for locations of the below listed Conservation Areas.

Conservation Area	Туре	Description	ERA = Ecological Reference Area HCVA = High Conservation Value Area SCA = Special Conservation Area
	esearch and lilitary Areas	include the 5,847 acre Forest Fire Experiment Sta Area, the Beaver Islands Archipelago Wildlife Rea High and Hog Islands, all state owned land on Be	ally dedicated for research, or other purposes. They ation, the 12,000 acre Houghton Lake Wildlife Research search Area (that includes most of Garden Island, all of eaver, South Fox and North Fox Islands), the Cusino ek Fisheries Research Station, the 125 acre Wyman s.

Stand	Level 4 Co	over Type	S	Size De	nsity	Acres	Stand Age E	BA Range	Managed S	Site	General Comments				
1	6229 - Mixed	l lowland sl	hrub	Nonsto	cked	6.8	L	Inspecified	No		2012 Range 8 spot fire burned dense black spruce swamp cover and a narrow dry ridge, leaving only scattered spruce and a few xlog WP. JP, spruce & tamarack are seeding in, mostly on the drier ground. Aside from the ridge, the stand is on saturated ground with patches of tag alder, marsh, leatherleaf, sheep laurel, & leatherleaf.				
2	6131 - Hemlock, \B	White Pine irch	, Maple, Pole	etimber	Mediu	m 13.2	114	1-50	N/A		Marginal mixed E/Q stand on saturated soil has varying cover in immature to overnature RM, black spruce, NWC, paper birch, &				
	Canopy Species	% Cover	Size Class	DBH	Age	Sub-Can	opy Species	Density	Avg. Height	Size	supercanopy WP. Understory is predominantly tag alder but there is locally high cover in RM saplings, and scattered black spruce regen.				
	White Pine	5	XLog/Log	22		Black	k Spruce	Low	< 5 feet	Sapling	Since last inventory, a cohort of subcanopy RM has recruited into the				
	Red Maple	50	Pole/Sap/Log	6	114	Michi	gan Holly	Trace	5 - 10 feet	Tall Shrub	canopy, shifting the stand's overall size class from log to pole. Carried				
	Black Spruce	25	Pole/Sapling	7	89	Red	d Maple	Medium	Variable	Sapling	forward the previous inventory age on the mature RM & the spruce age from stand 6. There are likely multiple age bands present but did not				
Nor	thern White Cedar	15	Log/Pole	12		Tag	g Alder	High	5 - 10 feet	Tall Shrub	core to confirm.				
3		ack Spruce		oletimb			89	51-80	N/A		Spindly black spruce, with JP mixing in along the transition ground margin and occasional WP, tamarack, RM & RP. Best growth is on the				
	Canopy Species	% Cover			Age		opy Species	_	Avg. Height	Size	drier transition ground. Spruce cover is dense, but not reflected in the				
	Black Spruce	90	Pole/Sapling	6	89		d Maple	Medium	Variable	Sapling	BA swings due to the proportion of large sapling material in the canopy.				
	White Pine	1	XLog/Log	22			Spruce	Low	5 - 10 feet	Sapling	RM is relatively common in the understory. Spot fires from the 2012 Range 8 fire crept through, leaving scattered dead trees. There is a				
	Tamarack	2	Pole/Sapling	6		Lea	therleaf	Low	< 5 feet	Tall Shrub	minor older age class in the spruce (113 yrs).				
	Jack Pine	7	Pole/Log	8		Shee	p Laurel	High	< 5 feet	Tall Shrub					
4	42220 - Nat	ural Jack P	Pine :	Sapling	Poor	88.6	8	Immature	N/A		Part of the stand burned in 2012. The rest had intact JP cover. Most of the stand was final harvested in fall 2016 (61-610-16-01) except for an				
	Canopy Species	% Cover	Size Class	DBH	Age	Sub-Can	opy Species	Density	Avg. Height	Size	area of brushy immature JP on the north edge of Range 8. The stand				
	Red Maple	1	Sapling	2		Shee	p Laurel	High	< 5 feet	Tall Shrub	encompasses a mosaic of upland, transition, and lowland ground. Post-				
	Jack Pine	95	Sapling	1	8	Lea	therleaf	Low	< 5 feet	Tall Shrub	harvest JP regen is patchy (ranging from LDT to J3) but averages within the forested benchmark. Spruce is seeding in along the swamp edge.				
	Black Spruce	4	Sapling	1			k Pine	Low	< 5 feet	Seeding	the forested benchmark. Sprace is seeding in along the swamp edge.				
						Common Lov	wbush Bluebe	rry Medium	< 5 feet	Tall Shrub					
						Blac	k Cherry	Trace	5 - 10 feet	Tall Shrub					
5	6126 - Lowla	and Jack P		Sapling		7.6	28	1-50	N/A		Was within stand 12's harvest, cut 2"+ DBH spring of 1996 (#002-96). On low and transition ground with sheep laurel & leatherleaf. Colonizing				
	Canopy Species	% Cover			Age		opy Species		Avg. Height	Size	JP & spruce has shifted the cover type from treed bog to forested.				
	Jack Pine	90	Sapling/Pole	4	28	Lea	therleaf	Medium	< 5 feet	Tall Shrub					
	Black Spruce	10	Sapling/Pole	2		Shee	p Laurel	High	< 5 feet	Tall Shrub					
6	6126 - Lowla			Sapling		2.2	28	1-50	N/A		Was within stand 12's harvest, cut 2"+ DBH spring of 1996 (#002-96). On low and transition ground with sheep laurel & leatherleaf. Colonizing				
	Canopy Species	% Cover	Size Class	DBH	Age	Sub-Can	opy Species	Density	Avg. Height	Size	JP & spruce has shifted the cover type from treed bog to forested.				
	Jack Pine	85	Sapling/Pole	3	28	Lea	therleaf	Medium	< 5 feet	Tall Shrub					
	Black Spruce	15	Sapling/Pole	2		Shee	p Laurel	High	< 5 feet	Tall Shrub					

Grayling Mgt. Unit

Report 7 - Stands



Stand	d Level 4 C	over Type		Size De	nsity	Acres	Stand Age	BA Range	Managed S	Site	General Comments
7	6126 - Low	and Jack P	ine	Sapling	Poor	1.7	28	1-50	N/A		Was within stand 12's harvest, cut 2"+ DBH spring of 1996 (#002-96).
	Canopy Species	% Cover	Size Class	DBH	Age	Sub-Ca	nopy Specie	es Density	Avg. Height	Size	On low and transition ground with sheep laurel & leatherleaf. Colonizing JP & spruce has shifted the cover type from treed bog to forested.
	Jack Pine	90	Sapling/Pole	4	28	She	ep Laurel	High	< 5 feet	Tall Shrub	
	Black Spruce	10	Sapling/Pole	2		Lea	atherleaf	Medium	< 5 feet	Tall Shrub	
						Blac	ck Cherry	Trace	5 - 10 feet	Tall Shrub	
8	310 - Herbac	eous Open	land	Nonsto	cked	12.7	0	Unspecified	No		Mowed fuelbreaks with occasional NPO & RP.
9	3302 - Low Der	nsity Conife	r Trees	Nonsto	cked	16.0		Unspecified	No		Was part of stand 12, set back by burning. JP & NPO have been recolonizing the burn area, part of which is now being maintained open by mowing.
10	710 - \$	Sand, Soil		Nonsto	cked	8.9	0	Unspecified	No		Down range sand berm.
11	310 - Herbad	eous Open	land	Nonsto	cked	72.9		Unspecified	No		Range 8 fan. Mowed opening with NPO, BC & JP scattered along the perimeter.
12	42220 - Nat	ural Jack P	ine	Sapling		136.4	28	1-50	N/A		Natural JP stand was cut 2"+ DBH in spring 1996 (#002-96) except for two red-line excluded patches of sparse JP in the far SW & NE.
	Canopy Species	% Cover	Size Class	DBH	Age	Sub-Ca	nopy Specie	es Density	Avg. Height	Size	Regenerated to dense JP cover with NPO, WO and traces of RP, WP &
	White Pine	1	Pole/Sapling	7		Blac	ck Cherry	Low	5 - 10 feet	Tall Shrub	
	Red Maple	1	Sapling	2	28						the oak hills. Most of the oak occurs on the stand's SE edge bordering the hills. There is some transition ground on the NW edge by the treed
	Northern Pin Oak	9	Sapling/Pole		28						bog stands. Cleared fuelbreaks are being maintained open through
	Red Pine	1	Pole	8							mowing. The widest fuelbreak was split out as stand 20.
	Jack Pine	85	Sapling/Pole	_	28						
	White Oak	3	Sapling/Pole	2	28						



Stand	Level 4 Co	ver Type	Si	ze De	nsity	Acres	Stand Age I	BA Range	Managed S	Site	General Comments
13	3303 - Mixed Lo	w Density	Trees N	lonsto	cked	50.3	0 ι	Jnspecified	4191 - Mixed Deciduous wit		This north half of parent stand 16 was final harvested by Jan 2020 (#61 16), cutting trees 2"+ DBH except RP & WP. Cover does not yet meet
						Sub-Ca	nopy Species	Density	Avg. Height	Size	the Forested benchmark because the seedling class (<3' tall) cannot be counted toward canopy cover. The stand has a mix of residual and reg
						R	ed Pine	Trace	>20 feet	Log	from the cut. Most of the residual is pockets of RP poles. The flats on
						WI	nite Oak	Trace	< 5 feet	Sapling	the north side have RP & JP seeding in; the oak regen there is not
						Ja	ck Pine	Trace	< 5 feet	Seeding	secure, generally below 3' tall. Regen on the hilltop in the south end is
						Wit	ch Hazel	Low	< 5 feet	Tall Shrub	seeing the heaviest deer browse. Browse is lightest on the steep hillsic the RM, BTA & stump-origin oak is recruiting there. The stand's seed-
						R	ed Pine	Trace	< 5 feet	Seeding	origin WO is unlikely to recruit due to repeated browsing. On Grayling
						Blac	ck Cherry	Low	5 - 10 feet	Tall Shrub	sands.
						Re	d Maple	Low	< 5 feet	Seeding	
						R	ed Pine	Low	>20 feet	Pole	
						R	ed Oak	Trace	5 - 10 feet	Sapling	
						R	ed Pine	Trace	10 - 20 feet	Sapling	
						Bigto	oth Aspen	Low	5 - 10 feet	Sapling	
						WI	nite Oak	Low	< 5 feet	Seeding	
						Re	d Maple	Low	5 - 10 feet	Sapling	
4	110 - Low In	tensity Ur	ban N	lonsto	cked	31.1	l	Jnspecified	No		Range facilities and cleared corridor along the fence, maintained open through mowing, with scattered oak and pine.
5	4122 - 0	Oak, Pine	Sawt	imber	Medium	1 23.8	111	51-80	N/A		Stand occupies a dry south aspect overlooking Howe Rd and range facilities. On Grayling sands. Terrain becomes increasingly steep
	Canopy Species	~ .									
	anopy species	% Cover	Size Class	DBH	Age	Sub-Ca	nopy Species	Density	Avg. Height	Size	
	Jack Pine	% Cover	Pole	DBH	Age 62		nopy Species ch Hazel	Density Trace	Avg. Height 5 - 10 feet	Size Tall Shrub	moving west. The oak canopy has open-grown form. Cover varies will slope position: BRO occurs mostly on the hilltop, WO increases moving
				_		Wit					moving west. The oak canopy has open-grown form. Cover varies will slope position: BRO occurs mostly on the hilltop, WO increases movidownslope, and the NPO is concentrated on the south edge flats. JP
No	Jack Pine	20	Pole	8		Wit	ch Hazel	Trace	5 - 10 feet	Tall Shrub	moving west. The oak canopy has open-grown form. Cover varies will slope position: BRO occurs mostly on the hilltop, WO increases moving downslope, and the NPO is concentrated on the south edge flats. JP RP increase on the lower slopes also. There is full cover in advanced
No	Jack Pine orthern Pin Oak	20	Pole Pole/Log/XLog	8		Wit WI Northe	ch Hazel nite Oak	Trace Medium	5 - 10 feet 5 - 10 feet	Tall Shrub	moving west. The oak canopy has open-grown form. Cover varies will slope position: BRO occurs mostly on the hilltop, WO increases moving downslope, and the NPO is concentrated on the south edge flats. JP RP increase on the lower slopes also. There is full cover in advanced oak regen under the JP in the middle of the stand but only trace to low amounts under the oak canopy. The oldest JP & NPO have been
No	Jack Pine orthern Pin Oak /Red (Hybrid) Oak	20 20 20	Pole Pole/Log/XLog Log/XLog	8 8 16		Wit WI Northe Ja	ch Hazel nite Oak ern Pin Oak	Trace Medium Low	5 - 10 feet 5 - 10 feet Variable	Tall Shrub Sapling Sapling	moving west. The oak canopy has open-grown form. Cover varies will slope position: BRO occurs mostly on the hilltop, WO increases moving downslope, and the NPO is concentrated on the south edge flats. JP RP increase on the lower slopes also. There is full cover in advanced oak regen under the JP in the middle of the stand but only trace to low amounts under the oak canopy. The oldest JP & NPO have been dropping out. The NPO canopy is now represented more by the young
No	Jack Pine orthern Pin Oak /Red (Hybrid) Oak Red Maple	20 20 20 5	Pole/Log/XLog Log/XLog Pole/Sapling	8 8 16 6 13		Wit WI Northe Ja Blad	ch Hazel nite Oak ern Pin Oak ck Pine	Trace Medium Low Low	5 - 10 feet 5 - 10 feet Variable Variable	Tall Shrub Sapling Sapling Sapling	moving west. The oak canopy has open-grown form. Cover varies wit slope position: BRO occurs mostly on the hilltop, WO increases movir downslope, and the NPO is concentrated on the south edge flats. JP of RP increase on the lower slopes also. There is full cover in advanced oak regen under the JP in the middle of the stand but only trace to low amounts under the oak canopy. The oldest JP & NPO have been dropping out. The NPO canopy is now represented more by the young age class of pole-log NPO than by the mature log-xlog class. The canopy is dotted with openings from ground-disturbing activity before to
No Black	Jack Pine orthern Pin Oak //Red (Hybrid) Oak Red Maple Red Pine White Oak 4126 - White, B	20 20 20 5 10 25	Pole Pole/Log/XLog Log/XLog Pole/Sapling Log/Pole Log/Pole/XLog	8 8 16 6 13 13	62 1111 er Well	With Will Norther James Black Ro	ch Hazel nite Oak ern Pin Oak ck Pine ck Cherry ed Pine	Trace Medium Low Low Trace Trace	5 - 10 feet 5 - 10 feet Variable Variable Variable Variable N/A	Tall Shrub Sapling Sapling Sapling Tall Shrub Sapling	moving west. The oak canopy has open-grown form. Cover varies wit slope position: BRO occurs mostly on the hilltop, WO increases movin downslope, and the NPO is concentrated on the south edge flats. JP & RP increase on the lower slopes also. There is full cover in advanced oak regen under the JP in the middle of the stand but only trace to low amounts under the oak canopy. The oldest JP & NPO have been dropping out. The NPO canopy is now represented more by the young age class of pole-log NPO than by the mature log-xlog class. The canopy is dotted with openings from ground-disturbing activity before the range was fenced in. Fair-quality BRO, with WO, RM, sub-acre BTA clones, and RP of all
No Black	Jack Pine orthern Pin Oak //Red (Hybrid) Oak Red Maple Red Pine White Oak 4126 - White, B	20 20 20 5 10 25	Pole Pole/Log/XLog Log/XLog Pole/Sapling Log/Pole Log/Pole/XLog	8 8 16 6 13 13 wtimb	111	With Will Norther Ja Black Ro	ch Hazel nite Oak ern Pin Oak ck Pine ck Cherry ed Pine 111 nopy Species	Trace Medium Low Low Trace Trace Trace 111-140 S Density	5 - 10 feet 5 - 10 feet Variable Variable Variable Variable Variable N/A Avg. Height	Tall Shrub Sapling Sapling Sapling Tall Shrub Sapling	moving west. The oak canopy has open-grown form. Cover varies with slope position: BRO occurs mostly on the hilltop, WO increases moving downslope, and the NPO is concentrated on the south edge flats. JP & RP increase on the lower slopes also. There is full cover in advanced oak regen under the JP in the middle of the stand but only trace to low amounts under the oak canopy. The oldest JP & NPO have been dropping out. The NPO canopy is now represented more by the young age class of pole-log NPO than by the mature log-xlog class. The canopy is dotted with openings from ground-disturbing activity before trange was fenced in. Fair-quality BRO, with WO, RM, sub-acre BTA clones, and RP of all sizes. The BRO has more in the pole class than is typical in the compartment. The WO is heavy to narrow-crowned poles. Most of the
No Black	Jack Pine orthern Pin Oak /Red (Hybrid) Oak Red Maple Red Pine White Oak 4126 - White, B Canopy Species orthern Pin Oak	20 20 20 5 10 25	Pole Pole/Log/XLog Log/XLog Pole/Sapling Log/Pole Log/Pole/XLog in Oak Sav Size Class Log/XLog	8 8 16 6 13 13 wtimb DBH	62 1111 er Well	With Will Norther Ja Blace Re 58.9 Sub-Ca Will	ch Hazel nite Oak ern Pin Oak ck Pine ck Cherry ed Pine 111 nopy Species nite Oak	Trace Medium Low Low Trace Trace	5 - 10 feet 5 - 10 feet Variable Variable Variable Variable N/A Avg. Height < 5 feet	Tall Shrub Sapling Sapling Sapling Tall Shrub Sapling	moving west. The oak canopy has open-grown form. Cover varies will slope position: BRO occurs mostly on the hilltop, WO increases moving downslope, and the NPO is concentrated on the south edge flats. JP RP increase on the lower slopes also. There is full cover in advanced oak regen under the JP in the middle of the stand but only trace to low amounts under the oak canopy. The oldest JP & NPO have been dropping out. The NPO canopy is now represented more by the young age class of pole-log NPO than by the mature log-xlog class. The canopy is dotted with openings from ground-disturbing activity before trange was fenced in. Fair-quality BRO, with WO, RM, sub-acre BTA clones, and RP of all sizes. The BRO has more in the pole class than is typical in the compartment. The WO is heavy to narrow-crowned poles. Most of the stand is on Grayling sands, with a few acres of Graycalm-Grayling sands.
No Black	Jack Pine orthern Pin Oak //Red (Hybrid) Oak Red Maple Red Pine White Oak 4126 - White, B Canopy Species orthern Pin Oak Red Maple	20 20 20 5 10 25	Pole Pole/Log/XLog Log/XLog Pole/Sapling Log/Pole Log/Pole/XLog in Oak Sav Size Class Log/XLog Pole/Sapling	8 8 16 6 13 13 wtimb DBH 17 6	111 er Well	With Will Norther Ja Blace Re 58.9 Sub-Ca Will	ch Hazel nite Oak ern Pin Oak ck Pine ck Cherry ed Pine 111 nopy Species	Trace Medium Low Low Trace Trace Trace 111-140 S Density	5 - 10 feet 5 - 10 feet Variable Variable Variable Variable Variable N/A Avg. Height	Tall Shrub Sapling Sapling Sapling Tall Shrub Sapling	moving west. The oak canopy has open-grown form. Cover varies will slope position: BRO occurs mostly on the hilltop, WO increases moving downslope, and the NPO is concentrated on the south edge flats. JP RP increase on the lower slopes also. There is full cover in advanced oak regen under the JP in the middle of the stand but only trace to low amounts under the oak canopy. The oldest JP & NPO have been dropping out. The NPO canopy is now represented more by the young age class of pole-log NPO than by the mature log-xlog class. The canopy is dotted with openings from ground-disturbing activity before trange was fenced in. Fair-quality BRO, with WO, RM, sub-acre BTA clones, and RP of all sizes. The BRO has more in the pole class than is typical in the compartment. The WO is heavy to narrow-crowned poles. Most of the stand is on Grayling sands, with a few acres of Graycalm-Grayling sar in the NE. The most-suppressed oak poles are dropping out. On the
No Black	Jack Pine orthern Pin Oak //Red (Hybrid) Oak Red Maple Red Pine White Oak 4126 - White, B Canopy Species orthern Pin Oak Red Maple //Red (Hybrid) Oak	20 20 20 5 10 25	Pole Pole/Log/XLog Log/XLog Pole/Sapling Log/Pole Log/Pole/XLog rin Oak Sar Size Class Log/XLog Pole/Sapling Log/Pole	8 8 16 6 13 13 wtimb DBH 17 6	111 er Well	With Will Norther Ja Black Ro	ch Hazel nite Oak ern Pin Oak ck Pine ck Cherry ed Pine 111 nopy Species nite Oak	Trace Medium Low Low Trace Trace 111-140 Density Trace	5 - 10 feet 5 - 10 feet Variable Variable Variable Variable N/A Avg. Height < 5 feet	Tall Shrub Sapling Sapling Sapling Tall Shrub Sapling	moving west. The oak canopy has open-grown form. Cover varies will slope position: BRO occurs mostly on the hilltop, WO increases moving downslope, and the NPO is concentrated on the south edge flats. JP RP increase on the lower slopes also. There is full cover in advanced oak regen under the JP in the middle of the stand but only trace to low amounts under the oak canopy. The oldest JP & NPO have been dropping out. The NPO canopy is now represented more by the young age class of pole-log NPO than by the mature log-xlog class. The canopy is dotted with openings from ground-disturbing activity before trange was fenced in. Fair-quality BRO, with WO, RM, sub-acre BTA clones, and RP of all sizes. The BRO has more in the pole class than is typical in the compartment. The WO is heavy to narrow-crowned poles. Most of the stand is on Grayling sands, with a few acres of Graycalm-Grayling sar in the NE. The most-suppressed oak poles are dropping out. On the stand's sheltered north aspect, the proportion in BRO increases. WO
No Black	Jack Pine orthern Pin Oak //Red (Hybrid) Oak Red Maple Red Pine White Oak 4126 - White, B Canopy Species orthern Pin Oak Red Maple //Red (Hybrid) Oak igtooth Aspen	20 20 20 5 10 25	Pole Pole/Log/XLog Log/XLog Pole/Sapling Log/Pole Log/Pole/XLog in Oak Sav Size Class Log/XLog Pole/Sapling Log/Pole Log/Pole	8 8 16 6 13 13 wtimb DBH 17 6 11 12	111 er Well	With Will Norther Ja Black Ro	ch Hazel nite Oak ern Pin Oak ck Pine ck Cherry ed Pine 111 nopy Species nite Oak ed Pine	Trace Medium Low Low Trace Trace 111-140 Density Trace Trace	5 - 10 feet 5 - 10 feet Variable Variable Variable Variable Variable N/A Avg. Height < 5 feet Variable	Sapling Sapling Sapling Sapling Tall Shrub Sapling Sapling Sapling Sapling Size Seeding Sapling	moving west. The oak canopy has open-grown form. Cover varies will slope position: BRO occurs mostly on the hilltop, WO increases moving downslope, and the NPO is concentrated on the south edge flats. JP RP increase on the lower slopes also. There is full cover in advanced oak regen under the JP in the middle of the stand but only trace to low amounts under the oak canopy. The oldest JP & NPO have been dropping out. The NPO canopy is now represented more by the youn age class of pole-log NPO than by the mature log-xlog class. The canopy is dotted with openings from ground-disturbing activity before range was fenced in. Fair-quality BRO, with WO, RM, sub-acre BTA clones, and RP of all sizes. The BRO has more in the pole class than is typical in the compartment. The WO is heavy to narrow-crowned poles. Most of the stand is on Grayling sands, with a few acres of Graycalm-Grayling sar in the NE. The most-suppressed oak poles are dropping out. On the stand's sheltered north aspect, the proportion in BRO increases. WO increases on the drier south aspects, where the tree cover is shorter in general. Most of the xlog oak is on the south margin but there wasn't
Black	Jack Pine orthern Pin Oak //Red (Hybrid) Oak Red Maple Red Pine White Oak 4126 - White, B Canopy Species orthern Pin Oak Red Maple //Red (Hybrid) Oak	20	Pole Pole/Log/XLog Log/XLog Pole/Sapling Log/Pole Log/Pole/XLog rin Oak Sar Size Class Log/XLog Pole/Sapling Log/Pole	8 8 16 6 13 13 wtimb DBH 17 6	111 er Well	With Will Norther Ja Black Ro	ch Hazel nite Oak ern Pin Oak ck Pine ck Cherry ed Pine 111 nopy Species nite Oak ed Pine	Trace Medium Low Low Trace Trace 111-140 Density Trace Trace	5 - 10 feet 5 - 10 feet Variable Variable Variable Variable Variable N/A Avg. Height < 5 feet Variable	Sapling Sapling Sapling Sapling Tall Shrub Sapling Sapling Sapling Sapling Size Seeding Sapling	moving west. The oak canopy has open-grown form. Cover varies will slope position: BRO occurs mostly on the hilltop, WO increases moving downslope, and the NPO is concentrated on the south edge flats. JP RP increase on the lower slopes also. There is full cover in advanced oak regen under the JP in the middle of the stand but only trace to low amounts under the oak canopy. The oldest JP & NPO have been dropping out. The NPO canopy is now represented more by the young age class of pole-log NPO than by the mature log-xlog class. The canopy is dotted with openings from ground-disturbing activity before trange was fenced in. Fair-quality BRO, with WO, RM, sub-acre BTA clones, and RP of all sizes. The BRO has more in the pole class than is typical in the compartment. The WO is heavy to narrow-crowned poles. Most of the stand is on Grayling sands, with a few acres of Graycalm-Grayling sar in the NE. The most-suppressed oak poles are dropping out. On the stand's sheltered north aspect, the proportion in BRO increases. WO increases on the drier south aspects, where the tree cover is shorter in



Stand Level 4 C	Level 4 Cover Type Size Density Acres Stand Age BA Range Managed Site		Site	General Comments						
17 4199 - Other Mixe	ed Upland D	eciduous	Sapling	g Well	11.0	15	Immature	N/A		Mature oak cover was cut Feb 2009 (#635-07), merch stems except RP
Canopy Species	% Cover	Size Class	DBH	l Age	Sub-Car	nopy Species	s Density	Avg. Height	Size	& WP. Most of the stand is on Graycalm-Grayling sands. Regenerated to RM, BTA, and a secure oak component. The BRO regen is stump-
Red Maple	50	Sapling	2	15	Blac	ck Cherry	Low	10 - 20 feet	Tall Shrub	origin and competitive with the RM-BTA. The WO is more in single-
White Oak	5	Sapling	1		Wite	ch Hazel	Low	5 - 10 feet	Tall Shrub	stems than stump-origin, is shorter yet still secure from deer browse. There are traces of residual pole RM & WO. RP residual from the cut is
Red Pine	3	Pole/Log	9							mainly in the SE arm. Last YOE inventory noted only light browse on the
Bigtooth Aspen	27	Sapling	2	15						regen in this stand, while the adjacent mature oak stands had heavy deer
Black/Red (Hybrid) Oak	15	Sapling	3	15						use focused on the previous fall's good acorn crop.
18 310 - Herbac	ceous Open	lland	Nonsto	ocked	12.3	0 (Unspecified	No		Was part of the Range 5 Oak harvest, cut Feb 2009 (#635-07). Subsequently maintained open around a range observation tower. Residual RP are scattered within the west edge.
19 4199 - Other Mixe	ed Upland D	eciduous S	apling I	Medium	31.7	15	Immature	N/A		Mature oak cover was cut Feb 2009 (#635-07), merch stems except RP-
Canopy Species	% Cover	Size Class	DBH	l Age	Sub-Car	nopy Species	s Density	Avg. Height	Size	WP and an acre retention island (in the SE). Most of the stand is on Graycalm-Grayling sands. Regen from the cut includes RM, oak and
Red Maple	50	Sapling	2	15		nite Oak	Low	< 5 feet	Sapling	aspen, with scattered residual RP, WP, and pole RM. The stump-origin
White Oak	14	Sapling	1		Blac	ck Cherry	Low	10 - 20 feet	Tall Shrub	oak (mainly BRO) is competitive with the RM-BTA. The WO is mainly
Bigtooth Aspen	15	Sapling	2	15	Wite	ch Hazel	Low	5 - 10 feet	Tall Shrub	single-stem origin, is shorter (7-10' tall) yet secure, and occurs in dense patches in the S1/3 of the stand; most of the BTA occurs there also. The
Black/Red (Hybrid) Oak	3	Log/XLog	14	109					*	S1/3 has 75-100% canopy closure, the NE & NW are in the 50-75%
White Oak	1	Log	11							range, and the middle of the stand drops into the 25-50% category where
Black/Red (Hybrid) Oak	10	Sapling	3	15						the pre-harvest canopy had been gappy. The proportion in oak vs RM increases in those lower-stocked areas. Last YOE inventory noted only
Northern Pin Oak	5	Sapling	3	15						light browse on the regen in this stand, while the adjacent mature oak
Red Pine	2	Log/Pole/Sap	10							stands had heavy deer use focused on the previous fall's good acorn crop.
20 4126 - White, I	Black, N. Pi	in Oak S	awtimb	er Well	77.4	107	111-140	N/A		Mixed oak stand on gently-rolling terrain. The best site quality is in the
Canopy Species	% Cover	Size Class	DBH	l Age	Sub-Car	nopy Species	s Density	Avg. Height	Size	NE on Graylcalm-Grayling sands, and along Murphy Road. Moving west, heights & diameters decrease on the Grayling sands. The proportion in
Red Maple	7	Pole/Sap/Log	6			ed Pine	Trace	Variable	Sapling	WO increases on the drier south aspects. The WO is heavy to narrow-
White Oak	25	Pole/Log/XLog	9		Wh	nite Pine	Trace	Variable	Sapling	crowned poles. The most suppressed oak poles have been dropping
Bigtooth Aspen	4	Log/XLog/Pole	9 14		Re	d Maple	Trace	Variable	Sapling	out. The traces of surviving NPO are on the perimeter flats and interior valleys. Small clumps of overmature BTA are scattered across the
Northern Pin Oak	3	Log/XLog	13		Wite	ch Hazel	Trace	5 - 10 feet	Tall Shrub	stand. The RM is suppressed, with more representation by BA than
Red Pine	1	Pole/Log/XLog	9 8		Wh	nite Oak	Low	< 5 feet	Seeding	canopy % due to low crown position. There are traces of RP & WP in the
Black/Red (Hybrid) Oak	60	Log/Pole/XLog	12	107						canopy & subcanopy. Very open below except for witch hazel and occasional RM, WP & RP saplings. The WO seedling layer is heavily browsed.
21 3301 - Low Dens	ity Deciduo	us Trees	Nonsto	ocked	23.8	0 (Unspecified	No		Part of a larger area cut fall 2009 to Jan 2010 (#623-06), merch except RP, WP & green-marked trees. Contract was modified to facilitate ISBC range construction, with additional oak & RM marked to leave. This NF portion on the hilltop contains most of the ISBC developments. The area is maintained open through mowing. Residual RM, oak & RP are scattered across the opening.
22 310 - Herbac	ocked	3.1	0 (Unspecified	No		This former decking area was part of stand 23's 2010 harvest. Is being maintained open through mowing around the scattered RP and patches of oak & BC regen			



										DNR	
Stand Level 4 Co		Size De	ensity	Acres	Stand Age B	BA Range	Managed S	Site	General Comments		
23 4199 - Other Mixed	d Upland D	Deciduous S	Sapling	Medium	137.3	14	1-50	N/A		Mature oak cover was cut by Jan 2010 (#623-06), merch except RP, WP	
Canopy Species	% Cover	Size Class	DBH	l Age	Sub-Ca	nopy Species	Density	Avg. Height	Size	& green-marked trees. Contract was modified to facilitate ISBC range construction, with additional oak & RM marked to leave across the stand	
Red Pine	10	Pole/Sap/Log	9 8	68	Wit	ch Hazel	Low	5 - 10 feet	Tall Shrub	(the RM residual had to be merged into the 14-year old sapling canopy	
Red Maple	49	Sapling/Pole	2	14	Bla	ck Cherry	Low	Variable	Tall Shrub	record due to a MiFI limitation). Three islands in the SW (~6 ac. total)	
Black/Red (Hybrid) Oak	5	Log	13	111	Re	ed Maple	Low	< 5 feet	Seeding	had 30 BA in oak marked-to-leave already. The residual oak saw are epicormic branching. The residual RM poles have been top-dying and	
White Oak	15	Sapling	1		W	hite Oak	Low	< 5 feet	Seeding	basal sprouting. Three acres on the S edge were cut in Feb 2009 (#635-	
White Oak	5	Log	11	116						07). Regen from the cut is the featured canopy, with residual RP-O-RM-	
Bigtooth Aspen	5	Sapling	3	14						WP occupying a super-canopy layer above it. The regen is primarily RM, with good oak and minor BTA components. The stump-origin oak is	
Black/Red (Hybrid) Oak	10	Sapling	3	14						competitive with the RM. The WO sapling component is mostly single-	
White Pine	1	Log/Pole/Sap	11							stem in origin, shorter (6-10' tall) but secure, and growing in dense patches. The minor WO & RM seedling class is heavily browsed and	
	Pine, Oak			er Well			81-110	N/A		mine. Mixed pine-oak stand in a shallow valley, mostly on Grayling sands. Fire scarred legacy RP seeded in the stand's core cover. Scattered canopy	
Canopy Species		Size Class		l Age		nopy Species		Avg. Height	Size	WP and locally dense WP understory cover established from a couple of	
Red Maple	1	Pole/Sapling	_			hite Pine	Medium	Variable	Sapling	xxlog WP. The NPO has largely dropped out of the canopy. WO	
Black/Red (Hybrid) Oak	5	Log/XLog	14			ed Pine	Medium	Variable	Sapling	increases moving upslope, with BRO on the top edge. The JP is mostly on the stand's NW edge against the outwash plains. Recruitment of RP	
White Oak	20	Log/Pole/XLog	_	105	W	hite Oak	Trace	Variable	Sapling	& WP from the understory has been off-setting losses in the NPO.	
White Pine	5	Pole/Log	8								
Jack Pine	9	Pole/Log/Sap									
Red Pine	55	Pole/Log/XLog	-	62							
Northern Pin Oak	5	Log/Pole	12	101							
25 4126 - White, B	Black, N. P	in Oak S	Sawtimb	er Well	6.0	130	81-110	N/A		Narrow island of oak on an east aspect, surrounded by stand 26's 2010	
Canopy Species	% Cover	Size Class	DBH	l Age	Sub-Ca	nopy Species	Density	Avg. Height	Size	harvest. Individual dead stems (not pocket mortality) have been wind- throwing. The oak cored 20 years older than expected for this area. On	
Red Maple	10	Pole/Sapling	6		W	hite Oak	Low	5 - 10 feet	Sapling	Grayling sands.	
White Oak	35	Log/Pole	11		W	hite Oak	Medium	< 5 feet	Seeding		
Red Pine	1	Pole/Log/Sap	8							-	
Black/Red (Hybrid) Oak	53	Log/XLog	14	130							

White Pine

Pole/Sapling

1

6



Stand	nd Level 4 Cover Type Size Density				Acres Stand Age I	BA Range	Managed S	Site	General Comments					
26	4199 - Other Mixed	d Upland D	Deciduous Sa	pling l	Medium	228.3 14	1-50	N/A		Mature oak cover was harvested by late winter 2010 (#623-06), cutting				
	Canopy Species	% Cover	Size Class	DBH	l Age	Sub-Canopy Species	Density	Avg. Height	Size	merch stems except RP-WP and green-marked oak (22 acres with 30 BA oak saw residual in 5 islands, merged back into the parent stand). The				
	Red Pine	5	Pole/Log/Sap	8		Black Cherry	Low	5 - 10 feet	Tall Shrub					
	White Pine	5	Pole/Sap/Log	7		Witch Hazel	Low	5 - 10 feet	Tall Shrub	top-dying and basal sprouting; that pole material had to be merged into				
	Red Maple	20	Sapling/Pole	2	14	White Oak	Low	< 5 feet	Seeding	the 14-year old sapling canopy record due to a MiFI limitation. RP-WP o all sizes occur scattered across the stand and in dense pockets in the W				
Blac	ck/Red (Hybrid) Oak	10	Sapling	3	14					& N-center. Regen from the cut is the featured canopy and includes				
	Bigtooth Aspen	25	Sapling	2	14					variable distribution in oak, RM & BTA. The stump-origin oak is				
	White Oak	2	Log/XLog	14						competitive with the RM-A. The single-stem origin oak (mostly WO) is shorter (6-10' tall) but secure, and occurs in dense patches. Samples of				
Blac	k/Red (Hybrid) Oak	3	Log/XLog	16	110					that WO also aged to the harvest. The minor WO seedling class is				
١	Northern Pin Oak	5	Sapling	2	14					heavily browsed and unlikely to recruit. BTA increases moving upslope				
	White Oak	25	Sapling	1	14					to the east. The most concentrated RM cover is on the upper slopes and hilltop in the NE (on Graycalm-Grayling sands). The lower slopes to the				
		passes to the M-O-A-pine object							south aspects. Canopy closure is close to the 75-100% category. Rege passes to the M-O-A-pine objective. 2014 inventory of the regenerating stand noted that deer activity away from the swamp was very light during that deep-snow winter.					
27	110 - Low In	tensity Urb	oan N	Nonst	ocked	12.9 l	Jnspecified	No		UAC range facilities and improvements.				
28	4125 - Black	k, N. Pin O	oak Sa	wtimb	er Poor	10.0 106	1-50	N/A		This is the largest of the islands that were shelterwood harvested within stand 26 by Jan 2010 (#623-06), cutting merch stems except RP, WP &				
	Canopy Species	% Cover	Size Class	DBH	l Age	Sub-Canopy Species	Density	Avg. Height	Size	green-marked trees, cruised residual 30 BA. Canopy is mature BRO &				
	Red Maple	5	Pole	6		Red Maple	Medium	10 - 20 feet	Sapling	WO with traces of WP-RP. Regen from the cut includes BTA, dense				
Blac	k/Red (Hybrid) Oak	80	Log/XLog	14	106	Black/Red (Hybrid) Oak	k Low	10 - 20 feet	Sapling	pockets of single-stem WO, and stump-origin RM, BRO & WO. Aside from within a small burned area, the regen is well-established and				
	White Oak	15	Log/Pole	12		White Pine	Trace Medium	>20 feet	Pole	secure. The other smaller shelterwood islands are inclusions within parent stand 26. On Grayling sands.				
						White Oak		5 - 10 feet	Sapling					
						Bigtooth Aspen	Medium	>20 feet	Sapling					
29	4126 - White, B				er Well	81.0 110	111-140	N/A		Hybridized BRO, with WO, widely-scattered sub-acres patches of overmature BTA, and suppressed-intermediate RM. Little of that RM is				
	Canopy Species		Size Class	_	l Age	Sub-Canopy Species		Avg. Height	Size	seen from above. The WO has a saw component but it is heavier to				
	White Pine	1	Log/Pole	12		Red Pine	Trace	Variable	Sapling	small-crowned poles. The most suppressed oak poles have been				
	Red Pine	1	XLog/Log/Pole	18		White Pine	Trace	Variable	Sapling	dropping out. Open below with traces of WP, and localized RP regen around the scattered legacy RP. The stand has steep terrain at the north				
Blac	ck/Red (Hybrid) Oak		Log/Pole/XLog	12	110					end, then slopes gradually to the south. Tree quality is slightly better on				
	White Oak	20	Pole/Log/XLog	9						the hilltop and sheltered north aspect (on the Graycalm-Grayling sands				
	Bigtooth Aspen	3	Log/Pole	15						Stocking decreases and trees are shorter on the dry south aspect ar Grayling sands; epicormic branching and deadwood in the canopy a				
	Red Maple	5	Pole/Sap/Log	6						common. In the SW & SE peninsulas behind the ranges, canopy closu drops to 50-75%, tree form is more open-grown, and most of the xlog o (including traces of NPO) occurs there.				
30	3301 - Low Densit	y Deciduo	us Trees 1	Nonst	ocked	28.1 L	Jnspecified	No		Disturbed area behind ranges. BC with scattered open-grown oak, patches of immature RM & NPO, and traces of RP-WP. Strips maintained open through mowing.				



Stand	Stand Level 4 Cover Type 31 3302 - Low Density Conifer Trees		e S	Size Density Nonstocked		Acres	Stand Age	BA Range	Managed Site		General Comments		
31			er Trees			6.3	0	Unspecified	No		Was part of stand 33's harvest, cut merch except RP-WP by Jan 2011 (#623-06). Deer browse here on the flats by the spray fields largely eliminated regen from the cut, leaving only scattered residual pole-sapling WP, RP, JP, RM & WO cover that hasn't met the forested benchmark. E1/3 was used as a landing for stand 33's harvest and later for stand 37's.		
32	3302 - Low Dens	sity Conif	er Trees	Nonsto	ocked	2.4	0	Unspecified	No		Was part of stand 33's harvest, cut merch except RP-WP by Jan 2011 (#623-06). Cover on this exposed south aspect of Thompson Hill was lower pre-harvest and has been slow to fill in. There is scattered stumporigin RM-O regen from the cut and residual pole-sapling WP-RP.		
33	4311 - Pine	e, Aspen I	Mix Po	Poletimber Poo		r 32.7	50	1-50	N/A		Was part of stand 26's harvest, cut merch except RP-WP by Jan 2011		
(Canopy Species	% Cove	r Size Class	DBH	I Age	Sub-Ca	nopy Speci	es Density	Avg. Height	Size	(#623-06). The 2.5 acre RP plantation in the SW was thinned to 90 BA at the same time. Cover on this rolling to very steep terrain was lower		
	Red Maple	20	Sapling/Pole	2		Wit	ch Hazel	Trace	5 - 10 feet	Tall Shrub			
Black	/Red (Hybrid) Oak	5	Sapling	3	14			-	1	·	combination of residual and regen from the cut. The plantation		
	White Pine	25	Pole/Sap/Log	7	50						represents most of the stand's RP (PI age 77), but there are a few super- canopy RP in the SE and sapling RP scattered across the stand. There		
	White Oak	5	Sapling/Pole	3							is dense WP cover in the SE, with scattered stems elsewhere. Most of		
	Red Pine	25	Log/Pole/Sap	11	77						the BTA established on the steep north aspects. Secure oak regen		
В	igtooth Aspen	20	Sapling	2	14						increases in the W1/2. Stump-origin RM regen occurs throughout, along with scattered residual poles. On Graycalm-Grayling sands.		
34	4130 -	- Aspen	pen Poletimber Well			II 6.4	6.4 47 141-170				Hardwoods were cut merch in 1977 (#015-76) for a proposed sand pit expansion. Regen from the cut is now dense BTA pole cover with RM &		
C	Canopy Species	% Cove	r Size Class	DBH	I Age	Sub-Ca	nopy Speci	es Density	Avg. Height	Size	a minor but competitive oak component. The pole BRO is vigorous, right		
	White Oak	3	Log/Pole	10		Wit	ch Hazel	Trace	5 - 10 feet	Tall Shrub	up there with the aspen, and many of the stump-clumps have weeded		
В	igtooth Aspen	70	Pole/Log	8	47						down to two main stems. The cut left scattered residual oak that are now saw-sized. Aspen on the edge of small openings have shifted into the		
	Red Maple	20	Pole/Sapling	5	47						saw class. Former disturbed ground in those openings, otherwise the		
Black	/Red (Hybrid) Oak	7	Pole/Sap/Log	7							stand is on Graycalm-Grayling sands.		
35	4139 - Aspen, N	Mixed Dec	ciduous Sa	Sapling M		n 96.1	14	Immature	N/A		The south 2/3rds of the stand was cut by spring 2010, the north 1/3rd by Jan 2011 (#623-06), merch except RP & WP. Regen is predominantly		
(Canopy Species	% Cove	r Size Class	DBH	I Age	Sub-Ca	nopy Speci	es Density	Avg. Height	Size	BTA & stump-origin RM, with a minor but competitive stump-origin oak		
	Red Maple	35	Sapling/Pole	2	14	Bla	ck Cherry	Low	5 - 10 feet	Tall Shrub	component. Residual from the cut includes small pole RM & WO, and		
	White Oak	3	Sapling	3	14						widely-scattered legacy RP. Top-mortality and basal sprouting is common in the residual RM. Most of the WO poles have died. Canopy		
	Red Pine	1	Sapling/Pole/Lo	_							closure ranges from 75-100% in the BTA clones, 50-75% where RM		
	igtooth Aspen	50	Sapling	2	14						predominates, and 25-50% in the valleys where the proportion in oak		
Black	/Red (Hybrid) Oak	10	Sapling	3	14						increases. Terrain starts on a hilltop in the NE, then slopes down to the		
	White Pine	1	Pole/Sapling	7							N, W & S, on Graycalm-Grayling sands.		

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Stand	Level 4 Co	over Type	s	ize Density	Acres	Stand Age	BA Range	Managed S	Site	General Comments		
36	3301 - Low Densit	ty Deciduo	ous Trees 1	Nonstocked	46.4	0	Unspecified	4199 - Other Mix Deciduo	•	This portion of the larger stand 38 was final harvested by January 2020 (#638-18), cutting stems 2"+ DBH except pine and sub-merch A-O from		
					Sub-Ca	nopy Species	s Density	Avg. Height	Size	the 1997 thinning. Residual 27-year old RM & BTA regen from the thinning occurs in pockets; note that the RM canopy record for that		
					Bigto	oth Aspen	Trace	>20 feet	Sapling	component is Sapling-sized but had to be called Pole-sized in order to		
					Wh	nite Pine	Trace	>20 feet	Pole	overcome a Mifi "rule" that prevents listing the same species & size class		
					Re	ed Maple	Low	< 5 feet	Seeding	in separate records, even if they belong to entirely different age classes. Residual pole-sap RP & WP increase in the north. Regen from the 2020		
					Re	ed Maple	Low	>20 feet	Pole	harvest is entirely RM. Some of it is still in the seedling height range due		
					R	ed Pine	Trace	Variable	Sapling	to heavy browse. Most of it is recruiting, with deer damage limited to side		
					Wł	hite Pine	Trace	Variable	Sapling	pruning the outer sprouts in the stump-clump, allowing one or two interior		
					Re	ed Maple	Low	5 - 10 feet	Sapling	stems to shoot up. No live oak regen was encountered. Less than 20% of the cut oak stumps attempted to sprout. Those that did sprouted		
					R	ed Pine	Trace	>20 feet	Pole	weakly, were browsed, & died before getting above a foot tall. A lot of		
37	310 - Herbace	eous Oper	nland i	Nonstocked	12.5	0	Unspecified	4199 - Other Mix Deciduo		deer pellets throughout. Failed natural regen survey to M.O. of oak w/ RM-A-pine. Terrain starts on the hilltop in the south and slopes down to the north, on Graycalm-Grayling sands. This portion of the larger stand 38 was final harvested by January 2020 (#638-18), cutting stems 2"+ DBH except pine and sub-merch A-O from		
					Cub Co	nany Chasia	s Density	Avg. Height Size		the 1997 thinning. There are only traces of 27 year old residual regen		
					nom the thirming along with s					from the thinning along with scattered sap-pole WP. Almost none of the		
							Trace	< 5 feet	Seeding	oak stumps sprouted; those that did sprouted weakly & died. Only traces of RM from the 2020 harvest escaped browse on the steepest part of the		
						ed Maple hite Pine	Trace	>20 feet	Pole	hill. Most of the RM has been browse-killed; surviving seedling-height		
										RM is not likely to recruit. The stand occupies a steep north aspect and		
					Re	ed Maple	Trace	>20 feet	Sapling	the flats by the spray field, on Graycalm-Grayling sands.		
38	4125 - Black	k, N. Pin C	Dak Sa	wtimber Well	66.5	110	81-110	N/A		Mixed oak stand was thinned in 1997 (#004-96) by removing only the A-RM-RP (cruised residual 85 BA). Minimal growth response to the		
(Canopy Species		6 Cover Size Class DBH Age			nopy Species	s Density	Avg. Height	Size	thinning was noted last YOE. Epicormic branching and dead wood in the		
	Red Maple	2	Pole	6		ed Maple	Medium	>20 feet	Sapling	canopy are common. The most suppressed oak poles have been		
	White Oak	13	Pole/Log	9		oth Aspen	Low Proof Caping the			dropping out. Regen from the cut is stump-origin RM, locally full BTA in the east, and WP in the north. Terrain is rolling to steep, on Graycalm-		
Black	/Red (Hybrid) Oak	85	Log/Pole	11 110	Wh	nite Pine	Low	Variable	Sapling	Grayling sands.		
39	39 4125 - Black, N. Pin Oak Sawtimber Wel				43.6	110	111-140	N/A		BRO stand with WO, overmature BTA, & largely-suppressed RM. The largest BTA clone is in the SE; smaller clones are scattered interior. The		
(Canopy Species	% Cover	Size Class	DBH Age	Sub-Ca	nopy Species	s Density	Avg. Height	Size	WO tend to be narrow-crowned poles. The most suppressed oak have		
Black	/Red (Hybrid) Oak	75	Log/Pole	13 110	Re	ed Maple	Low	>20 feet	Sapling	been dropping out. There is a minor xlog oak component but not enough		
	Red Maple	3	Pole/Sap/Log	6						to split the size class to include it. The canopy dominants may withstand release but the typical codominant oak is small-crowned, epicormic		
Е	igtooth Aspen	15	Log/Pole	11						branching, with increasing dead wood up top. Terrain starts on a hilltop		
	White Oak	7	Pole/Log	9						branching, with increasing dead wood up top. Terrain starts on a h in the NW and slopes down to the S & E, on Graycalm-Grayling sar The NW 7 acres were part of stand 38's 1997 species-removal han the recorded RM subcanopy & traces of BTA are from that cut. The stand's SW edge picks up some 47-year old A-RM from stand 34's harvest.		



Stand	and Level 4 Cover Type			Size Density		Acres	Stand Age	BA Range	Managed S	Site	General Comments			
40		d Mixed Pine, Mixed		Sapling Poor		45.7	5	Immature	N/A		Mature oak stand was final harvested by Jan 2011 (#623-06), cutting merch stems except RP & WP. Residual from the cut includes widely-			
	Canopy Species	% Cover	Size Class	DBH A	ge	Sub-Car	nopy Specie	es Density	Avg. Height	Size	scattered super canopy pine, pole-sapling WP & RP (most in N1/3 of stand), 27 year old RM in the E1/2 from a 1997 thinning, and scattered			
	Red Pine	50	Sapling	1	5	Re	ed Pine	Mediun	< 5 feet	Seeding	oak poles. The stand occupies an east aspect overlooking the lake.			
	White Pine	17	Pole/Sapling	7				'	1		Aside from small patches of BTA that recruited in the stand's SW, the			
	White Oak	2	Pole	6							2011 regen was heavily browsed. 30 acres with the sparsest cover were trenched in 2016 (C72-781) & planted to RP in April 2017. Yr 1 regen			
	Red Pine	3	Log	16							survey in Oct 2018 found extensive deer browse on the planted RP, with			
	Red Maple	15	Pole/Sapling	5 2	27						78% mortality. Re-planted w/ top-pruned 4-0 bareroot RP in May 2019.			
	Bigtooth Aspen	13	Sapling	2	13						Yr 1 survey (DN) of re-plant found 30.3% mortality (669 tpa) & 91% FTG. Re-inventory found a majority of the planted RP on the hillsides with little			
											seedling mortality also coincide with the Grayling sands. Uphill on the Graycalm-Grayling sands, the subcanopy RP that is just under 3' appears likely to recruit into the canopy's sapling class. The M.O. of variable stocking in RM-A-O and natural & planted pine has been met across 70% of the treatment area, and additional replanting is not recommended. FTP is complete.			
41	110 - Low I	ntensity Ur	ban	Nonstock	ed	47.8	0	Unspecified	No		Cleared road & utilities corridors and range facilities within the fence. Maintained open through mowing, with scattered oak, pine & cherry.			
42	4123 -	Red Oak	S	Sawtimber	Well	87.8	128	111-140	N/A		Mature oak stand occupies rolling terrain that slopes down to the Bear Swamp and Lake Margrethe. Grayling sand is the typical upland soil.			
	Canopy Species	% Cover	Size Class	DBH A	ge	Sub-Car	nopy Specie	es Density	Avg. Height	Size	Canopy is primarily BRO, with WO, sub-acre overmature BTA clones, &			
	White Pine	5	Pole/Log/XLog	g 8		Wh	ite Pine	Mediun	n Variable	Sapling	suppressed RM. The most suppressed oak poles have been dying out.			
	Red Oak	68	Log/XLog/Pole		28						Epicormic branching and increasing deadwood are common in the oak canopy. The BTA is also declining. Scattered super-canopy WP (mostly			
	White Oak	15	Log/Pole/XLog	_							along the lake) have established patches of dense WP cover, some of it			
	Bigtooth Aspen	7	Log		03						recordable in the canopy. Full WP understory cover in the stand's N1/2			
	Red Maple	5	Pole/Sap/Log	9 6							decreases to low moving south, averages medium overall. Minor brar flagging in the densely-stocked WP regen. The stand has low ground inclusions by the Bear Swamp, on the north edge of Little Bear Point, around stand 44; WP & traces of hemlock, cedar and paper birch occurrence. The Rasmus Run fitness trail loops through the S1/2 of the standard paper birch occurrence.			
43	3302 - Low Der	nsity Conife	r Trees	Nonstock	ed	1.9		Unspecified	No		Frost pocket opening that has slowly been filling in with WP.			
44	6220 - A	Alder/willow	,	Nonstock	ed	2.6		Unspecified	No		Lowland shrub wetland that ties into the Lake Margrethe shoreline. Tag alder with scattered WP, NWC & black spruce.			