Hornyhead chub Nocomis biguttatus

Habitat:

feeding - adults: near riffles

- young: near vegetation

- clear water, does not tolerate turbidity

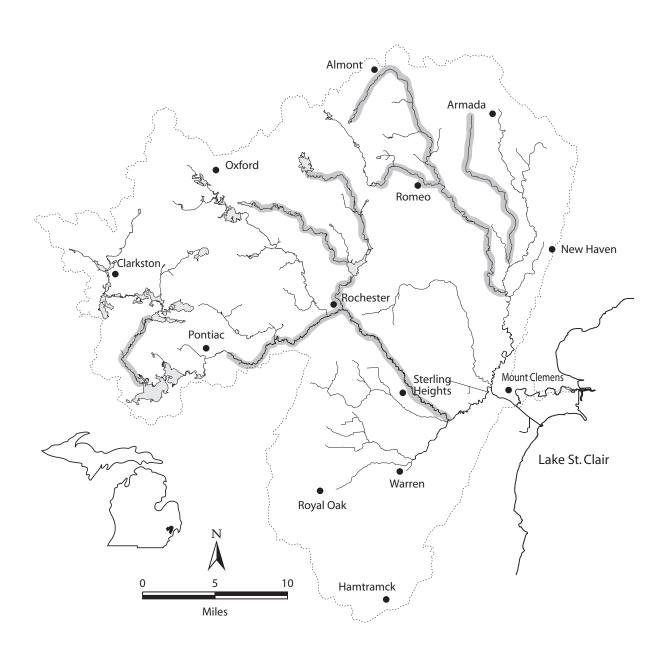
- gravel substrate

- low gradient streams that are tributaries to large streams

spawning - large stones and pebbles present

- often below a riffle in shallow water

- gravel substrate



Clinton River Assessment Appendix

River chub Nocomis micropogon

Habitat:

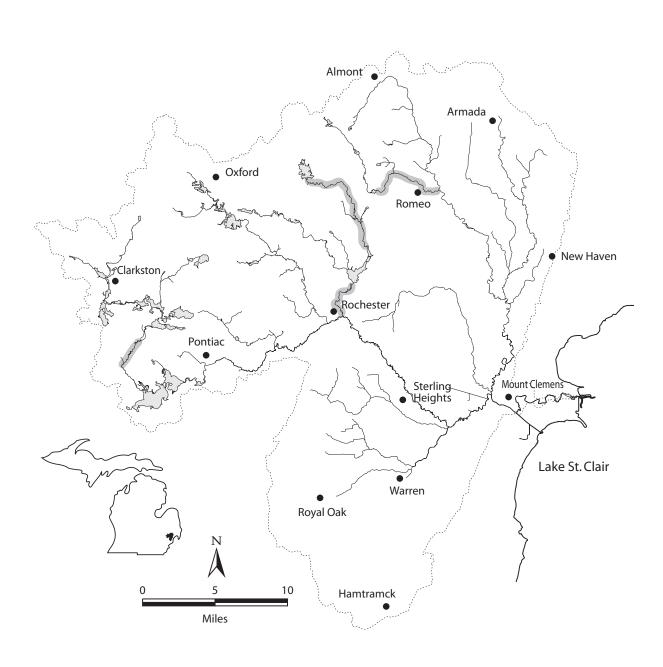
feeding - moderate to large streams

- moderate to high gradient

- gravel, boulder, or bedrock substrate

- little to no aquatic vegetation

- cannot tolerate turbidity or siltation



Golden shiner Notemigonus crysoleucas

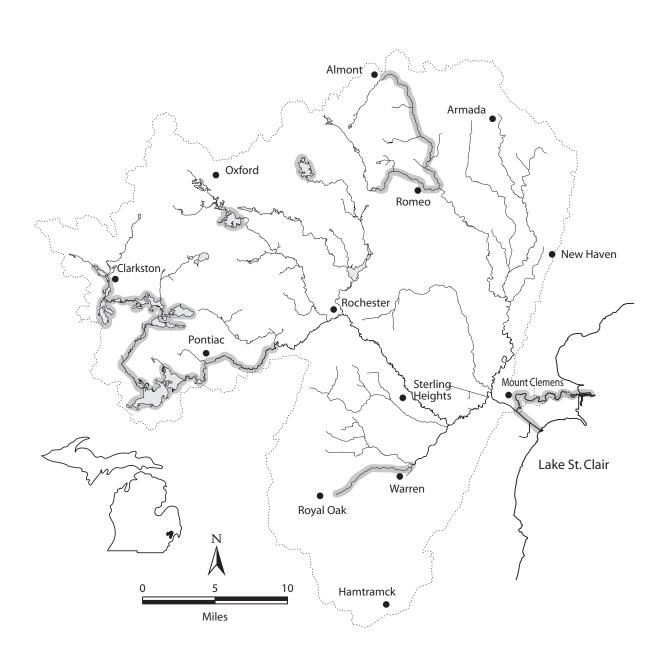
Habitat:

feeding - lakes and impoundments and quiet pools of low gradient streams

- clear shallow water

- heavy vegetation

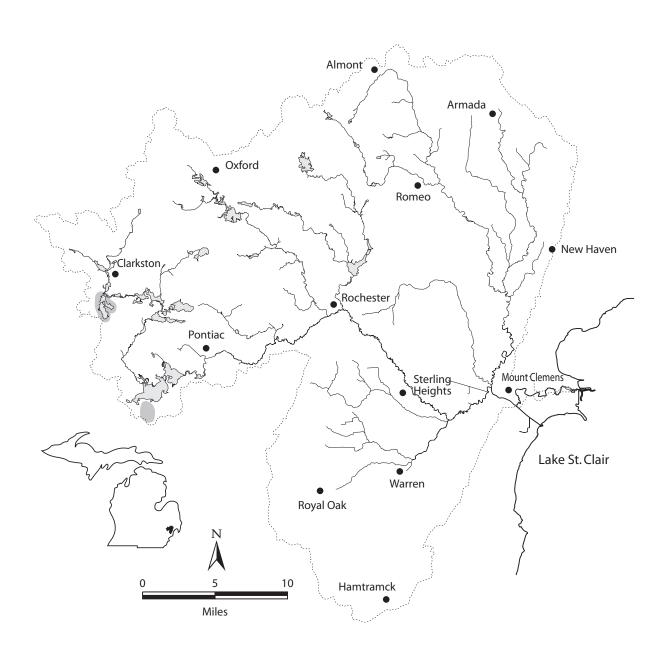
spawning - vegetation



Pugnose shiner *Notropis anogenus*

Habitat:

- feeding very clear water of lakes, impoundments, and low-gradient streams
 - aquatic vegetation
 - clean sand, marl, or organic debris substrate
 - extremely intolerant of turbidity



Emerald shiner *Notropis atherinoides*

Habitat:

feeding - open-large stream channels and lake

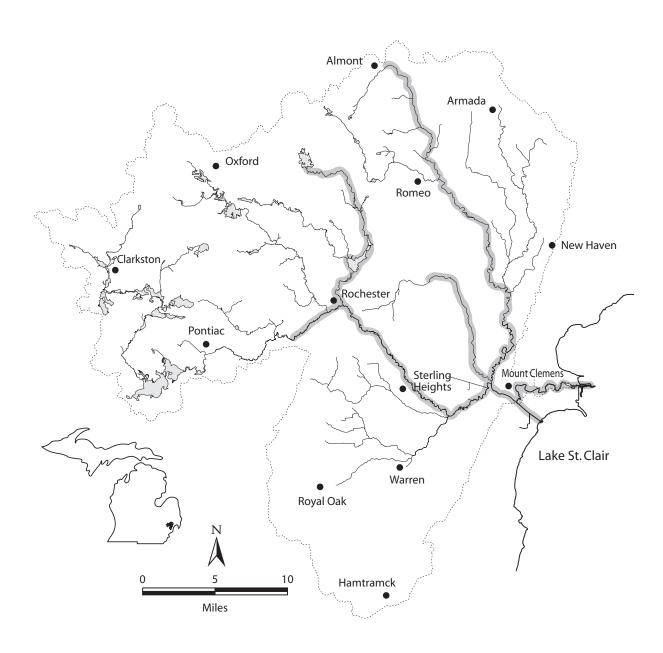
- low to moderate gradient

- range of turbidities and bottom types

- midwater or surface preferred, substrate of little importance

- avoids rooted vegetation

spawning - sand or firm mud substrate or gravel shoals



Clinton River Assessment Appendix

Bigmouth shiner *Notropis dorsalis*

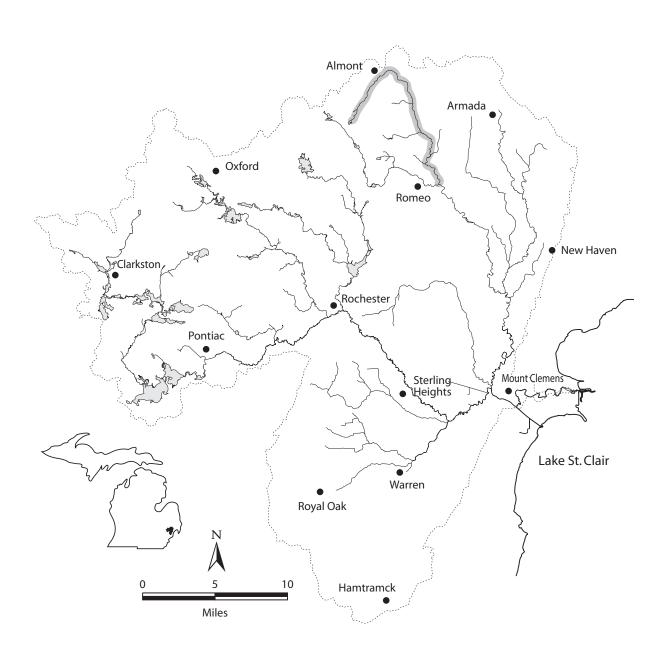
Habitat:

feeding - small clear streams

- good flows

- sand or gravel substrate

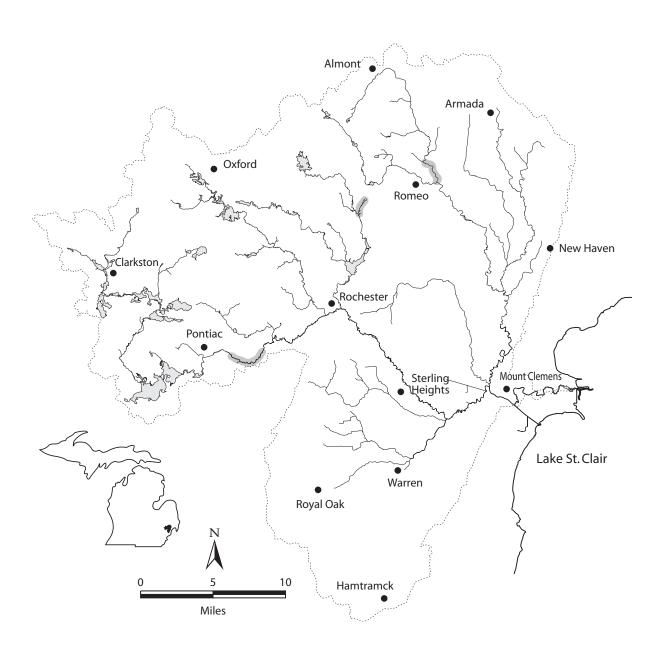
- open water, free from vegetation



Blackchin shiner Notropis heterodon

Habitat:

- feeding lakes, impoundments, and quiet pools in streams and rivers
 - clear water
 - clean sand, gravel, or organic debris substrate
 - dense beds of submerged aquatic vegetation
 - cannot tolerate turbidity, silt, or loss of aquatic vegetation

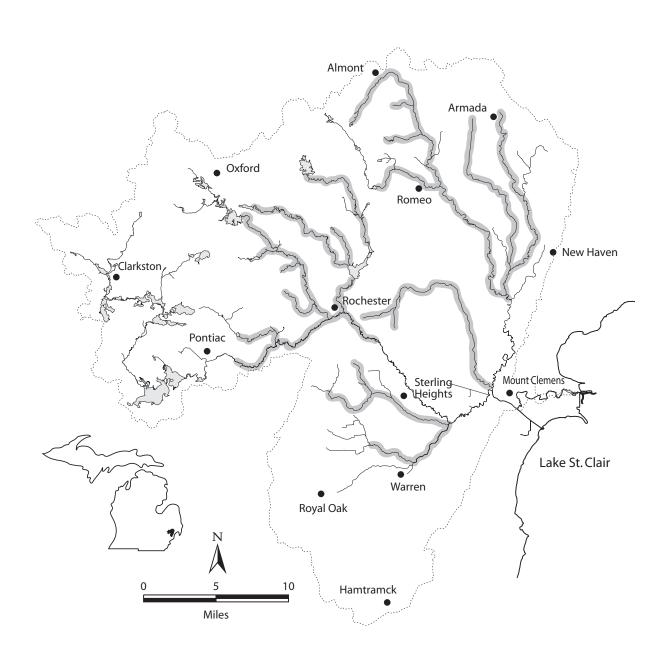


Blacknose shiner Notropis heterolepis

Habitat:

- feeding clear lakes, impoundments, and pools of small, clear, low-gradient streams
 - aquatic vegetation
 - clean sand, gravel, marl, muck, peat, or organic debris substrate
 - cannot tolerate much turbidity, much siltation, or loss of aquatic vegetation

spawning - sandy substrate



Spottail shiner *Notropis hudsonius*

Habitat:

feeding - large rivers, lakes, and impoundments

- firm sand and gravel substrate

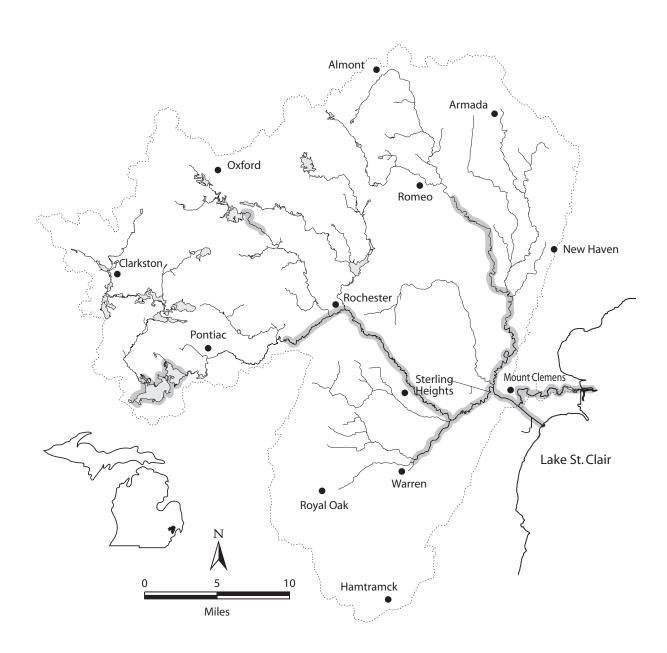
- low current

- sparse to moderate vegetation

- avoids turbidity

spawning - over sandy shoals or gravelly riffles

- near the mouths of small streams



Rosyface shiner *Notropis rubellus*

Habitat:

feeding - moderate sized streams

- moderate to high gradient

- gravel or sand substrate; intolerant of silt substrate

- clear water; intolerant of turbidity

spawning - on nests of hornyhead chub, chestnut lamprey, and redhorses

- sandy-gravel, gravel or bedrock substrate

- shallow high gradient water

